Syllabus

for Courses affiliated to the

Kerala University of Health Sciences
Thrissur 680596



SIDDHA MARUTHUVA ARIGNAR
(BACHELOR OF SIDDHA MEDICINE
AND SURGERY-B.S.M.S.)

Course Code 005

(2016-17 Academic year onwards)

2 COURSE CONTENT

2.1 Title of course:

Siddha Maruthuva Arignar (Bachelor of Siddha Medicine and Surgery-B.S.M.S.)

The candidate shall be awarded Siddha Maruthuva Arignar (Bachelor of Siddha Medicine and Surgery-B.S.M.S.) degree after passing all the examinations and completion of the course of study extending over the period and the compulsory rotatory internship extending over twelve months.

2.2 Objectives of course

The Bachelor of Siddha education should aim at producing graduates of profound scholarship having deep basis of Siddha with scientific knowledge in accordance with fundamentals with extensive practical training so as to become efficient teachers, research scholars, physicians and surgeons of Siddha system, fully competent to serve the healthcare services of the country.

2.3 Medium of instruction:

Medium of instruction shall be English (except for the Tamil Language Paper)

2.4 Course outline

Four and half years course plus one-year internship. 13 Departments and 19 subjects to be taught.

2.5 Duration

The duration of the course shall be five years and six months comprising:—

First Professional - Twelve months

Second Professional - Twelve months

Third Professional - Twelve months

Final Professional - Eighteen months

Compulsory Rotatory Internship - Twelve months.

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2.6 Subjects

Table 1

| Name of the subject | Number of hours of teaching | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| 98111 | Theory | Practical or Clinical | Total |
| 6 | | , , | 7 |
| First | | | < 1 |
| Professional | | | |
| 1 Siddha Maruthuya Adinpadai | | | -5- |
| Siddha Maruthuva Adippadai Thathuvangalum Varalarum [History and Fundamental Principles of | 150 | | 150 |
| Siddha | | | 4,0 |
| Medicine] | | | |
| Tamil Language applicable as per clauses (c) and (d) of regulation 2 relating to | 100 | | 100 |
| eligibility for | | | |
| admissi | | 100 | |
| 3. Communicative English | 100 | | 100 |
| 4. Uyir Vedhiyiyal (Bio- | 100 | | 100 |
| Chemistry) | 150 | 100 | 250 |
| 5. Maruthuva Thavara Iyal (Medicinal Botany and | 200 | 100 | 300 |
| Pharmacognos | | | |
| y) | | | |
| 6. Nunnuyiriyal (Micro | | | |
| Biology) | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| Second | | | |
| Professional | | | |
| 1. Udal Koorugal | | | N |
| (Anatomy) | 200 | 150 | 350 |
| 2. Udal Thathuvam | | _ | |
| (Physiology) | 150 | 100 | 250 |
| 3. Siddha Maruthuva Mooligai | | | |
| Ariviyal (Siddha Medicinal Herbal | 200 | 400 | 202 |
| Science) | 200 | 100 | 300 |
| 4. Siddha Maruthuva Kanima, Kanima | | | |
| vethiyal and Siddha Maruthuva Vilangiyal | 200 | 100 | 300 |

| (Siddha Medicinal Geology, Medicinal Chemistry and Medicinal Zoology). | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|-----|
| Third | | | |
| Professional | | | |
| 1. Noi Naadal - Paper I (Siddha | | | |
| Pathology) | 200 | 100 | 300 |
| 2. Noi Naadal - Paper II (Principles of Modern | 150 | 100 | 250 |
| Patholo | | 19 10 | |
| gy) | | 0 | |
| 3. Noi Anugavidhi Ozhukkam (Hygiene and | 100 | | 100 |
| Community Medicine including National Health | | | 5 1 |
| Policies and Statistics). | | | |
| Saarnt Maruthuvamu Nanj 4. Sattam ha m u Maruthuvamu (Forensi Medicin | 150 | 100 | 250 |
| m c e and | | | |
| Toxicology) | | | U" |
| 5. Research Methodology and | | | - |
| Medical Statistics | <mark>10</mark> 0 | | 100 |

| Name of the subject | Nu | ımber of I teaching | |
|---|-----|------------------------|------|
| Final | | | |
| Professional | | | |
| 1 | | | - 64 |
| . Maruthuvam (Medicine) | 150 | 200 | 350 |
| 2 Puramaruthu . Varmam, vam and Sirappumaruth (Varmam Therapy uvam External Therapy and Special | 150 | 200 | 350 |
| Medicine) | | | |
| 3 Aruvai, Thol Maruthuvam (Surgery including | 150 | 200 | 350 |
| dentistry and Dermatology) | | | |
| 4 Sool, Magalir Maruthuvam (Obstetrics and | 100 | 175 | 275 |
| Gynaecology) | | | |
| 5 Kuzhanthai Maruthuvam | | | |
| . (Paediatrics) | 100 | 175 | 275 |

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Note 1:- Clinical training to the students shall start from the commencement of third professional session onward.

Note 2:- The clinical training to the students in the hospital attached with college

The concept of Health Care Counselling shall be incorporated in all relevant areas

2.7 Total number of hours

As shown in Table 1

2.8 Branches if any with definition

Not applicable for UG Courses

2.9 Teaching learning methods

Class room lecture, tutorial, seminar, group discussion, practical/ clinical training etc.

2.10 Content of each subject in each year

SYLLABUS FOR FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S.

1. SIDDHA MARUTHUVA ADIPPADAI THATHUVANGALUM VARALAARUM (HISTORY & FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF SIDDHA MEDICINE)

Total Hours: 150

- I. Three primordial, eternal entities and their siddhaanthic theories (Pathi, Pasu, Paasam).
- (1) Pathi (Almighty):

(5 hours)

Definition and description of Pathi, existence of Pathi based on Epistemology (Alavai). Nine divine manifestations of Pathi (Thirumenikal). i.e.

- 1) Sivam 2) Sakthi 3) Naatham 4) Vindhu 5) Sadaasivam 6) Maheswaran 7) Ayan 8) Ari 6. Aran.
- c) Five divine powers of Pathi:-

Paraasakthi 2) Aadhisakthi 3) Gnaana Sakthi 4) Itchaa Sakthi 5) Kriyaasakthi. d) Study of cosmic play (Thirukoothu).

(2) Pasu (Soul): (5 hours)

Definition and description of Pasu,i.e., distinction between pathi and pasu - three kinds of soul - seven kinds of creation - four kinds of birth - Tholkaappiyer's classification based on senses.

(3) Paasam (Bondages):

(5 hours)

Definition, description and classification

i.e., Aanavam, Kanmam, Maayai, Mayeyam and Thirodaanam

Classification of Maayai:-

Sutha Maayai: (Siva thathuvam) -5, Pure evolutes of Maayai: Sivam - Sakthi

- Sadaasivam - Easwara - Sudhavidhai.

Asutha Maayai: (Vidyaa thathuvam) - 7 - Impure evolutes of Maayai: Kaalam -

Niyathi - Kalai - Araagam - Viddhai -Puruden - Maayai.

Prakruthi Maayai: (Aanma Thathuvam) – 24, peculiar properties of soul: Thanmathirai -5, Bootham

-5, Gnana indriyam -5, Kanmendriyam-5, Anthakaranam-4.

II. Deekai (Initiation towards the highest goal of life).

(5 hours)

a) Samaya Deekai b) Vishesha Deekai c) Niruvaana Deekai.

III. Epistemology (Alavai) - 10 types. Clinical Application - 5 Examples. (10 hours)

1) Perception (kaandal), 2) Inference (Karuthal), 3) Testimony (Urai), 4) Non-existence (Abaavam), 5) Deduction (Porul), 6) Analogy (Oppu), 7) Inference by exception (Ozhibu), 8) Co-existence (Unmai), 9) Tradition (lytheekam), 10) Natural inference (lyalbu).

IV. Different schools of thought regarding the creation of Universe - (5 hours)

Relation between macrocosm and microcosm (Andathil Ullathe Pindam).

V. Five element theory (lymbootha Kolgai).

(5 hours)

Creation of five elements - Properties of five elements - fivefold combination and its description (Panchabootha Panchikaranam) - application of five element theory in Siddha treatment aspect.

VI. 96 Fundamental Principles (Thathuvams) and its different concepts (15 hours)

Sivaprakaasa Kattalai - <mark>Thirualavai Kattalai - Siddhaanta Kattalai - Vedaantha Kat</mark>talai - Thathuva Deepikai - Yugimuni's concept.

Bootham - 5 (five elements) - Pori - 5 (Sense organs) - Pulan - 5 (Perception by the sense organs) - Kanmendriyam - 5 (Motor organs) - Gnana Indriyam - 5 (The inner mechanism responsible for the perception of five senses) - Karanam – 4 (four intellectual faculties) –

Arivu - 1 (Self-realization) - Naadi - 10 (Vital channel) - Vaayu - 10 (Vital forces) - Aasayam - 5 (Visceral cavities) - Kosam - 5 (fivesheeths) - Aathaaram - 6 (Six stations of soul) - Mandalam - 3 (Three regions) - Malam 3 (Three principles of moral evil) - Thodam - 3 (Three humours) - Eadanai - 3 (Three physical bindings) - Gunam - 3 (Three cosmic qualities) - Vinai - 2 (Acts) - Raagam - 8 (Eight passions) - Avasthai - 5 (Five states of consciousness).

VII. Three humoural theory (Uyir Thaathukkal) :

(15 hours)

Vali, Azhal and Iyam.

Predominant locations - Properties - Physiological functions - Abnormal functions - Increased and decreased features—Temperament of an individual

VIII. Seven Physical constituents (Udal Kattukal) :

(5 hours)

Saaram (Primary nourishing juice) - Chenneer (blood) - Oon (muscle) - Kozhuppu (fat) - Enbu (Bone) - Moolai (Bone marrow) - Suckilam / Suronitham (Sperm / Ovum). Description about 7 physical constituents i.e., Normal function, increased and decreased features.

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IX . Five basic properties of Drug:

(5 hours)

Suvai (Taste) - Gunam (Characters) - Veeriyam (Potency) - Vibaavam (post absorptive tastes) - Prabaavam (Specific action).

Taste- relations with five elements- features of imbalanced intake of six tastes.

Marunthugalin vagaipaadugal with examples (Classification of raw drugs,

Fundamental techniques of medicinal preparations)

X. Definition and description of the following:-

(15 hours)

- 1. Attamaa Sithigal
- 2. Thirukkural (Marunthu Athikaram)
- 3. Rasavaatham (Alchemy).
- 4. Muppu.
- 5. Kaayakalpam (Elixir Science).

XI. History of Tamil Nadu including three Tamil Academies & Ancient Religious Traditions of Tamils (Arusamaiyakolgai) (10 hours)

XII. Chuvadi Iyal.

A. MANUSCRIPTOLOGY

(20 hours)

Introduction to Manuscriptology

History of Editing Palm leaf Manuscripts with special reference to Tamil

Palm leaf Manuscripts and Paper Manuscripts Editing

Application of Computer in Editing

B. EDITING (15 hours)

Basics of Book Editing

History of Book publishing with special reference to Tamil

Proof Reading - Lay out

Book Production, Use of Computer in Editing

C. PROJECT WORK

Candidates shall have to undertake a field work regarding copying of Inscriptions or Editing a Plam leaf Manuscript or Editing a Paper Manuscript. The project work has to be submitted to the Head of the Department.

XIII. History of Siddhars:-

(5 hours)

Agasthiyar - Thirumoolar - Theraiyar - Yugimuni - Bohar - Sattamuni - Nandhidevar - Raamadevar - Dhanvanthri — Konganavar - Karuvoorar - Kaalanginadhar - Pulippaani - Paampaatti Siddhar - Macchamuni - Romarishi - Korakkar - Idaikaadar - Sundaraanandhar - Thiruvalluvar - Agappei Siddhar - Kuthambai Siddhar — Sivavaakkiar - Azhuganni Siddhar - Pulathiar.

XIV. Attaanga Yogam:-

(5 hours)

Iyamam - Niyamam - Aasanam - Pranaayaamam - Prathiyaakaram - Dhaaranai - Dhiyaanam -Samaadhi.

XV. Encyclopaedia of Siddha Medicine

Reference Books:

| S.No. | Name of book, Language, publishers & year of publication | Author |
|-------|---|---------------------------------|
| 1. | Thotrakirama Araichiyum Siddha Maruthuva Varalarum, (Tamil), The Directorate of Indian Medicine and Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamilnadu, Chennai. (2005) | Dr.K.S.Uttamarayan, H.P.I.M, |
| 2. | Siddha Maruthuvanga Churukkam (Tamil), The Directorate of Indian Medicine and Homoeopathy, Chennai (2005) | Dr.K.S.Uttamarayan, H.P.I.M, |
| 3. | Siddha Maruthuva Varalaru, (Tamil), International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai (2008) | Anaivari Aananthan |
| 4. | Thenindhiya Maruthuva Varalaru, (Tamil) International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai (2008) | Ra. Niranjana Devi |
| 5. | Suvatiyiyal (Tamil) International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai (1991) | Dr. P. Subramanian |
| 6. | Fundamentals of manuscriptology, (English), Thiruvananthapuram Dravidian linguistics association (2003). | Visalakshy, P. |
| 7. | Introduction to Manuscriptology, (English), Sharada Publishing House, Delhi 1996. | R S Shiva Ganeshamurthy |
| 8. | Siddha Medical Manuscripts in Tamil, (English), International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai (1984) | Madhavan. V.R |

| 9. | Thamizhil maruthuva ilakiyangal – or aaivu (Tamil) Poonkodi Publications, Chennai | Dr. R. Vaasudevan |
|-----|--|------------------------|
| 10. | Pandai thamizhaga varaivukalum kuriyeedukalum (Tamil) International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai (2004) | Raasu. Pavunthurai |
| 11. | Aasivagam Ennum Tamizhar Anuviyam (Tamil) Manitam Pathipagam, Trichy-21 (2013) | Neduncheliyan K |
| 12. | Thamilar Varalaaru, (Tamil) Thamilman Pathippagam, Chennai (2000) | Thevaneya Paavaanar |
| 13. | Siddha Maruthuva Moola Thathuvam (Tamil) Sidha Maruthuvam Valarchi Kazhagam, Jaffna, Srilanka (2002) | S. Sivashanmuga raja |
| 14. | Siddha Dossier, CCRS, Dept. of AYUSH, New Delhi (2013) | - |

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Online Material

- 1. Tamil Maruthuva Varalatru Thonmaikal, Munaivar R. Vasudevan http://ta.wikisource.org/s/bn
- 2. Suvadi Iyal Arimukam http://kovaimanitamilmanuscriptology.blogspot.in/2012_04_01_archive.html
- 3. Oolai chuvadi Aaivukal- Prof. Dr. R. Madhavan http://www.tamilheritage.org/manulogy/madavan.html
- 4. Religious Traditions of the Tamils (Prof. A. Velupillai) http://tamilelibrary.org/teli2/archives/19

Other resources

DVD

Historical Atlas of South India: a joint effort of French Institute of Pondicherry and the Tamil University, Thanjavur Reference URL: http://www.ifpindia.org/histatlas

2. TAMIL LANGUAGE

Total Hours: 100

Objective:

To acquire knowledge to understand the contents that is available in classical Tamil Siddha literature.

COURSE CONTENT AND SYLLABUS

Unit: 1 Exercises and drills in the spoken and written variety (4 hrs)

- a) Alphabets in Tamil
- b) An intensive course in Tamil, CIIL MYSORE by Dr.S. Rajaram
- c) Subhramanian V.I. & Veeraswamy T.V., 1973, "Intensive course in Tamil", Dravidian Linguistics Association, Thumba, Trivandrum.

Unit: 2 Exercise for Pronunciation

(10 hrs)

- a) Tamil alphabets Classification Special features Maththirai (Syllabi)
- b) Tamil Words Loan words its written form common words in Tamil and Regional language(viz. Malayalam)
- Unit: 3 Formation of words and sentences and study of Basic grammer on the functional level (15 hrs)

- a) Chol (word) Peyar (Name), Vinai (Verb), Idai (clitics) etc.(Peyar (Name) Gender, number & case; Vinai (Verb)- Kaalam (Tense) Orumai (Singular), Panmai (Plural)
- b) Thodar (syntax)/Vaakkiyam (Sentence), Kaalam (Tense), Orumai (Singular), Panmai (Plural), Ezhuvaai (Subject), Payanilai (Predicate), Cheyappaduporul (Object). (It is to understand the language structure).
- c) Selected Tamil Proverbs (10)

Unit: 4 Study of selected prose and poetry in Tamil and Siddha literature

POETRY (24 hrs)

(Poems selected only for reading meaningfully and for memorising)

| | a) | Name of the book | : Malarum |
|---|----|--------------------------------|---|
| | | maalaiyum Author | : Kavimani |
| | | Title | : Pasuvum kantrum |
| н | | Lines | : Thottathil meythu |
| | | | kantrukkuty. (2 |
| | | | stanzas) |
| | b) | Diocos from Folk congs (Tamil) | |
| | D) | Pieces from Folk songs (Tamil) | |
| | | 1) Padaku 2) Elelankadi Elel | 0 |
| | c) | Name of the book | : Bhaarathiyaar |
| | C) | kavithaikal Author | : Subramaniya |
| | | Bhaarathiyaar | 7 0001011111111111111111111111111111111 |
| | | Title | : Paapp <mark>aa paattu</mark> |
| | | Lines | : Odi vilayadu papa |
| | | | Vazhakkappaduthikkollu papa |
| | | | (6stanzas) |
| | d) | Title | : Kontrai venthan (15 Lines) |
| | ž. | Author | : Auvaiyaar |
| | | | Tavaryaar |
| | e) | Name of the book | |
| | | Thirukkural Author | |
| | | Thiruvalluvar | (35 |
| | | Title | : "Marunthu" Athikaram (10 |
| | | verses) | 리 시간되다: |
| | f) | Name of the book | : Maruthuva vatha yoga gnana |
| | | satthiram Lines | : " Aathikaalathilae thillayilae |
| | | | · \ |
| | | | chernthaner |
| | | | emaikkaakavae" |
| | g) | Name of the book | : Yugichinthaamani |
| | 8) | Name of the book | Lines: " |
| | | Hent | hiyam poothathi |
| | | Ordi | uraikkak kelae" |
| | h) | Name of the book | |
| | , | Author | Chithar Padalkal |
| | | | . Kovinthan |

Eines : Thunaichiru.......(27)

"Ettumalai....." (28)

i) Name of the book : Thirumanthiram

Author : Thirumoolar Marunthu

Title : " Maruppathu udal noi.....

:marunthenalamae"

j) Name of the book : Siddha Maruthuva Chirappu

Author : Dr. R. Thiagarajan Title : Ashtanka yokam

: "Eyama

.....maavathumaame"

k) Name of the book : Siddha Maruthuvaanka Churukkam Dr.

Author : C.S. Uthamarayan – H.P.I.M.

Title : Udal Aimpoothakkoorupaattaiyum Udaiyathu Enal.

"Paarappa.....

Lines :Lapamatha Mohamacham"

I) Name of the book : Siddha maruthuvanka churukkam Dr.

Author : C.S. Uthamarayan – H.P.I.M.

Title : lympootham – Arusuvai thodarpu

Lines : "Mannudaneuraittha maraiye"

m) Name of the book : Siddha maruthuvanka churukkam Dr.

Author : C.S. Uthamarayan – H.P.I.M.

Title : Pathinaanku Vekangal
Lines : "Pathinaanku.....

:swasamaame"

PROSE (21 hrs)

a) Name of the book : Siddharkal charithram

Author : Chollin selvan

Chapter : Brahmamuni, Korakkar

b) Name of the book : "Lemuria allathu Kumari Kandam"

Chapter : Kumari nadu pattriya Tamil nool

kurippukal

Author : Panmozhi pulavar K.Appathurai.

c) Name of the book : Pattukkottai Kaliyana Sundaram Padalkal Author: KunRakkudi Adikalaar

Chapter : Preface of Pattukkottai kaliyana

Sundaram Padalkal

d) Name of the book : Nalla Theerppu

(An eloquent speech of C.N. Anna Durai)

Unit: 5 Study of History of siddha medicine – Selected portion from the Siddha literature.

(20 hrs)

Topics:- Siddharkal enpor yaar?- Pathinen Siddharkal – Navanaatha Siddharkal – Siddha Maruthuvathin Chirappukkal – Siddha Maruthuva Varalaru in brief – Iyankum Porudkalum Iyankaa Porudkalum.(who are Siddhars'; Eighteen Siddhars – Navanatha Siddhars – The importance of Siddha medical practices- Brief history of Siddha medical practices – movable and immovable things)

Unit: 6 Exercises in narration / description of a story or an event in a paragraph. (3 hrs)

Unit: 7 Translation from Tamil to Regional language or English – and Vice versa.

(3 hrs)

References Books:

| S.No. | Name of book, Language, publishers & year of publication | Author |
|-------|--|-----------------|
| 1. | Thottakkirama aaraichiyum siddha maruthuva varalaarum. | Dr. Uthamarayan |
| 2. | Siddha maruthuvanga churukkam. | Dr. Uthamarayan |
| 3. | Siddha vaidhya thirattu. | Dr. Uthamarayan |
| 4. | Pathinen siddharg <mark>al varalarum Padaitha n</mark> oolgalum. | Murugesan |
| 5. | Siddhargal, Thamarai noolagam, Chennai – 26. | |

Note: Internal Oral Test to be conducted at the end of the course

3. UYIR VEDHIYIYAL (BIOCHEMISTRY)

1. Chemistry of Carbohydrates:

(9 hours)

Total Hours: 150

Functions of Carbohydrates, Classification of Carbohydrates, Classification and biomedical importance of monosaccharides, Reactions of monosaccharides, Classification and biomedical importance of disaccharides, Polysaccharides-Classification, composition and function.

2. Chemistry of Lipids:

(8 hours)

Functions of Lipids, Classification of Lipids, Classification of fatty acids, Essential fatty acids, Free radicals and antioxidants, Types and functions of phospholipids, Glycolipids and lipo proteins, Steroids, Micelles, Names and functions of eicosanoids.

3. Chemistry of Proteins:

(11 hours)

Functions of proteins, Classification of proteins based on chemical nature and solubility, classification of amino acids based on structure, Structure of proteins primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary. Biologically important peptides. Plasma proteins: Types and major functions, the complement system.

4. Nucleic acids and Biotechnology:

(8 hours)

Watson and cricks structure of DNA, Types and functions of RNA, structure of transfer RNA, Replication of DNA, Definition of transcription, Polymerase chain reaction (PCR), - Principle, technique, applications. Human genome project, Bioinformatics.

5. Purine nucleotides:

(4 hours)

Degradation of purine nucleotides, Gout.

6. Metabolism of carbohydrates:

(10 hours)

Glycolysis, TCA cycle, HMP shunt pathway, Glycogenesis, glycogenolysis, and Gluconeogenesis. Glucose homeostasis, Diabetes mellitus.

7. Metabolism of proteins:

(6 hours)

Transamination, deamination and urea cycle. Biosynthesis of proteins (Translation).

8. Metabolism of Lipids:

(9 hours)

Fatty acid oxidation, Ketone bodies, Ketosis. Biosynthesis of fatty acids, Biosynthesis of cholesterol, Degradation of cholesterol, Hypercholesterolemia, Metabolism of HDL, Fatty liver, Obesity.

9. Biological oxidation

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(8 hours)

Classification of high energy compounds, ATP-ADP cycle, oxidative phosphorylation and electron transport chain, substrate level phosphorylation.

10. Enzymes: (9 hours)

Classification, Factors affecting enzyme activity, Active site, Mechanism of enzyme action, Coenzymes, Diagnostic importance of enzymes, Enzyme pattern in diseases.

11. Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids. (8 hours)

12. Haemoglobin: (5 hours)

Structure of haemoglobin, Biosynthesis of heme, Degradation of heme. Clinical significance of Glycosylated Haemoglobin, Jaundice, types of haemoglobin, abnormal haemoglobins

13. Vitamins: (9 hours)

Fat soluble Vitamins and Water soluble vitamins –food source, RDA, biochemical functions and deficiency manifestations.

14. Hormones: Biochemical functions and disorders. (9 hours)

15. Minerals: (9 hours)

Macro Elements and Micro Elements—food source, RDA, biochemical functions and deficiency manifestations.

16. Metabolism of Xenobiotics (Detoxification).

17. Water and electrolytes:

(5 hours)

(3 hours)

Functions of wa<mark>ter, water turn over and balance, Composition of elec</mark>trolytes in the body fluids.

18. Nutrition: (7 hours)

Calorie value of food stuffs, Basal metabolic rate, Specific dynamic action, Fibre in nutrition, Balanced diet, protein — Energy malnutrition, Energy requirements.

19. Cancer and AIDS: (5 hours)

Cancer – Etiology and tumour markers. AIDS – Transmission of HIV and Lab Diagnosis.

20. Organ function tests:

(8 hours)

(26 hours)

Liver function tests, Renal function tests, Thyroid function tests.

PRACTICAL Total Hours: 100

PART A. Qualitative Analysis:-

- I. Reactions of carbohydrates -
- 1. Reactions of Glucose.
- 2. Reactions of Fructose.
- 3. Reactions of Maltose.
- 4. Reactions of Lactose.

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- 5. Reactions of Sucrose.
- 6. Reactions of Starch.

II. Reactions of Protein -

- 1. Reactions of Albumin.
- 2. Reactions of Peptone.
- 3. Reactions of Gelatin.
- 4. Reactions of Casein.
- III. Reactions of non protein nitrogenous substances urea, uric acid, creatinine.
- IV. Reactions of Normal Urine.
- V. Analysis of abnormal urine.

PART B. QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

(48 hours)

- 1. Estimation of Blood Sugar.
- 2. Estimation of serum total proteins.
- 3. Estimation of serum cholesterol.
- 4. Estimation of serum triglycerides.
- 5. Estimation of serum urea.
- 6. Estimation of serum uric acid.
- 7. Estimation of serum creatinine.
- 8. Estimation of serum bilirubin.
- 9. Estimation of serum inorganic phosphate.
- 10. Estimation of serum amylase.
- 11. Estimation of SGOT.
- 12. Estimation of SGPT.

PART C: DEMONSTRATION

(6 hours)

- 1. Glucose Tolerance Test with graph (Normal and Abnormal).
- 2. Paper electrophoresis.
- 3. Paper chromatography.

PART D: SPOTTERS

(10 hours)

- 1. Calorimeter
- 2. PH meter
- 3. Haemoglobinometer
- 4. Rhyles tube.
- 5. Spectroscope
- 6. Centrifuge
- 7. Electrophoresis
- 8. Chromatography
- 9. Osazones
- 10. Semi auto analyzer

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PART E: CASE REPORTS

(10 hours)

- 1. GTT Graph
- 2. Renal Glycosuria
- 3. Acute myocardial infraction
- 4. Jaundice
- 5. Gout
- 6. Hyperthyroidism
- 7. Vitamin D deficiency
- 8. Renal failure
- 9. Kwashiorkor
- 10. Hypercholesterolemia.

Reference Books:

| S.N | o. Name of book, Language, publishers & year of | Author |
|-----|---|------------------------|
| | publication | 11.6 |
| 1. | Biochemistry | U.Satyanarayana, |
| | | U.Chakrapani |
| 2. | Text book of biochemistry | D.M. Vasudevan, |
| | | Sreekumari. S |
| 3. | Biochemistry | Pankaja Naik |
| 4. | Harper's Illustrated Bio - Chemistry | |
| 5. | Manual of practical medical biochemistry | Evangeline Jones. M.D. |
| | | D.M. Vasudevan, |
| 6. | Practical text book of biochemistry | Subir Kumar das |

4. MARUTHUVA THAVARAIYAL (MEDICINAL BOTANY AND PHARMACOGNOSY)

| THEORY: | Total Hours: 200 |
|------------------|------------------|
| MEDICINAL BOTANY | |

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Unit - I: (25 hours)

Definition - History and importance of Medicinal plants in Siddha science.

Plant biology and Medicinal uses of the following groups: Thallophytes, Bryophytes, Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms.

Study of Life-cycle of the following: Gracilaria, Penicillium, Parmelia and Dryopteris.

Unit -II: (35 hours)

Taxonomy of Angiosperms- Natural system of classification (Bentham and Hooker) Herbarium Techniques

Diagnostic vegetative and Reproductive characters, Active principles and Pharmacological constituents of most used plants of the following families:

- 1. Ranunculaceae
- 2. Annonaceae
- 3. Menispermaceae
- 4. Capparaceae
- 5. Malvaceae
- 6. Zygophyllaceae
- 7. Rutaceae
- 8. Meliaceae
- 9. Fabaceae
- 10. Caesalpiniaceae
- 11. Mimosaceae
- 12. Combretaceae
- 13. Myrtaceae
- 14. Cucurbitaceae
- 15. Apiaceae
- 16. Rubiaceae
- 17. Asteraceae
- 18. Apocynaceae
- 19. Asclepiadaceae
- 20. Convolvulaceae
- 21. Solanaceae
- 22. Acanthaceae
- 23. Lamiaceae
- 24. Nyctaginaceae
- 25. Amaranthaceae
- Aristolochiaceae
- 26. 27. Euphorbiaceae
- 28. Zingiberaceae
- 29. Liliaceae
- 30. Poaceae

Unit - III: (30 hours)

Plant Anatomy: Idealised plant cell structure, cell organelles and cell inclusion.

Study of following anatomical structures Dicot leaf, stem and root, Monocot leaf, stem and root.

Unit - IV: (25 hours)

Plant Ecology - Plants in relation to environment - Hydrophytes, Mesophytes, Xerophytes and Halophytes.

Conservation of extant and endangered medicinal plants.

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Plant tissue culture - culture methods - callus initiation - laboratory organization. Detailed study on phytochemical production in tissue culture methods. Maintenance of herbal gardens.

| PHARMACOGNOSY Unit-I: Study of organized raw drugs based on their morphology: Roots and Rhizomes Woods Barks and Galls Leaves Flowers Fruits Seeds Whole plant | (30 hours) |
|---|-------------------|
| Unit -II: Study of unorganized raw drugs: Gums Resins and types Fixed oils | (15 hours) |
| Unit –III: Phytochemistry (pharmacological actions of the following) Glycosides-Anthroquinone, Cardiac and Saponins Alkaloids-Tropane, Quinoline and Indole Tannins-Hydrolysable and Condensed Volatile oils-Obtained from the various plant parts Pigmentation studies-Chlorophyll, Xanthophyll, A.nthocyanin | (20 hours) |
| Unit-IV: Adulteration of rawdrugs & detection. Poisonous plants. Basics of He standardization. PRACTICALS: 1. Microscopic slides observation of the non-flowering plant genera | Total Hours : 100 |
| | (10 hours) |

(20 hours)

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2. Identification of Angiosperm families given in Unit II.

3. Field study of various medicinal plants in their original habitat and pigment studies.

(15 hours)

4. Submission of Herbarium (20 sheets) & Raw drugs (30).

(14 hours)

5. Pigment studies - By paper chromatography method.

(3 hours)

6. Anatomical study of plant parts — by section method mentioned in Unit III.

(12 hours)

7. Plant Ecology - adaptation - Macroscopic & Microscopic mentioned in Unit IV.

(10 hours)

8. Raw Drugs - Identification.

(16 hours)

References Books:

| S.No. | Name of book, Language, publishers & year of | Author |
|--------|--|--------------------------|
| 3.140. | publication | Author |
| 1. | College botany vol. I, II, III, Ed. 2000, New Central Book | Gangulee et al. |
| | Agency PvtLtd. | |
| 2. | Outlines of Botany,. Ed. 2003, S. Viswanathan Publishers. | V. Narayanaswamy et. al. |
| 3. | Plant Ecology, S. Chand & Co. | Sharma |
| 4. | A Text Book of Botany - Angiosperms, Rastogi Publishers, | V. Singh, Pande & Jain |
| | Meerut. | |
| 5. | Medicinal Botany Vol-I&II (Tamil) - Elangovan Publishers. | Somasundaram |
| 6. | Medical Taxonomy of Angiosperms. Recent trends in | S. Shankaranarayanan |
| | Medical used and Chemical constituents. Harishi | |
| | Publication, Chennai. | |
| 7. | Taxonomy of Angiosperms (Tamil) V.K. Publishing House, | S. Pazhaniyappan |
| | Chennai | |
| 8. | Elements of Biotechnology, Rastogi & Company. | P.K. Gupta |
| 9. | Text Book of Pharmacognosy, Nirali Prakashan, Pune. | Gokhale et. al. |
| 10. | Practical Pharmacognosy, Vallabh Prakasham, Delhi – 34. | Dr. C.K. Koate. |

5. NUNNUYIRIYAL (MICROBIOLOGY) Total Hours: 100

General Bacteriology

(15 hours)

- 1. Introduction and History
- 2. Morphology of Bacteria
- 3. Growth and Nutrition of Bacteria
- 4. Classification and Identification of Bacteria
- 5. Culture media and cultivation methods
- 6. Sterilization and disinfection
- 7. Antimicrobial sensitivity

Systemic Bacteriology

(30 hours)

- 1. Gram Positive Cocci Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Pneumococcus & Enterococcus 2. Gram Negative Cocci Meningococci and Gonococci
- 3. Enterobacteriaceae Escherichia, Klebsiella, Proteus, Salmonella and Shigella 4. Vibrio cholerae, Pseudomonas, Haemophilus
- 5. Clostridium tetani, C.perfringens, C.botulinum
- 6. Bacillus anthracis
- 7. Corynebacterium diphtheriae
- 8. Mycobacterium Tuberculosis and Leprosy
- 9. Spirochetes Treponema & Leptospira
- 10. Mycoplasma, Chlamydiae & Rickettsiae

Immunology (20 hours)

- 1. Infection
- 2. Structure and function of immune system
- 3. Immunity
- 4. Antigens
- 5. Antibodies
- 6. Antigen antibody reaction Agglutination, Precipitation, Immunofluorescence, Coomb's Test, ELISA, Western blot
- 7. Complement system
- 8. Hypersensitivity
- 9. Auto-immunity

Mycology (5 hours)

- 1. Opportunistic Mycosis
- 2. Dermatophytes
- 3. Cryptococcus, Rhinosporidium and Histoplasma
- 4. Mycotoxicosis and Mycetism

Virology (20 hours)

1. General properties and cultivation of Virus

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- 2. Bacteriophage
- 3. Pox virus
- 4. Herpes virus HSV-I &II
- 5. Myxovirus H1N1, Avian flu, Mumps and Measles
- 6. Corona virus SARS
- 7. Polio virus
- 8. Rabies virus
- 9. Hepatitis virus (A, B & C)
- 10. Arbo virus Chikungunya, Dengue & Rubella
- 11. Retro virus HIV

Clinical Microbiology

(10 hours)

- 1. Nosocomial infection
- 2. UTI
- 3. Meningitis
- 4. Bacterial food poisoning
- 5. PUO
- 6. Biomedical waste management
- 7. Vaccines (Bacterial & Viral)

Practical Total Hours: 100

1. Microscopy - Light, Dark Ground, Fluorescent, Electron (6 hours) 2. Staining - Gram's and AFB staining. (15 hours) 3. Culture methods - Streak plate, Anaerobic, RCM. (11 hours) 4. Bacterial identification - Esch.coli, Klebsiella, Pseudomonas, Vibrio cholerae, Corynebacterium, diphtheriae, Staphylococcus aureus. (45 hours) 5. Serology - WIDAL & VDRL with clinical significance. (4 hours) 6. Immunology — ELISA, Latex agglutination. (6 hours) 7. Mycology - LPCB mounting. (6 hours) 8. Viral model - Rabies, HIV, Orthomyxo & Adeno virus. (7 hours)

Reference Books:

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| S.No. | Name of book, Language, publishers & | Author |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | year of publication | \ \ |
| 1. | Text Book of Microbiology | Ananthanarayan and C.K. Jayaram Paniker |
| 2. | Text Book of Microbiology | D.R. Arora and B Arora |
| 3. | Medical Microbiology | Robert Cruik Shank |

सर्व भवन

Second Professional BSMS

1. UDAL KOORUGAL (ANATOMY) PAPER I Total Hours: 100

I. OSTEOLOGY WITH APPLIED ANATOMY

(30 hours)

- 1. General structure of bone and Ossification
- 2. Types of bones
- Skull Norma frontalis, Norma verticalis, Norma basalis, Norma lateralis, Norma occipitalis, Cranial fossa
- 4. Paranasal sinuses
- 5. Mandible
- 6. Hyoid bone
- Vertebral column Cervical, Thoracic, Lumbar, Sacrum and Coccyx -(Typical and atypical)
- 8. Ribs, Costal cartilages and Sternum
- 9. Bones of Upper limb Clavicle, Scapula, Humerus, Radius, Ulna
- 10. Name and numbers of Carpal, Metacarpal and Phalanges
- 11. Bones of Lower limb Hip bone, Comparison between male and female pelvis, Femur, Patella, Fibula, Tibia
- 12. Name and numbers of Tarsal, Metatarsal and Phalanges
- 13. Arches of foot

II. ARTHROLOGY WITH APPLIED ANATOMY

(10 hours)

- 1. Classification of joints
- 2. Temporomandibular joint
- 3. Intervertebral joints
- 4. Shoulder joint
- 5. Elbow joint
- 6. Wrist joint
- 7. Hip joint
- 8. Knee joint
- 9. Ankle joint

III. MYOLOGY WITH APPLIED ANATOMY

(20 hours)

- Scale
- 2. Muscles of facial expression
- 3. Muscles of mastication
- 4. Muscles of eye ball
- 5. Suprahyoid muscles
- 6. Infrahyoid muscles
- 7. Name of the Pre and Para vertebral muscles

- 8. Lattismus dorsi, Erector spinae, Trapezius, Rhomboideus major and minor, Name of other muscles of back
- 9. Pectoral region muscles
- 10. Scapular region muscles
- 11. Muscles of Arm
- 12. Muscles of Forearm
- 13. Name of muscles of hand
- 14. Intercostal muscles and diaphragm
- 15. Anterior and Posterior Abdominal wall muscles
- 16. Names of Pelvic floor and Perineal muscles
- 17. Gluteal muscles
- 18. Muscles of thigh
- 19. Muscles of leg
- 20. Name of the muscles involved in the formation of sole of foot

FOSSAE AND TRIANGLES*

(5 hours)

- 1. Triangles of neck
- 2. Axilla
- 3. Cubital fossa
- 4. Ischiorectal fossa
- 5) Inguinal Canal
- 6) Adductor Canal
- 7) Femoral triangle
- 8) Popliteal fossa

IV. ANGIOLOGY

(Origin, termination, course and branches/tributaries have to be studied)
ARTERIAL SYSTEM
(20 hours)

- 1. Aorta Ascending aorta Coronary arteries Arch of aorta Brachiocephalic trunk Left and Right Common Carotid Left and Right Subclavian arteries
- 2. External and Internal carotid arteries, Vertebral and Basilar arteries Formation of Circle of Willis
- 3. Major Arteries in Upper limb Axillary Brachial Radial Ulnar arteries Superficial and deep palmar arches
- 4. Thoracic aorta Abdominal aorta
- 5. Common iliac External and Internal iliac artery
- 6. Major arteries in Lower limb Femoral Popliteal Anterior and Posterior Tibial Arteries Dorsalis Pedis artery Plantar arch

VENOUS SYSTEM (10 hours)

1. Dural Venous Sinuses

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- 2. External and Internal Jugular Vein
- 3. Veins of Upper limb –Dorsal Venous arch Cephalic Basilic Median Cubital Vein
- 4. Coronary sinus
- 5. Veins of thorax Brachiocephalic Azygos Hemi azygos Accessory azygos
- 6. Superior and Inferior vena cava
- 7. Portal vein and Portacaval anastamosis
- 8. Veins of lower limb –Dorsal Venous arch Great and small Saphenous Anterior and Posterior Tibial Vein

V. LYMPHATICS (5 hours)

- 1 Cisterna Chyli Thoracic duct Right lymphatic duct (2 hrs.)
- 2 Axillary, Cervical, Inguinal lymph nodes and its drainage (3 hrs.)

PRACTICALS FOR UDAL KOORUGAL - I

1. Whole body dissection. (25 hours)

2. Specimen demonstration. (50 hours)

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Gray's Anatomy 40th Edition
- 2. Text book of Anatomy T.S. Ranganathan 5th revised edition
- 3. Human Anatomy B.D. Chaurasia Fourth Edition
- 4. Text book of Anatomy Inderbir Sing 5th Edition
- 5. Fundamentals of Human Anatomy A.S. Moni
- 6. Atlas of Anatomy Inderbir Sing

2. UDAL KOORUGAL (ANATOMY) PAPER II Total Hours: 100

I. NERVOUS SYSTEM

(40 hours)

Total Hours: 75

- 1. Meninges of brain and spinal cord
- 2. Cerebrum Lobes, Surfaces, Poles, Fissures, Sulci and Gyri, Areas, Types of fibres, Corpus callosum and Internal capsule
- 3. Basal nuclei
- 4. Names of nuclei of Diencephalon
- 5. Thalamus, Hypothalamus Parts, Nuclei and Connections
- 6. Location and boundaries of Ventricles
- 7. Formation and circulation of CSF
- 8. External and internal features of Brain stem
- 9. External and internal features of Cerebellum

10. External and internal features of Spinal cord including tracts 11. Cranial nerves 12. Formation of typical spinal nerves and intercostal nerves 13. Formation of Cervical, Brachial, Lumbar and Sacral plexus including branches 14. Name and location of Sympathetic and Parasympathetic ganglion **II. SPECIAL SENSES** p.51 1. Eye 2. Ear 3. Nose 4. Tongue 5. Skin III. RESPIRATORY SYSTEM 1. Larynx 2. Trachea 3. Mediastinum 4. Pleura, Lungs and Bronchopulmonary segments

IV. CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

(2 hours)

(5 hours)

(10 hours)

1. Heart

2. Pericardium

V. DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

(20 hours)

- 1. Oral cavity, Palate, Salivary glands
- 2. Structure and types of teeth
- 3. Pharynx
- 4. Oesophagus
- 5. Stomach
- 6. Small intestine
- 7. Large intestine
- 8. Peritoneum and its folds
- 9. Liver
- 10. Extra biliary apparatus
- 11. Pancreas

LYMPHOID ORGANS* (3 hours)

- 1. Spleen
- 2. Thymus glands
- 3. Tonsils

VI. UROGENITAL SYSTEM (15 hours)

- 1. Kidney
- 2. Ureter

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- 3. Urinary bladder
- 4. Male and female urethra
- 5. Male reproductive organs Scrotum, Testes, Epididymis, Seminal vesicles, Vasdeferens, Spermatic cord, Prostate gland, Penis
- 6. Female reproductive organs Uterus, Uterine tubes, Ovaries, External genitalia, Mammary glands

VII. ENDOCRINOLOGY

(5 hours)

- 1. Pituitary gland
- 2. Pineal gland
- 3. Thyroid and Parathyroid
- 4. Adrenal gland

PRACTICALS FOR UDAL KOORUGAL - II

1. Whole body dissection

2. Specimen demonstration

Total Hours : 75 (25 hours)

(50 hours)

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Gray's Anatomy 40th Edition
- 2. Text book of Anatomy T.S. Ranganathan 5th revised edition
- 3. Human Anatomy B.D. Chaurasia 4th Edition –
- 4. Text book of Anatomy Inderbir Sing 5 th Edition
- 5. Fundamentals of Human Anatomy A.S. Moni
- 6. Atlas of Anatomy Inderbir Sing

3. UDAL THATHUVAM (PHYSIOLOGY) PAPER I

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Total Hours: 50

- 1. Ninety six fundamental principles (Thathuvas) and its details. Five elements (lymbootham) five sense organs (pori) five senses (pulan) Motor organs (Kanmendriyam) Discriminative power of five senses (Gnanandriyam) Four intellectual faculties (Karanam)
 - Wisdom of Self realization (Arivu) Ten Vital channels (Dhasa nadi) Ten vital Air (Dhasavayu) five visceral cavities (Asayam) five sheaths (Kosam) Six vital centres of the Soul (Aatharas) Three regions (Mandalam) Three impurities of soul (malam), Three humours (Thodam) Three physical bindings (Edanai) Three cosmic qualities (gunam) Two acts (Vinai) Eight passions (Ragam) Five states of consciousness (Avathai).

(5 hours)

1. Five elements and its medical aspects. Creation of five elements – properties – five fold combination (panchikaranam) – Manifestation of five elements in our body (panchabootha

koorugal (or) Purakaruvikal) – Relation between five elements & six tastes – Five elements and three humours – five elements and seven physical constituents.

(5 hours)

- 3. Development of Embryo according to Siddhars' concepts. Role of five elements during fertilization, and intrauterine life Different stages of foetal growth sex determination & Determination of life span according to Siddhar's concept. (5 hours)
- 4. Three humoural theory Vatham:- Predominant locations properties physiological role. Functional varieties of vatham Pranan Udhanan Samanan Abanan Viyanan Nagan Koorman Kirukaran Devadhathan Dhananjeyan. Pitham:-Predominant locations properties physiological role. Functional varieties of pitham Pasakam Ranjakam Sathakam Aalosakam prasakam. Kapham:- Predominent location properties physiological role Functional varieties of Kapham. Avalampakam Kilethakam Pothakam Tharpakam Santhikam. Temperament of an individual Features of vatha temperament pitha temperament Kapha temperament.

(5 hours)

5. Seven physical constituents:Nutrient juice (saram) – Blood (Chenneer) – Muscle (ooun) – fat & adipose tissue (kozhuppu) – Bone & Teeth (Enbu) – Bone marrow & nervous tissue (Moolai) – Semen or ovum (Sukilam/suronitham) – their nature and functions.

(4 hours)

- 6. Five sheaths (Kosangal) Physical sheath (Annamaya kosam) Respiratory sheath (Piranamaya kosam) Mental sheath (Manomaya kosam) Intellectual sheath (vignanamaya kosam) Blissful sheath (Ananthamaya kosam) (3 hours)
- 7. Physical sheath:- Composition of food materials waste or excretory materials (Chakkai) Nutrients Tastes Three vital units (Uyir thathu) qualities (gunam) Taste:- Properties of

six tastes – Synergetic taste (natpu suvai) Antagonistic taste (pakai suvai) Vatha food – pitha food – Kapha food – Sathuva food – Rajasa food – Thamasa food – food and seasons.

(5 hours)

8. Respiratory sheath:- Functions of pranan – Regulation of breathing – Pranayama thathuvam. (5 hours)

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9. Mental sheath Siddhars concept of Nadi – Definitions – Characteristics of Nadi (Nadi Nadai)
 – Nadi ratio – Ten important sites of Nadi – Guru Nadi – Bootha Nadi – Vatha, pitha, Kapha nadi & conjoined nadi (Thondha Nadi)

(2 hours)

Fourteen Natural Urges (Vehangal) Vatham (flatus air) – Thummal (sneezing) – Neer (micturition) – Malam (Defecation) – Kottavi (Yawning) – Pasi (appetite) – Neervetkai (Thirst) – Kasam (cough) – Illaippu (exhaustion) – Nithirai (sleep) – Vanthi (Vomiting) – Kanner (Tears) – Sukilam (semen) – Suvasam (Breathing).

(2 hours)

11. Longevity of life – According to Siddha principles – Concentration of six Psychophysical centres (Aatharas) – Stimulation of Adharas by meditation & Yoga.

(2 hours)

- 12. Intellectual sheath:- (Vingnana maya kosam) Four intellectual faculties (Anthakaranam) Good & Bad Acts (Iruvinai) Mukkunam (Satwa, Rajas & Thamas)
 - Aatharam (six station of soul) Avathai (Six stages of consciousness) Dhasa Nadi (Idakalai,
 Pinkalai, Suzhumunai, Sikuvai, Purudan, Kanthari, Atthi, Alampudai, Sankini & Gugu)

(2 hours)

13. Blissful sheath (Anantha maya kosam) Self realization (Arivu) – achievement (Siddham) and its details

(2 hours)

14. Envagai Thervu: Naa- Niram - Mozhi - Vizhi - Malam - Moothiram- Naadi - Sparisam- Physiological Aspect.

(3 hours)

PRACTICAL Total Hours: 50

Part-A

Major:

(30 hours)

- 1. Examination of Naadi
- 2. Examination of Udal kattugal
- 3. Examination of Envagai Thervu
- 4. Examination of Udal iyal

Part-B

Minor:

(15 hours)

- 1. Suvaigal
- 2. Panchabootha pancheekaram

Part- C:

Spotters:

(5 hours)

- 1. Suvaigal
- 2. Unavu Porutkkal

Reference Books

- 1. Udal Thathuvam- Dr. P.M Venugopal
- 2. Siddha Maruthuvanga Churukkam Dr. K.S Uthamarayan

4. UDAL THATHUVAM (PHYSIOLOGY) PAPER II

Total Hours: 100

I. General Physiology

(4 hours)

- 1. Cell organelles Transport across cell membrane Trans membrane electrical potential.
- 2. Homeostasis Positive and negative feedback Acid base balance.

II. Blood and Body fluids

(20 hours)

- 1. Body fluids ECF & ICF, plasma proteins classification and functions.
- 2. Erythrocytes Erythropoiesis functions destruction. Haemoglobin and 'Fe' metabolism, Anaemia, ESR, PCV, Blood indices.
- 3. Leucocytes Classification, functions, formation, fate, plasma cells, Immunity
- 4. Thrombocytes Hemostasis, Coagulation of Blood.
- 5. Blood groups, Blood transfusion compatability.
- 6. Reticulo endothelial system, spleen, lymphatic system & lymph, tissue fluid & odema.
- 7. Applied physiology

III. Muscle Physiology

(5 hours)

- 1. Functional anatomy of muscle, Classification, structure, Excitation, contraction and relaxation of smooth, skeletal and cardiac Muscles, Neuro muscular junction.
- 2. Applied physiology

IV. Renal physiology and Excretion.

(10 hours)

- 1. Functional anatomy of kidney, Nephron, Renal circulation, juxta glomerular apparatus.
- 2. Urine formation, Glomerular filtration, Reabsorption of filtrate, Renal threshold, Urine concentrating mechanism, Role of kidney in Acid base balance. Filling of bladder and micturation, Action of parathormone & vasopressin. Renal Function Tests.

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- 3. Skin structure, functions, glands, Regulation on body temperature.
- 4. Applied physiology

V. Endocrinology

(10 hours)

- 1. Introduction to endrocrine physiology, control of secretion, feed back regulation.
- 2. Hormones secreted, Biosynthesis, functions and regulation of secretion of the following endocrine glands Hypothalamus, pituitary, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Pancreas, Adrenal cortex and medulla, Local Hormones.
- 3. Applied physiology

VI. Reproductive systems

(6 hours)

- 1. Sexual differentiation of foetus in uterus, Male sex organs, spermatogenesis, semen, Male sexual act, Male sex hormones, actions & control.
- 2. Female sex organs, Oogenesis, Menstrual cycle, role of female sex hormones, Menopause.
- 3. Fertilization, Fetoplacental unit, Pregnancy, parturition, Mammary glands & lactation.
- 4. Applied physiology

VII. Digestive system

(10 hours)

- 1. Functional anatomy of alimentary tract.
- 2. Mastication, salivary glands, composition & function of saliva, control of salivation, deglutition.
- 3. Secretion, composition, functions, control of secretion of Stomach, pancreas, Liver, small intestine.
- 4. Gall bladder, enterohepatic circulation, Motility of GIT, Digestion & absorption of carbohydrates, proteins, Lipids, Defecation.
- 5. Applied physiology

VIII. Cardio vascular system

(10 hours)

- 1. Introduction properties of cardiac muscle, conducting tissue of the heart, pacemaker, ionic basis of Action potential.
- 2. Cardiac cycle phases & events, heart sounds, Murmur, ECG, Cardiac output and venous return, cardiac function curves, Regulation of cardiac function, Hemodynamics.
- 3. Arterial Blood pressure & its Regulation, Arterial pulse and venous pulse.
 - 4. Foetal circulation and respiration, shock, cardio vascular adjustments during Exercise.
- 5. Applied physiology

IX. Respiratory and Environmental Physiology

(10 hours)

- 1. Functional Anatomy of Respiratory tract, Mechanism of Respiration, Ventillation, Surfactant, Compliance, Spirometric volumes and capacities.
- 2. Exchange of Respiratory gases, Transport of O₂ and Co₂ in blood and tissue fluid.
- 3. Physiological effects of ascent to high altitudes, Acclimatization, Deep sea physiology. Effects of Exercise on Respiration.
- 4. Applied physiology

X. Nervous system

(10 hours)

- 1. Functional anatomy of brain and spinal cord, Synapse, Neuroglial cells, degeneration and regeneration of Nerve fibers, Sensory receptors classification, Threshold stimulus, Grouping of sensory fibres.
- 2. Reflex activity Spinal reflexes, reciprocal inhibition, Muscle tone, Motor units.

- 3. Pathway and Function of Spinal Cord, Ascending & Descending tracts of spinal cord, upper motor neurons, control of muscle tone and voluntary movements, Physiology of Pain.
- 4. Nuclei, parts, connections and functions of Thalamus, Hypothalamus, basal ganglia, brain stem, limbic system, proprioceptor & vestibular apparatus.
- 5. Cerebral cortex layers, connections, Functions of Cerebellum morphology nuclei, connections, functions.
- 6. Higher intellectual functions.
- 7. Reticular formation physiology of sleep and arousal, EEG.
- 8. CSF formation, circulation and functions.
- 9. ANS
- 10. Applied Physiology

XI. Special senses.

(5 hours)

- 1. Functional anatomy of sense organ,
- 2. Eye visual process field of vision visual path way puplillary reflex- colour vision
 - Errors of Refraction.
- 3. Ear Auditory Pathway. Mechanism of Hearing Auditory Defects
- 4. Sensation of taste
- 5. Sensation of smell.
- 6. Applied physiology

PRACTICAL Total Hours: 50

Part-A

Major: (25 hours)

- 1. Estimation of Haemoglobin
- 2. Determination of ESR
- 3. Determination of PCV & Absolute values
- 4. Total WBC Count
- 5. Total RBC Count
- 6. Differential count of WBC

Part-B

Minor: (22 hours)

- 1. Determination of bleeding time
- 2. Determination of clotting time
- 3. Blood grouping and Rh typing
- 4. Measurement of Body Temperature
- 5. Measurement of Blood Pressure
- 6. Examination of Deep Tendon Reflex (Specify)
- 7. Examination of Superficial Reflex(Specify)
- 8. Examination of Cranial Nerves(Specify)
- 9. Examination of Cardio vascular System(Specify)
- 10. Examination of Respiratory System(Specify)
- 11. Examination of Digestive System(Specify)

Part- C:

Spotters: (3 hours)

- 1. Parts of microscope
- 2. Apparatus
- 3. Identification of different type of WBC
- 4. ECG pattern

Reference Books :-

- Samson and Wright applied Physiology
- 2.

 Hewer's Histology
- Schafer's Histology
- 4. Guyton Physiology
- Ganong Physiology
- 6. Essentials of Medical Physiology Dr. K.S.Sembulingam
- 7. Text book of Physiology- Dr. Saratha Subramaniyam

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5. SIDDHA MARUTHUVA MOOLIGAI ARIVIYAL (SIDDHA MEDICINAL HERBAL SCIENCE)

Total Hours: 200

1) Introduction : (3 hours)

- i. Properties of drug
- ii. Taste, character, potency, post absorptive tastes (Vibagam)
- iii. Specific action (prabhagam)
- 2) Study about therapeutic actions with few examples.

(3 hours)

3) Detailed study about the following herbs including their Synonyms, Botanical names, various names in regional languages, origin, identification, availability, parts used, description about their properties, therapeutic actions, indications, doses, home remedies and specific formulae related to particular herbs.

(174 hours)

| SI. No. | Tamil Name | | Botanical Name |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 1 | Agatti | | Sesbania grandiflora |
| | | | - |
| 2 | Agil | - | Aquilaria agallacha roxb |
| 3 | Akkarakaaram | - | Anacylus pyrethrum DC |
| 4 | Asogu | - | Saraca asoca |
| 5 | Ath <mark>imathuram</mark> | - | Glycyrrhiza glabra |
| 6 | At <mark>hividayam</mark> | - | Aconitum heterophyllum |
| 7 | Atti | - | Ficus recemosa |
| 8 | Aakasathamarai | - | Pistia stratiotes |
| 9 | Anthimalli | - | Mirabilis jalapa |
| 10 | Abini -Kasa Kasa | - | Papaver somniferum |
| 11 | Amukkurak <mark>kizhangu</mark> | | Withania somnifera |
| 12 | Ammaan pachcharisi | | Euphorbia pilurifera |
| 13 | Ammaiyar koondhal | | Curcuta reflexa |
| 14 | Arasu | - | Ficus religiosa |
| 15 | Arathai | - | Alpinia galanga |
| 16 | Ari-val mookku patchilai | - | Sida acuta |
| 17 | Arunelli | _ | Phyllanthus acidus |
| 18 | Alari | - | Nerium odorum |
| 19 | Alli | - | Nymphaea nouchali |
| 20 | Avarai | - | Lablab purpureus |
| | | | |

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| 21 | Avuri | - Indigofera tinctoria |
|----|--|--|
| 22 | Azhavanam | - Lawsonia inermis |
| 23 | Azhinjil | Alangium salvifolium |
| 24 | Arugu | - Cynodon dactylon |
| 25 | Annasipoo | - Illicium verum |
| 26 | Aakaasagarudan | Corallocarpus epigaeus |
| 27 | Aadathodai | Justicia adatoda |
| 28 | Aadutheendap <mark>alai</mark> | Aristolochia bracteolata |
| 29 | Aadaiyotti | - Pupalia orbiculata |
| 30 | Aathandam | - Capparis zeylanica |
| 31 | Aamanakku | - Ricinus communis |
| 32 | Chitraamanakku | |
| 33 | Peraamanakku | - Ricinus inermis |
| 34 | Chevvaamanakku | - Ricinus tanarius |
| 35 | Aayil | - Chukrasia tabularis |
| 36 | Aalamaram | Ficus benghalensis |
| 37 | Aavarai | - Cassia auriculata |
| 38 | Aalivirai | - Lepidium sativum |
| 39 | Aattru <mark>thumatti</mark> | - Citrullus colocynthis |
| 40 | Iruvi | - Dryopteris felixmas |
| 41 | lsangu en la | - Cle <mark>rodendrum ine</mark> rme |
| 42 | Isappu <mark>kol vidhai</mark> | - Plantago ovata |
| 43 | lnji | Zingiber officinale |
| 44 | Indu | - Mimosa rubicaulis |
| 45 | Iththi | - Ficus microcarpa |
| 46 | Impooral | - Oldenlandia umbellata |
| 47 | Ireval chinni | - Rheum emodi |
| 48 | llanda maram | - Ziziphus mauritiania |
| 49 | Lavangam | Syzygium aromaticum |
| 50 | Lavangappattai | - Cinnamomum verum |
| 51 | llavamaram | - Bombax ceiba |
| 52 | Mul ilavu | - Bombax malabaricum |
| 53 | Iluppai | - Madhuca longifolia |
| 54 | llaikkalli | Euphorbia ligularia |
| 55 | Eechu (Sitrechu) | Phoenix sylvestris |
| 56 | Paereechu | - Phonex dactilifera |
| 57 | Echchura mooli | - Aristolochia indica |
| 58 | Usilamaram | - Albizia odoratissima |
| 59 | Uttamani | - Pergularia daemia |
| 60 | Uppilangodi | - Mimosa paniculata |
| 61 | Rudra jadai | - Ocimum basilicum |
| | | |

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| 62 | Rudraksham | - | Elacocarpus sphacsicus |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 63 | Urulai kizhangu | - | Solanum tuberosum |
| 64 | Uzhundu | - | Vigna mungo |
| 65 | OOmaththai | - | Datura metal |
| 66 | Karu oomaththai | - | |
| 67 | Aetti | - | Strychnos nux-vomica |
| 68 | Aerukku | - | Calotropis gigantea |
| 69 | Aelikkadilai | - | Merremia emarginata |
| 70 | Aeliyamanakku | - | Jatropha curcas |
| 71 | Aelumichai | - | Citrus lemon |
| 72 | Aellu | - | Sesamsum indicum |
| 73 | Aelam | - | Elettaria cardamomum |
| 74 | Chitraelam | - | Elettaria regains |
| 75 | Kattu – aelakkai | - | Amomum subulatum |
| 76 | Malayelam | - | |
| 77 | lyvirali | - | Diplocyclos palmatus |
| 78 | Odimaram | - | Lannea coromandelica |
| 79 | Omam | - | Carum copticum |
| 80 | Kurosani omam | - | Hyoscyamus niger |
| 81 | Ori <mark>tazhttamarai</mark> | - | Ionidium suffrufiocosum |
| 82 | Or <mark>ilai tamarai</mark> | - | Nervilia aragoana |
| 83 | Kanja | - 1 | Cannabis sativa |
| 84 | Kadambu | - | Anthocephalus cadamba |
| 85 | Kadalazhinjil | - | Salacia reticulata |
| 86 | Kadalai | | Cicer arietinum |
| 87 | Kadarpasi | - | Gracilaria lichenoides |
| 88 | Chengadugu | - | Brassica juncea |
| 89 | Vengadugu | - | Brassica alba |
| 90 | Kadugu rokani | 1 | Picrorhiza scrophulariflora |
| 91 | Kadukkai | - | Terminalia chebula |
| 92 | Kattukodi | - | Cocculus hirsutus |
| 93 | Kanap-pundu | - | Exacum pedunculatum |
| 94 | Kandangkattari | - | Solanum surattense |
| 95 | Kandupaarangi | - | Clerodendron serratum |
| 96 | Kathakambu | - | Uncaria gambir |
| 97 | Kasthuri manjal | - | Curcuma aromatica |
| 98 | Kamuku -Kalippakku | - | Areca catechu |
| 99 | Kambu | _ | Pennisetum typoideum |
| 100 | Kottaikaranthai | _ | Spaeranthus indicus |
| 101 | Kaththari | _ | Solanum melongena |

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| 102 | Karisalankanni | | - Eclipta prostrata 103. Karungali- Acacia catechu |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| 104 | Karunai thandu | - | Amarphophallus paeonic folius |
| 105 | Karpooravalli | - | Aniso chilus carnosus |
| 106 | Karumbu | - | Saccharum officinarum |
| 107 | Karkadaga singhi | - | Rhus succedanea |
| 108 | Kalappai kizhangu | - | Glorius superba |
| 109 | Kaliyana pushnikai | _ | Benincasa hispida |
| 110 | Kaliyana murukku | = | Erythrina variegata |
| 111 | Kazharchi kodi | Ch. | Caesalpinia bonduc |
| 112 | Kala | 100 | Carissa carandar |
| 113 | Kalli | - | Euphorbia ligularia |
| 114 | Kodikalli | - | Sarcosemma brevistigma |
| 115 | Sadhurakalli | - | Euphorpia antiquorum |
| 116 | Kalli-mulayan | - | Stapelia virgata |
| 117 | Kari-vembu | - | Murraya koenigi |
| 118 | Karpasi | - | Parmelia perlata 📰 🔠 |
| 119 | Katrazhai | - | Aloe barbadensis |
| 120 | Kariabolam | - | Aloe littoralis |
| 121 | Kaakkanam | - | Clitoria ternatea |
| 122 | Kaakkai kolli | - | Anamirta cocculus |
| 123 | Kaanchori | - | Tragiainvolucrata |
| 124 | Kaattatti | - | Bauhinia tomentosa |
| 125 | Kaattaamanakku | - | Jatr <mark>opha curcas</mark> |
| 126 | Kaap <mark>pikottai</mark> | - 1 | Coffea arabica |
| 127 | Kaa <mark>rai</mark> | <u>-</u> | Catunaregum spinora |
| 128 | Ka <mark>arpokarisi</mark> | - | Psoralea corylifolia |
| 129 | Ka <mark>alaan</mark> | - | Agaricus campestris |
| 130 | Kit <mark>chilikizhangu</mark> | - | Cu <mark>rcuma zeodari</mark> a |
| 131 | Kitchilipazham | - | Citrus aurantium |
| 132 | Kiranthi <mark>thakaram</mark> | - | Tabernaemontana divaricata |
| 133 | Kiliyural | - | |
| 134 | Kilukiluppai | <u> </u> | Crotalaria retusa |
| 135 | Keerippundu | - | Ophiorrhiza mungos |
| 136 | Keeraikal | 7. 7 | Greens |
| 137 | Puthina | 1, -1 | Mentha arvensis |
| 138 | Puliyarai | - | Oxalis corniculata |
| 139 | Manali keerai | - | Gisekia pharnaceoides |
| 140 | Keeraithandu | _ | Amaranthus gangeticus |
| 141 | Keezhkaai nelli | - | Phylanthus amarus |
| 142 | Kungiliam | = | Shorea robusta |
| 143 | Kungumappoo | = | Crocus sativus |

| 144 | Kudasappaalai | _ | Holarrhena pubescens |
|-----|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| 145 | Kudiyottipoondu | - | Argemone mexicana |
| 146 | Kunthrikkam | - | Boswellia serrata |
| 147 | Kuppeimeni | - | Acalypha indica |
| 148 | Kuruver | - | Vetiveria zizanoides |
| 149 | Kurattai | _ | Trichosanthes tricuspidata |
| 150 | Kurinjan | - | Gymnema sylvestre |
| 151 | Kuntri | - | Abrus precatorius |
| 152 | Kaezhvaragu | E - | Eleusine coracana |
| 153 | Kodiveli | - | Glycosmis arborea |
| 154 | Chenkodiveli | _ | Plumbago rosea |
| 155 | Kottikizhangu | _ | Aponogeton monostachyon |
| 156 | Koththumalli | - | Coriandrum sativum |
| 157 | Kollu | - | Macrotyloma uniflorum |
| 158 | Kollukkaivelai | - | Tephorosia purpurea |
| 159 | Korukkaip-puli | - | Pithecellobium duke |
| 160 | Konrai-Sarak-Konrai | - | Cassia fistula |
| 161 | Sirukonrai | - | Cassia arborescens |
| 162 | Senkonrai | - | Cassia margiuata |
| 163 | Kottam | - | Costus speciosus |
| 164 | Gothumai | - | Triticum aestivum |
| 165 | Korai | - | Cyperus rotandus |
| 166 | Kovai | - | Coccinia grandis |
| 167 | Gowrivalpul | - | |
| 168 | Sadamaanji | - | Nardostachys grandiflora |
| 169 | Shenbagam | - | Michelia champaca |
| 170 | Chathakuppai | - | Anethum graveolens |
| 171 | Chaaranai | - | Trianthema decandra |
| 172 | Chandanam | 7) - | Santalum album |
| 173 | Naattu jadhikai | - | Myristica fragrans |
| 174 | Chaathipaththiri | - | Myristica fragrans |
| 175 | Saamai | 1113 | Panicum sumatrense |
| 176 | Shaambrani | - | Styrax benzoin |
| 177 | Salaamisri | - | Orchis latifolia |
| 178 | Sivathai | - | Operculina turpethum |
| 179 | Shivanar vembu | - | Indigofera aspalathoides |
| 180 | Chirunaagapoo | - | Mesua nagassarium |
| 181 | Chirupeyathi | - | Ficus hispida |
| 182 | Chitramutti | - | Pavonia zeylanica |
| 183 | Peramutti | - | Pavonia odorata |
| 184 | Chinni | - | Acalypha fruticosa |

| 185 | Cheekai | - | Acacia sinuate |
|-----|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| 186 | Seendhil | - | Tinospora cordifolia |
| 187 | Porseendhil | p | |
| 188 | Seemai athi | | Ficus carica |
| 189 | Cheerakam | - | Cuminum cyminum |
| 190 | Karuncheerakam | - | Nigella sativa |
| 191 | Peruncheerakam | = | Pimpinella anisum |
| 192 | Kaattu cheerakam | - | Vernonia antihelmintica |
| 193 | Chukku | - | Zingiber officinale |
| 194 | Chundai | - | Solanum torvum |
| 195 | Churai | - | Lagenaria siceraria |
| 196 | Chemparuthi | - | Hibiscus rosa-sinensis |
| 197 | Chemparathai | - | Gossypium arboreum |
| 198 | Chembai | - | Sesbania sesban |
| 199 | Cheruppadi | - | Mollugo lotoides |
| 200 | Cheviyam | - | Piper nigrum |
| 201 | Sembu | - | Colocasia esculenta |
| 202 | Cherankottai | - | Semecarpus anacardium |
| 203 | Cholam | - | Sorghum vulgare |
| 204 | Thakarai (Usithakarai) | - | Cassia tora |
| 205 | Thakkali | | Physalis minima |
| 206 | Manathathakkali | - | Solanum nigrum |
| 207 | Thannirvittan kizhangu | | Asparagus racemosus |
| 208 | Tharup <mark>pai</mark> | | Desmostachya bipinnata |
| 209 | Thavasu murungai | - | Rungia parviflora |
| 210 | Thazhuthazhai | | Clerodendrum phlomoidis |
| 211 | Thaamarai | 44114 | Nelumbo nucifera |
| 212 | Thaazhai | _ | Pandanus odoratissimus |
| 213 | Thaalisa-paththiri | = | Abies spectabilis |
| 214 | Thaantri | - | Terminalia bellirica |
| 215 | Thippili | - | Piper longum |
| 216 | Thippiliver | = | Piper longum |
| 217 | Thirakshai | = | Vitis vinifera |
| 218 | Thinai | = | Setaria italica |
| 219 | Thutthi | - | Abutilon indicum |
| 220 | Thuvarai | - | Cajanus cajan |
| 221 | Thumbai | - | Leucas aspera |
| 222 | Thulasi | - | Ocimum sanctum |
| | | | |

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| 223 224 225 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 | Thuthuvelai Thengumaram Thelkodukku Thettran Thottar Chinungi Nancharuppan Naththaichuri Naralai Nanthiavattam Nannaari Naagamalli Naabi Naayuruvi Naaval Nilavembu Nila vaarai | F | Solanum trilobatum Cocos nucifera Heliotropium indicum, 226. Devadaru-Cedrus Strychnos potatorum Mimosa pudica Tylophora indica Spermacoce hispida Cayratia pedata Tabernaemontana divaricata Hemidesmus indicus Rhinacanthus nasuta Aconitum napellus Achyranthes aspera Syzygium cumini Andrographis paniculata Cassia senna |
|--|---|------------|--|
| 240 241 | Neeradimuthu Neermulli | - | Hydnocarpus laurifolia |
| 241 242 | Nuna | - | Hygrophila auriculata Mosinda tinctoria |
| 242 | Neichatti | _ | Vernonia cinerea |
| 243 | Nerunjil | | Tribulus terrestris |
| 245 | Nel | | Oryza sativa |
| 246 | Nelli | | Phyllanthus emblica |
| 247 | Naervalam | | Croton tiglium |
| 248 | Notchi | _ | Vitex negundo |
| 249 | Payaru | - 1 | Vigna mungo |
| 250 | Pachillai | | Garcinia xanthochymus |
| 251 | Pappali | - | Casica papaya |
| 252 | Pala | - 1 | Artocarpus heterophyllus |
| 253 | Palasu | - | Butea monosperma |
| 254 | Parangippattai | | Smilax china |
| 255 | Parppadaakam | - | Hedyotis coryambose |
| 256 | Panai | m÷. | Horastrus flbellifer |
| 257 | Badampisin | 1- | - De - 1 |
| 258 | Pathiri | | Stereospermum colais |
| 259 | Barelee | - | Hordeum vulgara |
| 260 | Vetpaalai | _ | Wrightia tinctoria |
| 261 | Pirappan kizhangu | - | Calanus rotang |
| 262 | Peetharoghani | - | Coptis teeta |
| 263 | Peenarimaram | - | Sterculia foetida |
| 264 | Paavattai | - | Pavetta indica |
| 265 | Pidangunari Birandai | - | Premma tomentosa |
| 266 | Pirandai | - | Cissus quadrangularis |

| 267 | Chirupeelai |
|-----|-----------------|
| 268 | Pugaiyilai |
| 269 | Pungu |
| 270 | Pulluruvi |
| 271 | Puli |
| 272 | Pulladi |
| 273 | Puvarasu |
| 274 | Poonaikali |
| 275 | Perungayam |
| 276 | Poduthalai |
| 277 | Ponnanganni |
| 278 | Magizh |
| 279 | Mangusthan |
| 280 | Manjal |
| 281 | Mara manjal |
| 282 | Manjitti |
| 283 | Madhanakamappu |
| 284 | Mantharai (red) |
| 285 | Malli |
| 286 | Marakkarai |
| 287 | Maruthu |
| 288 | Maa |
| 289 | Masikkai |
| 290 | Masipathiri |
| 291 | Mathulai |
| 292 | Milagu |
| 293 | Vaal milagu |
| 294 | Milakaranai |
| 295 | Musumusukkai |
| 296 | Mudakkatran |
| 297 | Murungai |
| 298 | Mulaam |
| 299 | Munnai |
| 300 | Mukkirattai |
| 301 | Mungkil |
| 302 | Vasambu |
| 303 | Vandukolli |
| 304 | Varagu |
| | |

Aerva lanata Nicotiana tobacum Pongamia pinnata Dendrophthoe falcata Tamarindus indicus Desmodium gangeticum Thespesia populnea Mucuna pruriens Ferula asafetida Phyta nodiflora Alternanthera sessils Mimusops elengi Garcinia mangostana Curcuma longa Coscinium fenestratum Rubia cordifolia Cycus circinalis Bauhinia purpurea Jasminum grandiflorum Catunaregum spinosa Terminalia arjuna Mangifera indica Quercus infectoria Artemisia nilagisica Punica granatum Piper nigrum Piper cubeba Todalia asiatica Mukia madraspatana Cardiospermum helicacabum Moringa oleifera Citrullus vulgaris Premna corymbosa Boerhavia diffusa Bambusa arundinacea Acorus calamus Cassia alata Paspalum scrobiculatum

Helicteres isora

Centella asiatica

Delonix elata

Convolvulus repens

39

Vaadhanarayan

Valampurikkai

Vallarai

Vallaikodi

305

306

307

308

| 309 | Vaaividangum | | - | Embelia ribes |
|-----|----------------------------|-----|-------|----------------------------|
| 310 | Vaaluzhuvai | | - | Celestrus paniculatus |
| 311 | Vaazhai | | - | Musa paradisiaca |
| 312 | Vidathari | | - | Dichrostachys cinerea |
| 313 | Viraali | | - | Dodonaea viscosa |
| 314 | Vilvam | | - | Aegle marmeoles |
| 315 | Vilamichamver | | - | Plectranthus vettiveroides |
| 316 | Vizhuthi | 0 5 | - | Cadaba trifoliate |
| 317 | Vilaamaram | | 1 - 4 | Limonia acidissima |
| 318 | Vishamungkil | | -61 | Crinum asiaticum |
| 319 | Vishnukiranthi | | - | Evolvulus alsinoides |
| 320 | Vengayam | | - | Alium cepa |
| 321 | Vetchi | | - | Ixora coccia |
| 322 | Vendakai | | - | Abelmoschus esculantus |
| 323 | Vendhayam | | - | Trigonella foenum |
| 324 | Vellarik <mark>ai</mark> | | - | Cucumis sativus |
| 325 | Vella <mark>rugu</mark> | | - | Enicostemma axillare |
| 326 | Vell <mark>ilothram</mark> | | - | Symplocos racemosa |
| 327 | Vell <mark>ulli</mark> | | - | Allium sativum |
| 328 | Vetrilai | | - | Piper betle |
| 329 | Vembu | | - | Azadirachta indica |
| 330 | Verkadalai | | #- | Arachis hypogea |
| 331 | Vel | | - | Acacia nilotica |
| 332 | Velvel | | | Acacia leucophloea |
| 333 | Kudaivel | | - | Acacia latronum |
| 334 | Peekkaruvel | | - | Acacia farnesiana |
| 335 | Velai | | - | Cleome viscosa |
| 336 | Thaivelai | | - | Gynandropsis gynandra |

The following plants which are comparatively less important and can be studied by the students themselves with guidance of the teacher. (20 hours)

| SI. No. | <u>Tamil Name</u> | | Botanical Name |
|---------|-------------------|---|----------------------|
| 1 | Akrottu | | Juglans regia lin. |
| 2 | Alisi virai | - | Linum usitatissimum |
| 3 | Arukeerai | - | Amarantus tristis |
| 4 | Annasipazham | - | Ananas comosus |
| 5 | Aaraikirai | - | Marsilea quadrifolia |
| 6 | Alapagoda pazham | - | Prunus domestica |
| 7 | Aal-vallikizhangu | - | Manihot esculenta |

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| 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | Aattrunetti Aanai-katrazhai Aanai kunri Aanaippuliamaram Rattai – peimarutti Rathabolam Ezhathalari | Neptunia oleracea Agave americana Adenanthera pavonina Adansonia digitata Anisomeles malabarica Aloe barbadensis Plumeria rubra |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 15 | Uka | - Salvadora persica |
| 16 | Uzhalathi | |
| 17 | Usilam | |
| 18 | Aerisalai | |
| 19 | Aelumichan thulasi | - Ocimum gratissimum |
| 20 | Aezhilapalai | - Alstonia scholaris |
| 21 | Odukkan | - Cleistanthus collinus |
| 22 | Kakkarikkai | Cucumis sativus |
| 23 | Kasa-kasa | Papaver somniferum |
| 24 | Kadarpaalai | Argyreia nervosa |
| 25 | Kadar thengai | - Lodoicea maldivica |
| 26 | Kadara naaraththai | - Citrus medica |
| 27 | Kalumic <mark>hchamkai</mark> | |
| 28 | Kavizh <mark>thumbai</mark> | Trichodesma indicum |
| 29 | Kazhu- <mark>neer</mark> | - Nymph <mark>aea alba</mark> |
| 30 | Kalarva Kalarva | - Salvadora persica |
| 31 | Chiruka <mark>larva</mark> | - Salvadora persica |
| 32 | Karkovai | - Melothria heterophylla |
| 33 | Kartaamarai | - Smilax zeylanica |
| 34 | Kaasa | - Memecylon umbellatium |
| 35 | Kaasi rathnam | - Quamoclit pennata |
| 36 | Kaattu aelumichchai | - Atalantia malabarica |
| 37 | Kaattu aellu | - Sesamum prostratum |
| 38 | Kaattu kadugu | - Cleome viscosa |
| 39 | Kaattu karuvappattai | - Cinnamomum iners |
| 40 | Kaattu thumbai | |
| 41 | Kaattu paagal | - Momordica dioica |
| 42 | Kaattu peipudal | - Trichosanthes lobata |
| 43 | Kaattu mullangi | - Blumea lacera |
| 44 | Kaattu Vengayam | - Urginea indica |
| 45 | Kai-vallikkodi | - Dioscorea alata |
| 46 | Kaaramani | - Vigna unguiculata |
| 47 | Kaavatambul | - Cymbopogon martinic |
| 48 | Kiranthinayagam | - |
| - | , U- | |

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| 49 | Kumizhamaram | - | Gmelina arborea |
|----|-----------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 50 | Kurukkaththi | - | Hiptage benghalensis |
| 51 | Kuruvich-chi | - | Ehretia microphylla |
| 52 | Kuthan Kuthambai | - | Cantana indica |
| 53 | Kuntharpanai | - | Caryota urens |
| 54 | Kuvaikkizhangu | - | Maranta arundinacea |
| 55 | Koththavarai | - | Cyamopsis tetragonoloba |
| 56 | Kodaga salai | - | Rungia repens |
| 57 | Gopuram thangi | - | Andrographis echiodes |
| 58 | Chanappu | - | Crotalaria juncea |
| 59 | Sanninayagam | - | |
| 60 | Chavukkumaram | - | Casuarina equisetifolia |
| 61 | Samanthipoo | - | Chrysanthemum coronarium |
| 62 | Chayamaram | - | Caesalpinia sappan |
| 63 | Chavvarisimaram | - | |
| 64 | Chaaraiparuppu | - | Buchanania lanzan |
| 65 | Chinnikizhangu | - | |
| 66 | Chukkankai | - | |
| 67 | Chukkan kirai | - | Rumex ve <mark>sicarius</mark> |
| 68 | Chulukku <mark>nayagam</mark> | - | |
| 69 | Suriyaka <mark>nthi</mark> | ٠. | Helianthus annus |
| 70 | Cheppu <mark> – nerunjil</mark> | - | Indigofe <mark>ra enneaphylla</mark> |
| 71 | Chevag <mark>anar kizhangu</mark> | - | Gloriosa superba |
| 72 | Peyavara <mark>i</mark> | - | Cassia occidentalis |
| 73 | Thakkolam | - 1 | |
| 74 | Tamaraththam | - | Avarrhoa carambola |
| 75 | Thara | - | Fumaria parviflora |
| 76 | Thalippanai | - | Corypha umbraculifera |
| 77 | Thillai | -1 | Excoecaria agallocha |
| 78 | Thumbilkkai | - | Diospyros peregrina |
| 79 | Thurinjibeen | ŵ | Alhagi maurorum |
| 80 | Thekku | - | Tectona grandis |
| 81 | Naruvili | - | Cordia dichotoma |
| 82 | Naaganam | - | |
| 83 | Naagathali | - | Opuntia dillenii |
| 84 | Naanal | - | Saccharum spontaneum |
| 85 | Nilakkadambu | - | Asarum europaeum |
| 86 | Nilakumizh | - | Gmelina asiatica |
| 87 | Nilappanai | - | Curculigo orchioides |
| 88 | Nilavaamanakku | - | |
| 89 | Nintral chinungi | - | |

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| 90 | Neeralari | _ | Polygorum barbatum |
|----------|------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 91 | Neerbrahmi | | Bacopa monnieri |
| 92 | Neerpula | 16 | Phyllanthus reticulatus |
| 93 | Neermel neruppu | _ | Ammania baccifera |
| 93 94 | Nettilingam | _ | Polyalthia longifolia |
| | | _ | |
| 95 06 | Neithar kizhangu | _ | Nymphea pubescens |
| 96 | Pannimonthan kizhangu | _ | Trapa natans |
| 97 | Paruththi | - | Gossypium herbaceum |
| 98 | Motchai | | Lablab purpureus |
| 99 | Chemparuththi | - | Gossypium arboretum |
| 100 | Parangikkai | - | Cucurbita maxima |
| 101 | Panneerpoo | - | Rosa centifolia |
| 102 | Paakal | - | Momorchica charantia |
| 103 | Paalai | - | Manikara hexandra |
| 104 | Piramiya vazhukkai | - | Bacopa monniesi |
| 105 | Piraai | - | Streblus asper |
| 106 | Pilimbi | - | Averrhoa bilimbi |
| 107 | Pilavai kolli | - | |
| 108 | Pudal | - | Trichosanthes cucumesina |
| 109 | Punnai | - 1 | Calophyllum inophyllum |
| 110 | Ponmusuttai | - | Sida acuta |
| 111 | Manippungu | - | Sapindus lausifolia |
| 112 | Musarkaat <mark>hilai</mark> | - 1 | Ipomea pes-caprae |
| 113 | Maavilangu | - | Crateava magna |
| 114 | Munthiri | - | Anacardium occidentale |
| 115 | Mullangi | 441 | Raphanus sativus |
| 116 | Modagavalli | _ | Sterculia foetida |
| 117 | Valli | - | Dioscorea esculenta |
| 118 | Chevalli | - | Dioscorea purpurea |
| 119 | Vaagai | - | Albizia lebbeck |
| 120 | Karuvaagai | _ | Albizia odoratissina |
| 121 | Vaadhumai | _ | Prunus dulcis |
| 122 | Vizhalarisi | _ | Seed of red grass |
| 123 | Peru-lavangappattai | _ | Cinnamomum macrocarpum |
| 124 | Peyatti | <u>-</u> . | Ficus hispida |
| 125 | Vengai | - . | Pterocarpus marsupium |
| | 0 | | |

| 126 | Aruvada | Ruta chalepensis |
|-----|------------------|--|
| 127 | Ezhuttani poondu | Launaea pinnatifida |
| 128 | Karimulli | Solanum anguini |
| 129 | Kaanaam vaazhai | Commelina benghalensis |
| 130 | Seeththa | Anona squamosa |
| 131 | Pallipundu | - striga lutea |
| 132 | Valendrabolam | Commiphora myrrh |



- 1. Gunapadam Mooligai Vaguppu by Dr. Murugesamudaliar
- 2. Materia Medica Vol I & II by Dr. Natkarani.
- 3. Mooligai Iyal By Dr.V.Arunachalam M.D.Siddha.

6. SIDDHA MARUTHUVA KANIMA, KANIMA VETHIYAL AND SIDDHA MARUTHUVA VILANGIYAL (SIDDHA MEDICINAL GEOLOGY, MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY AND MEDICINAL ZOOLOGY)

Total Hours: 200

INTRODUCTION (25 hours)

• Introduction to General Pharmacology (Gunapadam)

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Maruthuvam and its type, Marunthu and its type, Muppu and Guru, Maaranam, Seyaneer and Dravagam, Siddha Posology

- Classification of metals & minerals
- Instruments used for medicine preparation, description about specific techniques, including the special technique of drug preparation.
- Acid distillation formulae.
- Converting ancient measurements into new metric units.
- Internal applications 32, Definition, examples & their life span
- How to form a medicine production unit
- Classification of combustion (Spudam)
- Study of friendly drugs (Synergetic) and antagonistic drugs.
- Classification of drugs based on five elements

| Ulogangal – Metals | | (20 hours) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sl. No | Tamil Name | English Name / Scientific Name |
| 1 | Ayam | Iron |
| 2 | Ekkhu | Steel |
| 3 | Kareeyam | Lead |
| 4 | Kandham | Magnetic Oxide of Iron |
| 5 | Thambram | Copper |
| 6 | Naagam | Zinc |
| 7 | Thankam | Gold |
| 8 | Mando <mark>oram</mark> | Ferrous Ferric Oxide |
| 9 | Vellee <mark>yam</mark> | Tin |
| 10 | Velli | Silver |

II. Pancha Sootham - Mercury & its ores

(15 hours)

| Sl. No | Tamil Name | English Name / Scientific Name |
|--------|------------------|---|
| 1 | Rasam | Mercury |
| 2 | Rasa chendhooram | Red Sulphide of mercury |
| 3 | Lingam | Cinnabar – Natural |
| 4 | Pooram | Calomel - Hydragyrum subchloride |
| 5 | Veeram | Corrosive sublimate - Hydrogyrum per chloride |

III. Paashanangal - Metal Salts

☆

(25 hours)

| SI. No | Tamil Name | English Name / Scientific Name |
|--------|-----------------|---|
| 1 | Anjanakal | Antimony Sulphide |
| 2 | Kanthakam | Sulphur |
| 3 | Gowri paashanam | Yellow Oxide of arsenic (Synthetic) |
| 4 | Thaalagam | Yellow Arsenic Trisulphide |
| 5 | Thottipaashanam | A pharmaceutical preparation of Arsenic |

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combined with mercury & sulphur.

| 6 | Nava pashaanangal | Nine kinds of metal salts |
|-----|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| 7 | Pancha paashanangal | Five kinds of metal salts |
| | | |
| 8 | Manosilai | Red Arsenic Disulphide (Realger) |
| 9 | Mirudhaar sinki | Galena (Lead Sulphide) |
| 10. | Vellaippashanam | Arsenum Acidum (White Arsenic) |

IV. Karasaram – Salts

| 10. Vellaippashanam | | Arsenum Acidum (White Arsenic) |
|---------------------|--|---|
| . Karas | aram – Salts | (30 hours) |
| SI. No | Tamil Name | English Name / Scientific Name |
| 1 | Applak <mark>kaaram </mark> | Sodium Carbonate impure |
| 2 | Indhuppu | Sodium Chloride Impure (RockSalt) |
| 3 | Evatchaaram | Potassium Carbonate impure |
| 4 | Ekambachaaram | A Prepared Salt (an efflorescentsalt) |
| 5 | Kadal nurai | Sea froth engendered by submarine fire |
| 6 | Kanavaai odu | OS SEPIAE (Cuttle fish bone) |
| 7 | Gandhiuppu | Salts of Sulphur |
| 8 | Gandhaga lav <mark>anam</mark> | Salt obtained from Sulphur, mixed with other |
| | | ingredients (Consolidated sea salt) |
| 9 | Kalluppu | Salt found in lumps deposited on beds of rocks |
| | | at the bottom of the sea |
| 10 | <mark>Kariuppu</mark> | Sodium chloride (Common salt) |
| 11 | Kaaichulavanam | Salt produced from the earth impregnated |
| | | with soda |
| 12 | | Alum (Aluminous Sulphate) |
| 13 | So <mark>odan</mark> | Camphor |
| 14 | | A salt derived from sessamum |
| 15 | 11 | Waxy preparation comprises with salts |
| 16 | Navachchaaram | Ammonium chloridum (Sal ammoniac) |
| 17 | | Borneo camphor (Crude camphor) |
| 18 | | Mixture of five salts |
| 19 | | Black salt |
| 20 | | Fuller's earth |
| 21 | | Ambra arasea |
| 22 | , ,, | Extracted salt from fuller's earth (Glass gall) |
| 23 | • | Sodium biborate (Borax) |
| 24 | '' | Potassium nitrate (Salt petre) |
| 25 | Attuppu | A boiled salt obtained from salt petre |
| | | |

V. Navamanigal – Gems (15 hours)

| SI. No | Tamil Name | English Name / Scientific Name |
|--------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Komedhagam | Onyx (Berly) |
| 2 | Neelamani | Sapphire |
| 3 | Pavazham | Coral |
| 4 | Pushparaagam | Topaz, Yellow Topaz |
| 5 | Maragadham | Emerald |
| 6 | Maanickam | Ruby (Carbuncle) |
| 7 | Vaidooriyam | Cats eye (Chryso prase) |
| 8 | Vairam | Diamond |
| 9 | Muthu | Pearl |

Pavazham & Muthu to be studied in detail, rest of other gems may be studied briefly.

VI. Uparasam - Minerals (Natural Substances)

(20 hours)

| SI. No | Tamil Name | English Name / Scientific Name |
|---------|------------|--------------------------------|
| SI. IVO | ramii Name | English Name / Scientific Name |

| 1 | Appiragam | Mica |
|----|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Ferri Sulphas (Green |
| 2 | Annabedhi | vitriol) |
| | | Crystalised foliated |
| 3 | Karpoorasilaasathu | Gypsum |
| 4 | Kalnaar | Asbestos |
| 5 | Kal-matham | |
| 6 | Karchunnam | Lime stone |
| 7 | Kaadikkaaram | Nitrate of silver |
| 8 | Kaavikkal | Red ochre |
| 9 | Gomuthra silaasathu | Asphaltum (Asphalt mineral piteh) |
| | 1 | Cupric sulphate (Blue |
| 10 | Thurusu | vitriol) |
| 11 | Nandukkal | Fossil stone crab |
| 12 | Nimilai | Bismuth |
| 13 | Paalthutham | Sulphate of zinc |
| 14 | Saathirabedhi | |

| | JEEVA | M -MATERIA | MEDICA (ANIMA | L KINGDOM) | (50 hours) English Name / Scientific |
|----|--------|--------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | SI. No | | Tamil Name | | Name |
| | 1) | | Attai | 3.6 | Hirudo Medicinalis (Speckled leech) |
| | 2) | | Aamai | | Chelonia Turtle (Tortoise) |
| | | o. " | | | Lapwing bird (Vanellus |
| | 3) | | Aalkaattipatchi | | indicus) |
| | 4) | | Indrakopa pooch | ni | Mutilla Occidentalis |
| | 5) | | Iragukal | | Feathers |
| | 6) | | Udumbu | | Varanus Sps (Monitor) |
| | 7) | | Eri vandu | | Mylabris Sps. |
| | 8) | | Elumbugal | | Bones |
| | | | | | Calotis (Common Agemaid |
| | 9) | | Onan | | Lizard) |
| | 10) | | Kasthuri | | Moschus moschiferus musk |
| | 11) | | Kaandamiruga ko | ombu | Rhinoceros unicornis |
| | 12) | | Kilinjil | | Ostrea edults linn (Common oyster shell) |
| | 13) | | Kulambugal | | Hoofs |
| | 14) | | Kulavikkoondu | | Wasps nest |
| | 15) | | Kombarakku | | Carteria Lacca (Lac) |
| | 16) | | Kombugal | | Horns |
| | , | | | | Fel Borinum purifactum |
| | 17) | | Korochanam | | (Oxbile) |
| | 18) | | Kozhi | | Gallus domes (Domestic cock & hen) |
| | 19) | | Sangu | | Turbinella rapa (Conch Shell) |
| | 20) | | Chaanam | | Dung |
| | 21) | | Siruneer | | Urine |
| | 22) | | Suraa | | Squalus carcharius (Shark) |
| | 23) | | Thantham | | Teeth |
| | 24) | | Thaen | | Honey |
| | 25) | | Nandu | | Crab |
| | 26) | | Nathai | | Fresh Water Snail |
| | 27) | | Nari echam | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH | Jackal's excreta |
| | 28) | | Palagarai | | Cypraea moneta Linn (Cowry) |
| | 29) | | Pantri | | Sus indicushog (Pig) |
| 30 | • | Paambu chat | | Snake's sloug | |
| 3: | • | Palum pal po | rutkalum | Milk and milk | c products |
| 32 | • | Pitchi | | Bile | |
| 33 | • | Puli | | Tiger | to (Chart ant) |
| 34 | 4) | Punugu | | Viverra Civet | ta (Civet cat) |

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| 35) | Poo naagam | Earth Worm |
|-----|-----------------------|---|
| 36) | Mayil | Pavo Cristatus Linn (Pea Cock) |
| 37) | Maan | Deer |
| 38) | Min mini poochi | Fire fly |
| 39) | Muttai odugal | Egg shells |
| 40) | Musiru muttai | Egg of Formica Smaragdina |
| 41) | Mudhalai | Crocodills porosus (Crocodile) |
| 42) | Muthuchippi | Mytilus margaritiferus (Pearl Oyster Shell) |
| 43) | Mezhugu | Wax |
| 44) | Yaanai | Elephas indicas (Elephant) |
| 45) | Mulleli | 7 |
| 46) | Pazham thinni Vavvaal | (Bat). |
| 47) | Thavalai (Patchai). | Green coloured Frog. |
| 48) | Kaattu-Poonai. | |

| | | Practical | Total Hours : 100 |
|----|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. | Sutthi (Purifi | cation of Drugs) | (10 hours) |
| 2. | Chooranam | | (7 hours) |
| 3. | Vadagam | | (7 hours) |
| 4. | Maathirai | | (7 hours) |
| 5. | Thailam | | (7 hours) |
| 6. | Kuzhambu | | (7 hours) |
| 7. | Ilagam | | (7 hours) |
| 8. | Parpam | | (7 hours) |
| 9. | Chendhoora | m | (7 hours) |
| 10 | . Mezhugu | | (7 hours) |
| 11 | . Vennai | | (7 hours) |
| 12 | . Rasaayanam | | (7 hours) |
| 13 | . Kalimbu | | (7 hours) |

Perparation of Peru Marunthugal can be shown in Video to students during Practical hours (6 hours)

Reference books:

- 1. Text of Gunapadam Thathu Jeeva Vaguppu Vol. II & III by Dr.R.Thiagarajan
- 2. Pathartha Guna Chindamani
- 3. Pathartha Guna Vilakkam Kannusamy
- 4. Materia Medica Vol. I & II by Dr. Natkarni

5. Siddha Vaidhya Thirattu – by Dr. C.S. Uthamarayan

Third Professional BSMS

NOI NAADAL PAPER – I

(PRINCIPLES OF SIDDHA PATHOLOGY) Total Hours: 200

1. Introduction to Siddha Pathology

[Page No. 1-4, 107-108, 117-124, Text Book S. No. 1; 5 Hrs]

- 1. 1. Definition of Noi and Noi Naadal
- 1. 2. Importance of Noi Naadal
- 1. 3. Etiology of Diseases as per Siddha system.
- 1. 4. Noi intri vazha kadai <mark>pidikka vendiya vithi m</mark>uraikal , maruthuvanin kadamaikal according to Thiruvalluvar
- 1. 5. Noi intri vazha Kaayakalpam- mani manthira avizhtham
- 2. Interrelations between five elements, six tastes and three humours abnormalities during derangements. [Page No. 21-25, Text Book S. No. 1; 5 Hrs]
- 3. Mukkutra iyal (Vatham Pitham Kapham)

[Page No. 232-245, Text Book S. No. 1; 15 Hrs]

- 3.1 Predominant locations properties Functional varieties physiological role
- 3.2 Pathological conditions (increased & decreased features)
- 3.3 Thanilai valarchi Vetrunilai valarchi Thannilai adaithal).
- 4. Thega ilakkanam correlated with diseases

[Page No. 245-248, Text Book S. No. 1; 10 Hrs]

5. Derangements of Uyir thathukal,

[Page No. 255-259, Text Book S. No. 1; 20 Hrs]

- **6. Naadi:** [Page No. 82-107, 124-156, 167-195, Text Book S. No. 1; 20 Hrs]
 - 6.1.Definition locations
 - 6.2. Vatha Naadi, Pitha Naadi, Kapha Naadi, ratio of Naadi, Conjoined Naadi
 - 6.3. Pulse variations according to seasons
 - 6.4. Preponderant period of Vatha, Pitha & Kapha Naadi conditions responsible for

irregular pulse rhythm – prognosis of a disease based on Naadi.

- 6.5. Bootha naadi and Pancha Bootha Naadi
- 6.6. Guru Naadi and its abnormalities
- 7. Fourteen Natural Urges and the Pathological features manifested due to their suppression. [Page No. 260-265, Text Book S. No. 1; 5 Hrs]
- 8. Asaathiya, Marana Naadikal and Kurigunangal (Fatal signs & symptoms) [Page No. 195-232, Text Book S. No. 1; 7 Hrs]
- 9. Ennvagai Thervukal, [Page No. 269-272, 282-325, Text Book S. No. 1; 15 Hrs]
 - 9.1.Examination through Naadi
 - 9.2. Examination through Sparism
 - 9.3. Examination through Naa
 - 9.4. Examination through Niram
 - 9.5.Examination through Mozhi
 - 9.6.Examination through Vizhi
 - 9.7. Examination through Malam
 - 9.8.Examination through Moothiram-Neerkkuri, & Neikkuri.
 - 9.8. 1 Neerkkuri: (Urine general examination) Alavu (Quantity), Niram (colour),

Manam (odour), Nurai (froth), Edai (Density) – Enjal (Deposits)

- 9.8.2. Neikkuri: The different changes in the oil dropped on the urine to be observed
- 9.9. Diagnosis of diseases, curable and incurable condition through Ennvagai Thervukal
- 10. Special Diagnostic Methods in Siddha System

[Page No. 339-352, Text Book S. No. 1; 3 Hrs]

- 10.1. Manikkadai Nool (Wrist circumetric findings)
- 10.2. Thoothuvan Ilakkanam.
- 11. Seven physical constituents (Udal thathukkal) & Malangal (feaces, Urine & sweat increased decreased features).

[Page No. 255-259, Text Book S. No. 1; 5 Hrs]

12. Digestive fire (Udal thee) -Geographical Classifications & Seasonal variations (Nilamum pozhuthum) – Appropriate time for medications.

[Page No. 265-268, Text Book S. No. 1; 3 Hrs]

- 13. Primary aetiology of various diseases according to Theraiyar. [Page No. 363-364, Text Book S. No. 1; 2 Hrs]
- 14. Worms and infectious diseases (Ottu noigal)

[Page No. 353-359, 365-366, Text Book S. No. 1; 10 Hrs]

Diseases: [Text Book S. No. 2]

The following headings should be covered for the following diseases. Veru peyar, Noi kaaranam, mukkutra verubadu, Noyin murkurigal, pothukkurigal, Naadi nadai,, Theerum Theeratha Nilai (Prognosis).

| SI. No. | Topics | Hours |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| 1. | Suram | 5 hrs |
| 2. | Mukkadaippu | 2 hrs |
| 3. | Irumal | 2 hrs |
| 4. | Irraippu | 2 hrs |
| 5. | Ilaippu | 2 hrs |
| 6. | Thamaraga Noi | 2 hrs |
| 7. | At <mark>hi Kurathi Azhal Noi</mark> | 2 hrs |
| 8. | Vaanthi | 2 hrs |
| 9. | Gu <mark>nmam</mark> | 2 hrs |
| 10. | Ath <mark>isaaram</mark> | 2 hrs |
| 11. | Kiran <mark>i (Nina Kazhichal)</mark> | 2 hrs |
| 12. | Seetha K <mark>azhichal</mark> | 2 hrs |
| 13. | Kalleeral Noi | 2 hrs |
| 14. | Manneeral Noi | 2 hrs |
| 15. | Paandu | 2hrs |
| 16. | Sobai | 2 hrs |
| 17. | Kaamalai | 2 hrs |
| 18. | Peruvayiru | 5 hrs |

Siru Neer Noigal

| 19.1. | Siruneer Perukkal Noi | 5 hrs |
|-------|-----------------------|--------|
| 19.2. | Siruneer Arukkal Noi | 5 hrs |
| | | |
| 20. | Vatha Noigal | 10 hrs |
| 21. | Pitha Noigal | 5 hrs |
| 22. | Kapha Noigal | 5 hrs |
| 23. | Keel Vatham | 3 hrs |

PRACTICALS Total Hours: 100

Major:

Clinical applications of Three Humours (Vatham, Pitham, Kapham) (15 hours)

Interpretation of Enn vagai Thervukal (30 hours)

Examination of Ezhu Udal Thathukkal (5 hours)

Minor:

Manikkadai Nool
 (5 hours)

Neerkkuri and Neikkuri
 (15 hours)

Clinical applications of individual humours (15 hours)

Clinical applications of individual Udal Thaathu (5 hours)

(10 hours)

Clinical applications of Enn vagai Thervu

TEXT BOOK

- 1. Shanmugave<mark>lu 2003, Noi Naadal Noi Mudal Naadal Thirattu /</mark> Part I 2nd Edition. Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.
- 2. Shanmugavelu 2003, Noi Naadal Noi Mudal Naadal Thirattu / Part II 2nd Edition. Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.

REFERENCES

- 1. Prof. Dr. P.M.VENU GOPAL H.P.I.M. 2014, Udal Thathuvam, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.
- 2. Dr.Kuppusamy Mudaliar, H.P.I.M. 2012 Siddha Maruthuvam Pothu, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.
- 3. Dr.K.S.Uthamarayan H.P.I.M. 2003, Siddha Maruthuvanga Churukkam, 3rd Edition Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.
- 4. Periya Gnana Kovai -- Dhasa vayu's Pancheeharanam
- 5. Dr. Kannan Rajaram B.S.M.S, ATSVS Siddha Medical College, Munchirai
 - a. 2008 Varma Maruthuvam
 - b. 2008 Atharam thoondum muraikalum Noi kanippum
 - c. 2007 Varma Maruthuvathin Adipadaikal

2. NOI NADAL PAPER- II

(Principles of Modern Pathology including Clinical Pathology) Total Hours: 150

- 1. Introduction of Pathology [5 hrs]
 - 1.1.Advances of Pathology
 - 1.2. Classification of Pathology
- 2. Lab Techniques, equipments, study of Pathogenesis (Instrumental Technique) [6 hrs]
- **3. Cell** [15 hrs]
- 4. Immunopathology, [10 hrs]

Cell injury , Cell response to injury – Degeneration – Common Causes – Fatty changes Atrophy, Hypertrophy – Metaplasia , Hyperplasia – Aplasia etc.

- 5. Haemodynamics Shock, oedema, embolism, thrombosis, ischemia, infarction, congestion [20 hrs]
- 6. Inflammation and wound healing [7 hrs]
- 7. Infectious diseases (Pathogenesis of the bacteria, virus and fungal infections) [15 hrs]
- 8. Gene and chromosomal Pathology Diseases due to abnormalities of Gene, Diagnosis
 [10 hrs]
- 9. Nutrition (Proteins, vitamins and minerals) [15 hrs]

10. Haematology [7 hrs]

Abnormalities RBC, WBC, Platelets

11.Neoplasm [10 hrs]

Etiology – Classification – Pathogenesis - Para neoplastic syndromes and complications - Diagnosis

12. Metabolic and life style disorders [30 hrs]

Diabetes, Obesity, Hypertension COPD, Jaundice, Arthritis and III effects of radiation etc.

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY (30 hours) 1. Haematology 2. Examination of Sputum for AFB. (5 hours) 3. Examination of Urine (4 hours) 4. Examination of Faeces (2 hours) 5. Blood smear examination (5 hours) 6. Widal Test (3 hours) (3 hours) 7. Vaginal Smear. 8. Serological test- VDRL – Elisa Test – Hbs Ag, RA factor – ASO Titre (10 hours) (2 hours) 9. Skin – Skin clipping procedure. (6 hours) 10. Liver Function Tests, Renal Function Tests. (10 hours) Histopathology slides & specimens (minimum 10 nos.) 1.Liver-fatty, cirrhosis & carcinoma 2.Lung – Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Bronchiectasis & 3.carcinoma Stomach – Gastritis, Ulcer & carcinoma 4. Uterus & Ovary – Endometritis, PCOD, Fibroid, Ovarian cyst & 5.carcinoma. Fibro adenoma breast 6.Colloidal Goiter 7.Osteoclastoma 8.Other slides Haematology slides (10 hours)

Practicals

Total Hours: 100

☆ 55

1. Iron deficiency Anaemia

2. Acute Myeloid leukaemia

- 3. Chronic Myeloid leukaemia
- 4. Acute lymphoblastic leukaemia
- 5. Chronic lymphoblastic leukemia

Radiology (10 hours)

- 1. Basic Principles
- 2. Respiratory System Tuberculosis, COPD, Pleural effusion etc.
- 3. Cardio-vascular System Enlargement, etc.
- 4. Osteology Fracture, Dislocation, Tumor etc.

Text Books:

- 1. Harsh Mohan 2010, Text Book Of Pathology, 6th Edition, Jitinder P Vij, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (p) Ltd., EMCA House, 22/23B Ansari Road Danyaganj.
- 2. Robbins and Cotran 2008, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 7th Edition Elsevier adivision of Reed Elsevier India private Limited, Logix Park, First Floor, A4 &A5 Sector -16 Noida 201301, U.P> India. Vinay Kumar MD, FRC Patho, Abul K. Abbas MBBS & Nelson Fausto, MD.
- 3. CK. Jayaram Panikar 2007, Text Book of Medical parasitology, 6th Edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (p) Ltd. EMCA House, 22/23B Ansari Road Danyaganj.
- 4. Sanyal & Battacharya 2011, Clinical Pathology, A Practical Manual, 2nd Edition Elsevier, a division of Reed Elsevier. India private Ltd.
- 5. Harsh Mohan 2010, Clinical Pathology, 6th Edition, Jitinder P Vij, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (p) Ltd. EMCA House, 22/23B Ansari Road Danyaganj.

3. SATTAM SARNTHA MARUTHUVAMUM NANJU MARUTHUVAMUM

(Forensic Medicine and Toxicology) Total Hours: 150

SATTAM SARNTHA MARUTHUVAM (Forensic Medicine)

1.Introduction: (Page No: 21-49, Ref.Book-S.No.1, 3hours)

Definitions – unnatural deaths – inquest – courts – power of courts – proceedings of the courts – medical evidences – dying declaration – witness –Sentences- professional secrets of a doctor – doctors and proceedings of the courts- Medical Certificate.

2.Medical Law and Ethics: (Page No: 29,32,35,49,53,- Ref.Book-S.No.3 , Page No.45- S.no: 4 , 3hours)

Duties of Medical Practitioners-Professional Secrecy-Professional Negligency -Mercy killing-Organ Transplantation.

3.Identity:- (Page No: 50-110, Ref.Book- S. No.1, 10 hours)

Useful factors for identity- identity in civil and criminal cases - identity in dead person - racial characters and religion— sex — sex determination from bones -age — age determination from teeth and bones — general development and stature -complexion features of individuality — hair- external peculiarities-scars —Moles- malformation-

Tattoomarks – Anthropometry – Dactylography – poroscophy-occupational marks.

4 Medico legal Autopsy:- (Page No: 113-134, 163-164- Ref. Book- S. No.1, 3hours)

Type of Autop<mark>sy- Conditions – Important points to be noted – External and Internal examination – preparation of specimens for analysis – Issue of death certificate-Exhumation.</mark>

- 5. Death and Its Causes: (Page No 130-145, Ref.Book- S No.3, 3hours)

 Definition -Medico legal importance Modes of death and classification sudden death signs of death.
- **6.** Post-mortem Changes :- (Page No: 146, 170, Ref.Book- S. No.3 , 147-162- Ref.Book- S. No.1 , 3hours)

Post Mortem Hypostasis- Cadaveric changes in the muscle – primary relaxation – rigidity – Secondary relaxation – Decomposition – Putrefaction-Adipocere formation Mummification – Estimation of time since death.

7. Asphyxia :- (Page No.165-207 - Ref.Book- S. No.1 , 10hours)

Definition-Asphyxia and Asphyxial death – causes – features of asphyxia and asphyxial death – Autopsy findings common to all asphyxias – Hanging – Complete and Incomplete Hanging-causes of death – autopsy findings – judicial hangings – medico legal aspects – Accidental-Suicidal-Homicidal Hanging-strangulation – autopsy findings – medico legal aspects – differences between hanging and strangulation – Throttling – autopsy findings – Drowning –

causes – Autopsy findings – How to confirm the cause of death — first aid – smothering – Suffocation- medico legal aspects – choking – traumatic asphyxias – autopsy findings.

8. Wounds and classification: - (Page No: 208--283, Ref.Book-S. No.1, 10 hours)

Wounds – classification- abrasions – contusion – lacerated wounds – incised wound – stab wound – firearm wound and their medico legal importance – Ante mortem and post mortem wounds – Internal and external changes of wounds – Age of the wounds – death due to wounds – fatal injuries – Grievous injuries – Defense wound – varieties of firearm and its function. Causes for death due to firearm – Hemorrhage – fat embolism

- Systemic embolism-Bomb Explosive Wounds.
- 9. Sexual offences: (Page No: 392-416- Ref.Book- S.No.3, 6 hours) Classifications-Rape-Incest procedure for examination of the accused and victim Findings of the examination Important point to be noted in accused and victim Examination of the place where the offence takes place- blood stains general

examination—age and sex identification from blood stains-blood groups-DNA—finger printing-chemical examination — Semenology — acid phosphatase test — alizarin test & etc.; Serological examinations — Microscopic examination — Difference between

semen & other substances- **Unnatural sexual offences**: Sodomy- Examination of the accused and Victim- Bestiality – Examination of the accused and animal -Buccal Coitus – Tribadism – **Sexual Perversions:** Transveritism – Sadism – Masochism – Exhibitionism-Fetchism – Necrophilia-Froteurism- masturbation-undinsm-lust murder.

10.Impotence and Sterility, Sterilization, Artificial Insemination: (Page No: 364-370-Ref.Book- S.No.3, 4 hours)

Impotence and Sterility- Sterilization-Artificial Insemination-Surrogate Motherhood.

11.Virginity :- (Page No: 371-373- Ref. Book- S.No.3 and Page No.399- S. no: 4 , 2 hours) Anatomy of Female genitalia – Hymen – Causes for the Rupture of hymen – Medical legal importance.

मार्च भवन्त माम्बन

12.Pregnancy:- (Page No: 327-347, Ref. Book- S. No.1 and Page No: 378- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Fertilization — Confirmatory findings for pregnancy – Presumptive signs – Probable signs – Positive signs – Biological Tests-Medico legal Importance-Legitimacy and Paternity-Posthumous child-Super fecundation.

13.Delivery:- (Page No: 379-380- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 3hours)

Signs of delivery the living – Signs of remote delivery in the living – Signs of delivery in the non living Woman– Supposititious child.

14.Abortion: - (Page No: 381-391- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Definition – Natural abortion –Cause of Abortion-Artificial Abortion- Justifiable abortion

Abortion on the basis of health condition – Rules to be followed by the physician –
 Procedures – Criminal abortion – complications – Cause of death.

15.Infanticide :- (Page No: 417-427- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Infanticide & its criminal proceedings – Still born babies – Features – Dead born – features – mummification – Causes of death – To confirm whether still born or birth after death – Accidental causes – Natural Causes-Criminal Causes - Precipitate Labor – Medico legal Importance-Concealment of Birth-Sudden Infant death syndrome-Battered baby syndrome.

16.Burns and Scalds: - (Page No: 394-411, Ref. Book - S. No.1, 5 hours)

Burns – Scalds – Stages of Burns & scalds – signs & symptoms – causes of death – Autopsy findings- Dowry death

17.Death from Lightning, Electricity, Hot & Cold :- (Page No: 412-422, Ref. Book- S. No.1, 6hours)

Lightning and its effects – Medication – Autopsy findings – Electricity and its effect – Causes for death – Medication – Autopsy findings – Hot – Effects – cold and its effects – Autopsy findings.

18.Starvation: - (Page No: 320-321- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Definitions – signs & Symptoms – Cause of death– Autopsy findings.

19.Forensic Psychiatry: - (Page No: 457-472- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 8 hours)

Insanity — Delirium — Delusion — Medico legal aspects — Hallucination — illusion — Lucid interval— impulse — obsession — Phobia- idiocy — Mental Subnormality-Diagnose insanity-Imbecility — feeblemindedness — Dementia — Schizophrenia — Psychic epilepsy — melancholia — Psychiatry due to alcohol abuse — Feigned insanity — laws related to psychiatry — court and psychiatrics — somnambulism — Automatism-Hypnotism and mesmerism-Medico legal Importance.

취심하다 기타당하다

NANJU MARUTHUVAM (TOXICOLOGY)

Section: 1 Introduction (Page No: 473-493- Ref. Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Definition – History of poison-Law of Poisons- classification of poisons – Factors modifying the Effect of Poison- Action of Poison-Biotransformation – Route of administration –Route of Excretion- diagnosis of poisoning in Living and dead – Duties of a doctor in case of poisoning – Treatment of poisoning.

Section: 2 Corrosive poisons (Acids strong alkalis) (Page No: 525-529- Ref.Book- S.No.1 and Page No: 505-508,528,529 Ref.Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Inorganic Acids: Sulphuric Acid-Nitric Acid-Hydrochloric Acid.

Organic Acids: Carbolic Acid-Oxalic acid.

Strong Alkalis: Sodium, Potassium, Ammonium Hydroxides and Carbonates

Section: 3 Irritant Poisons

I. Agicultural poisons: Organo Phosphorous- Organo Chlorine- Carbamates. (Page No: 494-498,500- Ref.Book- S.No.3, **2 hours**)

II. Inorganic Irritant Poisons: (Page No: 510-520- Ref.Book- S.No.3 and Page No.611-- 612, S.No.1 4hours)

Metals: Arsenic Compounds-Antimony-Lead-copper-Mercury compounds-Zinc-Chromium

Non Metals: Phosphorous--Sulphur-Mica.(PageNo.530-32 -S.No.1 and Page No.27,35-S.No.2 2 hours)

Mechanical Irritants: Glass powder-Diamond powder-Animal and vegetable Hairs. (PageNo.612 -S.No.1, **2 hours**)

III. Inorganic Irritant Poisons: (Page No: 524-528- Ref.Book- S.No.3 and Page No.46-63, S.No.2 10 hours)

Plants: Abrus precatorius – Calotropis gigantea – Semecarpus anacardium – Capsicum annum
 Croton tiglium – Ricinus communis – Euphorbia antiquorum – Excoearia agallocha- Gloriosa
 Superba-Plumbago zeylanica (Parts used, Chemical Compounds, Signs and Symptoms, Fatal

dose, Fatal Period, Siddha and Modern method of Treatment, Postmortem Examination and Medico legal Importance)

Animal Bites and Stings: (Page No: 639-664- Ref.Book- S.No.1 - Page No.74-134, S.No.2-Page No.528-536-S.No.3 **3 hours**)

Ants-Scorpion-Wasps-Spider-Snakes- Centlipedes-Bees-Rats-Onan-Lizards-Leech-Frog-Dog-Cat-Monkey-Horse-Fox-Unknown bite-Crocodile-Beetle-Pig-Animal bites treated with palagarai parpam.

Section: 4 Systemic Poisons

I. Neurotic or Cerebral Poisons:

Inebriant and CNS depressants: Opium-Morphine - Pethidine- Alcohol-Ethyl ,Methyl Alcohol-Toddy-Country Arrack. (page no.580-85,615-17,630-39–S.No.1 and page No.59-S.No.2, 4 hours)

CNS Stimulants: Amphetamine. (Page No: 562- Ref. Book- S. No. 3, 1hour)

Deliriants: Datura fastuosa- Cannabis sativa--Cocaine. (Page No: 566-571- Ref.Book-S.No.3 and Page No.58-60, S.No.2, **2 hours**)

Spinal Poison: Strychnosnux vomica. (Page No: 585-590- Ref.Book- S.No.1 - Page No.59-S.No.2, 1 hour)

II. Cardiac Poisons: - (Page No: 583-587- Ref.Book- S.No.3 and Page No.57,58,60-62, S.No.2 (
3hours)

Nerium odorum – Cerbera thevitea- Aconitum ferox – Nicotiana tobaccum- Cleistanthus collinus-Digitalis Purprea. (Parts used, active principles, Signs and Symptoms, Fatal dose, Fatal Period, Siddha and Modern method of Treatment, Postmortem Examination and Medico legal Importance)

III. Asphyxiants: (Page No: 588-594- Ref.Book- S.No.3, 3hours) Carbon

Monoxide-Carbon Dioxide-Hydrogen Sulphide and War Gases.

Section: 5 Food Poisonings and Poisonous Foods (Page No: 603-608- Ref.Book- S.No.3 and Page No.46-63, S.No.2, **11 hours**)

Definition-poisioning due to Micro organisms (Bacteria, Protozoa, fungus) - Botulism-poison due to chemical - Vegetable Origin (Lythyrus Sativus, Rye, Oats, Barely, Ground nut, Argemone Mexicana, Mushrooms, Ulunthu, Thuvarai, kadali, motchai, Cocconut, Banana fruit, Jack fruit, Bombax Malbaricum, Naval kottai, Sivanar root, Nungu, Magilam poo, wheet, Gingily oil)-Fish Poisoning—Ghee-Honey-Curd rice-Rice- Egg- Kudineer Thodam- Idu Marunthu -Neer Thodam-Features of Poisonous food-Examination of Poisonous Food-Signs and Symptoms-Treatment.

Section: 6 Drug Dependence (Page No: 572-574- Ref.Book- S.No.3, 3 hours)

Definition-Causes-Types of Drug Dependence-Treatment-Investigations of drug abuse deaths.

Section: 7 House hold Poisons (Page No: 475- Ref.Book- S.No.3 and Page No.599-602, S.No.1, 2hours)

Analgesics, Anti pyretics, Kerosene, Camphor, - Ant powder-Match Box-

Practicals Total Hours: 100

Topics:

Spotters: Toxic Plants-Toxic Metals and Minerals-Toxic Animals and household poison. (Practical work - 18 hours).

Microscope Findings: Stains, Animal and Human Hairs, Semen, Blood, Fibers etc. (Practical work - 9 hours).

Photos: Injury Cases, Burning, Drowning, Hanging, Strangulation. (Practical work -19 hours)

Weapons: Knife, Stone, Ligature, Stick, Blunt and Sharp edged weapons, Fire arms

(Practical work - 14 hours).

Certificates: Medical Certificate, Physical Fitness, Wound Certificate,

Age Certificate, Drunkenness, Death certificate. (Practical work - 20

hours).

Instruments: stomach wash tube and Ryles tube

(Practical work - 5 hours)

Examinations: Bones, X rays, Dental.

(Practical work - 15 hours)

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Text Books:

- Sattam Saarntha Maruthuvamum Nanju Maruthuvamum, Second Edition 1999, P.A. Muhammed Iqbal, MD (Siddha), Published by Department of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy, Chennai 106,
- 2. Nanju Murivu Nool, Third Edition, 1998, K.S. Murukesa Mudaliyar, Published by Department of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy, Chennai 106,
- 3. Dr.K.S.Narayan Reddy, 2013-The Essentials of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, 32nd Edition, Published by K.Suguna devi, H.No.16-11-15/2/2, Saleem nagar colony, No.1 malakpet, Hyderabad-36.
- 4. Dr. Apurba Nandy, 2013-Nandys's Hand Book of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, 1st published, New Central Book Agency (P)Ltd., 8/1, Chintamoni Das lane, Kolkota-9.

Reference Books:

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- 1. C.A.Franklin, 1988-Modi's Text Book of Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology 21st a. Edition.
- 2. Dr.K.M.Natkarni.1993- Materia Medica vol-I and II, ^{3rd} Edition, K.M.Popular Prakashan PVT Ltd, Bombay.
- 3. Vishavaidhya Arooda Noolkal, First edition, 2000, Thamarai Noolakam, Chennai 26
- 4. Sarabendra Vaidhya Muraikal, Visha Roga Chikitchai, Fifth edition 2005, Dr.S. Venkata Rajan, Saraswathy Mahal Library, Thanjavur
- 5. Visha V<mark>aidhya Chintamani, Sirumanavoor Munisamy Mu</mark>dhaliyar, 1995, B.R. Balakrishnan Nayakar, Chennai- 79
- 6. Theran Yamaka Venba, Second edition, 1973, Dr.P.A. Muhamed Abdullah Sahib
- 7. Gunapadam, Thathu Jeevam, Fourth Edition, 1992, Dr. R. Thyagarajan, Published by Department of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy, Chennai 106

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4. NOI ANUGAVITHI OZHUKKAM

Total Hours: 100

(HYGIENE AND COMMUNITY MEDICINE INCLUDING NATIONAL HEALTH POLICIES)

CHAPTER – 1 (Hour - 1)

Introduction to preventive and social medicine, concept of man and society, aim and scope of preventive and social medicine, relations between economic factors and environment in health and disease

CHAPTER - 1 (A) (Hour - 1)

The ways to lead a disease free life as said by ancient siddhar Theriyar

CHAPTER – 2 (Hour - 2)

The five Geographical Classifications - description and occurrence of diseases

CHAPTER – 3 (Hours - 2)

Ancient town planning - modern town planning

CHAPTER – 4 (Hours - 3)

Industries – occupational diseases and its preventions – Occupational hazards.

CHAPTER – 5 (Hours - 4)

Oorthooimai – waste managemen<mark>t – Excreta disposal –</mark> modern sewage treatment and other methods of sewage disposal. Recycling Methods

CHAPTER -6 (Hours - 2)

Modern house and vaasthu, Modern Construction Techinques which prevent natural calamities.

CHAPTER – 7 (Hour - 1)

Burial and Cremation.

CHAPTER – 8 (Hours - 4)

Seasons (Perumpozhuthu, Sirupozhuthu) – Principles to be followed in the above seasons and the specific food.

Imporikal Kappu, Seasonal Food habits, Uthrayanam, Thakshinayanam, Utthama, Mathima, Athama Kaala Ozhukam.

CHAPTER – 9 (Hours - 5)

Water – uses – sources – pollution and its related diseases, Purification and distribution. Water treatment methods

Rain water, Snow water – Collection methods and Application types

River Water – types and therapeutic Values

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Waterfalls, Pond water and Well water – types and therapeutic Values

Nandu Kuzhi neer, Naaval mara neer, Karunkalli neer, Vaazhai neer, Ella neer – types and therapeutic Values.

CHAPTER – 10 (Hours - 3)

Neruppu (or) thee – Atmospheric temperature – Effects of heat stress – Effects of cold stress – Preventive measures of global warming – humidity

CHAPTER – 11 (Hours - 5)

Air pollution – Health aspects, Prevention and control, ventilation – Types, Effects of different types of fumes

CHAPTER – 12 (Hours - 2)

Noise – effects of noise pollution and its control.

CHAPTER – 13 (Hours - 3)

Habits – Personal hygiene and daily routines – Costumes – gems and pearls –. Pancha Karpam

CHAPTER – 14 (Hours - 4)

Food – Six tastes – Three types of food – Toxicity – Adulteration – Food borne diseases – Prevention and control – Food standards- Food Digestion time, Paththiyam, Selection of food based on uyir thathukal. Junk foods and health hazards.

CHAPTER – 15 (Hours - 2)

Beverages – Drinking water- Effects of water depending on the utensils – fruit juices - Neerakaram, Kaadi neer.

CHAPTER – 16 (Hours - 2)

Uses of Betel leaf and nut. III effects of Tobacco products

CHAPTER – 17 (Hours - 2)

Rest and sleep - Types of bed

CHAPTER – 18 (Hours - 4)

Nutritious and balanced diet – Role of fibers, cereals, vegetables – Greens – fruits – animal proteins – fish – birds – pickles etc. – Diseases –Thritoda sama porulgal –, Nutritional Disorders and public health

CHAPTER – 19 (Hour -3)

Serving procedures – types of vessels and their effect on food preparation.

CHAPTER – 20 (Hours - 14)

Communicable diseases:

Causes – Symptoms – Prevention and control of Chicken pox – Measles – Mumps – Influenza – Diphtheria – Whooping cough – Tuberculosis – Plaque – Rubella, etc

Intestinal infections:

Causes, symptoms, prevention and control of poliomyelitis – Viral hepatitis – Cholera – acute diarrheal diseases – Typhoid – Food poisoning – Amoebiasis – Ascariasis – Hook worm infestation etc

Vector borne infection:

Causes, Symptoms, Prevention and Control of; Dengue – Malaria – Filariasis – Chi-gun-gunia, Lepto Spirosis, SARS.

Surface infection:

Causes, Symptoms, Prevention and Control of; Trachoma – Tetanus - Leprosy – STD – AIDS/ HIV.

CHAPTER – 21 (Hours - 12)

National & Regional health programmes – NMEP – NFCP – NLCP – NTP – National Aids control programme – National programme for control of blindness – Iodine deficiency disorders programme – National cancer control programme – National mental health programme – National diabetes control programme – Child survival and safe motherhood programme – National family welfare programme – National water supply and sanitation programme – Minimum needs programme – Health and missions.

CHAPTER – 22 (Hours - 5)

Mental Health – Counseling and eradication of social stigma.

CHAPTER – 23 (Hours - 5)

Siddha concept of preventive measures – immunology and personnel hygiene.

Vaccination & Immunization Schedule

CHAPTER – 24 (Hours - 5)

Hospital Acquried Infections, Preventive methods.

CHAPTER – 25 (Hours - 4)

Hospital & Bio Medical Waste – Types and Disposal management.

Text Books:

- 1. Noi illa neri by Dr. Durairajan, H.P.I.M., Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.
- 2. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine by K. Park, 21st Edition, Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers

Reference books:

- 1. Pathartha Guna Chintamani Published by Ratna nayakar & Sons, Chennai 1932.
- 2. Agathiyar Gunavagadam
- 3. Siddha Maruthuvannga Surukkam Dr. C. S. Uthamarayan H.P.I.M., Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Chennai, Govt. of Tamil Nadu.
- 4. A Treatise on Hygiene and Public Health by Birendra Nath Ghosh, Scientific Publishing Company, 1953.

5. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND MEDICAL STATISTICS

Total Hours: 100

1. Research Methodology [10 hrs]

i. Introduction

- Objectives of research
- Types of research
- Research methods
- Research process (Sources of data and data collection, Developing hypothesis and formulating research question, Extensive research survey, Preparing research design, Determining sample design, Execution of project, Analysis of data, Hypothesis testing, Generalisation and interpretation, Preparation of the report or the thesis)
- Problems encountered by researchers in India.

ii. Areas of Research Interest in Siddha [5 hrs]

- Alavaigal and its interpretation with contemporary research
- Literary research / Fundamental research (especially Siddha research methodologies)
- Product/Drug/Pharmaceutical research
- Epidemiological/Clinical research.
- SWOT(Strength, Weakness, Opportunity & Threat)

2. Literary Review [5 hrs]

Reviewing in research / Search for research Hypothesis/ Historical evidences / published papers

3. Protocol [5 hrs]

- Designing a Protocol
- Various Templates in Protocol

4. Epidemiological studies and its application in clinical research [10 hrs]

Observational studies:

- i. Descriptive studies
- ii. Analytical studies: Ecological, Cross sectional, Case-control (Retrospective) and Cohort study (Prospective, Retrospective and Combined)

Experimental studies:

i. Randomization (Randomized Controlled Trial and its varieties & Non randomized trial and its varieties)

ii Blinding

5. Pre-clinical studies [10 hrs]

- Traditional methods to identify the quality of raw materials and preparations
- Authentication and Standardization of Siddha drugs
- Pharmacological screening for Safety and efficacy (in vivo and in vitro)
- Nanotechnology.
 (Ref: Protocol for testing by PLIM/ OECD Guidelines / GMP Guidelines)

6. Prerequisites for clinical study [5 hrs]

- Investigational pharmaceutical product
- Pre- clinical supporting data & pilot study etc.
- Research Protocol (Relevant components of protocol)
- Case Report Form (CRF)
- Informed consent process
- Interim review.

7. Ethical guidelines [10 hrs]

- Ethical and safety considerations (Ethics committee)
- Composition
- Submission of application
- IEC approval

8. Clinical trial designs and AYUSH GCP [15 hrs]

• Clinical research /trial – introduction

- Types of clinical trials
- Phases of clinical trial
- Data collection, Processing, and Data analysis
- Interpretation-Reporting method of clinical trial
- Clinical data management (CDM)
- Responsibilities of Sponsor, Monitor and Investigator
- Clinical Trial Registry of India -CTRI

9. Bio- Statistics [15 hrs]

- Introduction
- Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion
- Normal distribution
- Sampling-Probability-Sampling variability
- Tests of significance- difference in means difference in proportions of large samples
 -Chi-square test, t-test
- Demography and vital statistics
- Data analysis& Interpretation of results
- Tabulation- Diagrams (Bar charts, Histogram, Pie charts, Pictogram)- Statistical
- maps- Sources and presentation of data- Statistical averages
- Scientific writing.
- Hospital information Systems and hospital management system.
- Qualitative and quantitative data
 - Statistical Analysis of SPSS, Epi info and Epi data

10.Pharmacovigilance [5 hrs]

- Introduction&importance
- Siddha literature and Pharmacovigilance
- Difficulties in Pharmacovigilance (Rechallenging & dechallenging)
- Adverse Drug reactions- Regulations
- Identification of ADR- Prevention of ADR.
- 11.Intellectual Property Right (IPR),TKDL [5 hrs]
- 12. Glossary of selected terms in research methodology and statistics.

Text Books:

1. Introduction to Biostatistics and Research Methods - P. S. S. Sundar Rao, J. Richard

2. Biostatistics, Principles and Practices, Antonisamy.B et al, Tata Mcgraw hiil Education Private Limited, New Delhi, 2010

Sources for Reference:

- 1.Good Clinical Practices published by CDSCO, GoI. (http://rgcb.res.in/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/Good-Clinical-Practice-Guideline.pdf)
- 2.Becoming a Successful Clinical Trial Investigator by Dr.P.K. Julka DNA Press 2nd Edn. 2009.
- 3.ETHICAL GUIDELINES FOR BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH ON HUMAN PARTICIPANTS by Indian Council for Medical Research, New Delhi on (http://icmr.nic.in/ethical_guidelines.pdf)
- 4.Good clinical Practice for Clinical trials of Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani Medicine (GCP-ASU) Department of AYUSH, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Government of India, New Delhi-2013 (http://indianmedicine.nic.in/writereaddata/linkimages/5110899178-Final%20Book%2028-03-13.pdf)
- 5. Handbook for good clinical research practice (GCP): Guidance for implementation World Health Organization2002 (http://apps.who.int/prequal/info_general/documents/GCP/gcp1.pdf)

Final Professional BSMS

1. MARUTHUVAM (MEDICINE) Total hours 150

Study of following disease with clinical demonstration, their various names, Definition, causes, premonitory signs, signs & symptoms, description about the humoural disorders, pulse reading, complications, Associated disease, fatal signs, Line of treatment, prognosis, specific or special medicines, regimen and diet. Necessary modern scientific correlations shall also be incorporated as and when required.

| 1. Kural kammal (Hoarseness of voice) | (2 hours) |
|---|---|
| 2. Mookkadaippu (Sinusitis and Nasal block) | (2 hours) |
| 3. Irumal noi (Cough) | (2 hours) |
| 4. Eraippu noi (Bronchial asthma) (2 ho | ours) |
| 5. Elaippu noi (Tuberculosis) (2 ho | ours) |
| 6. Kuruthiazhal noi (Bleeding disorders and a | bnormalities of blood pressure) (2 hours) |
| 7. Thamaraga noi (pertaining with heart dise | ases) (3 hours) |
| 8. Veluppu noi (Anaemia) | (2 hours) |
| 9. Oodhal noi (Dropsy) | (2 hours) |
| 10. Ulaimanthai (Acute / chronic enteritis) | (2 hours) |
| 11. Suvayinmai (Disorder of tastes) | (2 hours) |
| 12. Seriyamai (Indigestion) | (2 hours) |
| 13. Neervetkai (Polydipsia) | (2 hours) |
| 14. Vikkal (Hiccup) | (2 hours) |

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15. Vanthi (Vomitting)
                                             (2 hours)
16. Mantham (Dyspepsia)
                                             (2 hours)
17. Gunmam (Pain abdomen)
                                             (3 hours)
18. Manneeral noi (Diseases of spleen)
                                             (2 hours)
19. Kalleeral noi (Diseases of liver)
                                             (2 hours)
20. Manjal noi (Jaundice)
                                             (2 hours)
21. Peruvayiru (Abdominal distension)
                                             (4 hours)
22. Kudalpidippu (Abdominal colic)
                                           (2 hours)
23. Perunkalichal noi (Diarrhoea)
                                                   (2 hours)
24. Ninakalichal noi (Amoebic dysentery)
                                                   (2 hours)
25. Kaduppu kalichal noi (Bacillary dysentery)
                                                   (2 hours)
26. Oozhi noi (Cholera)
                                                   (2 hours)
27. Soolai (Pricking pain of varied aetiology)
                                                   (3 hours)
28. Siruneer noikal
28 (I) Neerinai arukkal noikal (Conditions of reduced urinary output)
                noi (Renal calculi) (3
a) Kalladaippu
                                          hours)
                                                    b) Neeradaippu
                                                                        noi (Retension of urine)
      (3hours) c) Neerkattu (Anuria) (3 hours
                                                           d) Sottu neer (Incontinence of urine)
      (3 hours ) e) Neersurukku (Oliguria) (3 hours )
      f) Vellai noi (Urethritis/inflammation of the uro-genital organs)
                                                                          (3 hours)
28 (II) Neerinai perukkal noikal (Conditions of increased urinary output)
      a) Meganeer/Athimoothiram(Polyuria) (4 hours ) b) Neerizhivu (
                                                                              Diabetes mellitus)
      (3 hours ) c) Thelineer (Diabetes insipidus) (2 hours ) d) Venneer (Spermatorrhoea)
(2 hours)
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| 29. Keel vayu (Arthritis) | (4 hours) |
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| 30. Suram – 64 (Fever – 64 types) | (7 hours) |
| 31. Mukkutra noi (Delirium) | (3 hours) |
| | 14. |
| 32. Ammai noi (Viral infections) | (3 hours) |
| 33. Vatha noi (Rheumatic diseases and other ne | urological disorders) & Pakkavatham (Hemiplegia) (8 hours) |
| | |
| 34.Pitha noi (Pitha diseases) | (5 hours) |
| | |
| 35.lya noi (Kapha diseases) | (4 hours) |
| 36.Endocrine (diseases) | (8 hours) |
| (i) Hyper pituitarism | (8 flours) |
| (i) Hyper pitaltarisiii | 79 |
| (ii) Hypo <mark>pituitarism</mark> | |
| (iii) Hyper thyroidism | |
| (iv) Hypo thyroidism | |
| (v) Cushing's syndrome | [23] et : |
| (vi) Adrenal insufficiency | |
| (vii) Hyper parathyroidism | |
| (viii) Hypo parathyroidism | |
| 37. Infectious diseases | (5 hours) |
| 38. Sexually transmitted diseases | |
| 38.1 Korrukku noi (Syphilis) – 38.2 Mega vettai no | i – (Gonorrhoea) (5 hours) |
| 39. Ema kurai noi/ Theivu noi – HIV & AIDS | (3 hours) |
| 40. Life style disorders | (7 hours) |

PRACTICALS: (200 hours)

1. Practical training in the general examination and systemic examination.

- 2. Maintaining clinical records
- 3. Envagai thervu
- 4. Nadi parisothanai
- 5. Application of Neerkuri and Neikuri
- 6. Application of Manikkadai nool
- 7. Application of Clinical investigations and interpretations
- 8. Practical training in common medical emergencies
- 9. Practical application of puramaruthuvam in medical cases

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Siddha Maruthuvam, Kuppusamy Muthaliar (1st Edn. 1954), Tamilnadu Siddha medical council, Chennai, 2nd Edn. 1987.
- 2. Yugi vaidhya chintamani, Yugimamunivar, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, Revised Edn. 1998
- 3. Jeeva raktch<mark>amirtham, Subramaniya Pandithar, The Arrow Press, Ma</mark>dras, 2nd Edn., 1928
- 4. Siddha Maruthuvaanga Surukkam, C. S. Uthamarayan, H.P.I.M., Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai,
- 5. Noikalukku Siddha parikaram Part I & II, Shanmugavelu, Indian medicine and homeopathy department, Chennai 106, (1st Edn. 1972, Reprint: 2012)
- 6. Davidson's principle and practice of medicine, 2014, 22nd Edn., Churchill Livingstone, Elsevier, ISBN NO.- 9780702050473
- 7. Hutchison's Clinical Methods, Saunders Ltd. ISBN: 978-0-7020-4091-7.
- 8. Practical Medicine, PJ Mehta, The National Book Depot, 20th Edn., 2013, ISBN: 9788190704618

2. VARMAM, PURAMARUTHUVAM AND SIRAPPUMARUTHUVAM

(Varmam Therapy, External Therapy and Special Medicine) Total hours: 150

I. KAYAKALPAM (15 hours)

Definition – Description – Regimen – uses & etc.

- 1. Kalpa medicines (Rejuvenation Therapy) Classification General & special karpam.
 - a. Mooligai karpam (Herbal origin)
 - b. Thathu Karpam (minerals origin)
 - c. Jeeva Karpam (Animal origin)
- 2. Attanga yogam Iyamam- Niyamam- Asanam- Pranayamam- Prathiyakaram- Thaaranai- Thiyanam-Samadhi
- 3. Pranayamam Definition Philosophy method Regimen Uses
- 4. Yoga –Definition Principles of yoga practice- yoga postures types explanation– philosophy uses.
- 5. Muppu Definition philosophies classification description uses.

II. VARMAM: (10 hours)

- Definition Description about the importance of Varmam why it is called as Unique feature of Siddha system: Basic Philosophies related to the formation of Varma points classification based on three humours based on anatomical locations based on signs & symptoms special & particular physical manipulation techniques & massage pertaining to Varma therapy pulse diagnosis of varma patients Important medicines used in varma therapy Specific food items prescribed for the patients.
- 2. Detailed study about the following Varma points:- (it includes location signs & symptoms medicines)

Paduvarmam (12)

(6 hours)

- 1) Uchi varmam
- 2) Pidari kaalam
- 3) Chevikuthikaalam
- 4) Natchathirakaalam
- 5) Thilartha kaalam
- 6) Kannaadikaalam

- 7) Urakka kaalam
- 8) Thummi kaalam
- 9) Ner Varmam
- 10) Adappa kaalam
- 11) Periya athisurikki kaalam
- 12) Kallidai kaalam

Thodu varmam (96)

(34 hours)

- I. Varma points located in Head & Neck :(22)
 - 1) Pootellu Varmam
 - 2) Mun chuvadi varmam
 - 3) Nettri kaalam
 - 4) Pin chuvadi varmam
 - 5) Porichal varmam
 - 6) Puruva kaalam
- 7) kannakaalam
- 8) Kumbidum kaalam
- 9) Bala varmam
- 10) Chuliyadi Varmam
- 11) Moorthi kaalam

- 12) Aayama kaalam
- 13) Nadi kaalam
- 14) Chenni Varmam
- 15) Poigai kaalam
- 16) Kurunthukuthi kaalam
- 17) Alavattukona chenni Varmam
- 18) Vettu Varmam
- 19) Kokki kaalam.
- 20) Manthira kaalam
- 21) Kannu varmam
- 22) Arukukaalam.

II Varma Points located in Trunk: (37) 23) Malar varmam 24) Vilangu varmam 25) Kulir varmam 26) Arangu varmam 27) Maattraan kaalam 28) Thivalai varmam 29) Kaareeral varmam 30) Velleeral varmam 31) Koombu varmam 32) Nenchadaippan varmam 33) Villu varmam 34) Mundellu varmam 35) Urumi varmam 36) Kuttri varmam 37) Kakotta kaalam 38) Chippi varmam 39) Changu thirikaalam 40) Vaayu kaalam 41) Manthira kaalam 42) Chiriya Athichuriki 43) Iruppu varmam 44) Villu varmam 45) Andakkaalam 46) Kaccha varmam 47) Thandu varmam 48) Thandinadi varmam 49) Pandri varmam 50) Ada varmam 52) Vaanthi kaalam 51) Mothira kaalam 53) Valamburi kaalam 54) Chorutheenda kaalam 55) Naabi varmam 56) Hanuman varmam 57) Pushti kaalam 58) Chuli varmam 59) Kurunthukuthi kaalam. III The Varma points located in the Extremities: (37) 60) Thuthikai varmam 61) Dhakshana kaalam 62) Kavali varmam 63) Peruviral mayya varmam 64) Manikattu varmam 65) Kannu varmam 66) Muzhankai varmam 67) Muttu varmam 68) Kochu varmam 69) Chulukku varmam` 70) Puja varmam 71) Mozhi varmam 72) Aani varmam 73) Pathakkala varmam 74) Chulukku varmam 75) Kochu varmam 76) Aaama kaalam 77) Thundu varmam 78) Chirattai varmam 79) Muttu varmam 80) Channi varmam 81) Naai thalai varmam 83) Uppu Kuttri varmam 82) Visha varmam 84) Kaal kannu varmam 85) Kuthikaal varmam 87) Kulachu varmam 86) Nadai varmam 88) Mudichu Varmam 89) Boomi kaalam 90) Naduviral chulukku varmam 91) Kaal kavali

III. GERIATRICS (5 hours)

Definition – Description – Care and management physical & mental disorder – Care – External changes.

93) Adakka varmam

95) Komberi kaalam

92) Peruviral mayya varmam

94) Konachanni

96) Paathachakkaram.

IV. PSYCHIATRY: (25 hours)

1) Classification of psychiatric disorders – Aetiological factors – Examination of mental state – Manifestations of psychiatric illness – Delusions and hallucinations –symptoms of depression – Anxiety symptoms – Deliberate self harm and Suicidal ideation – Schizophrenia & Delusional disorders – Mood disorders – Neurotic, stress related and Somatoform disorders – Disorders of Adult personality and behaviour.

Introduction – Definition – Types – Treatment of the following diseases.

2) Paithiyam noi - 18 types

- 1. Aavesa Paithiyam
- 4. Suronitha Paithiyam
- 7. Azhal Paithiyam
- 10. Visha Paithiyam
- 13. Aankaara Paithiyam
- 16. Kama Paithiyam

- 2. Abikasa Paithiyam
- 5. Vihaara Paithiyam
- 8. Murka Paithiyam
- 11. Pralaaba Paithiyam
- 14. Gnana Paithiyam
- 17. Visha Thaga Paithiyam
- 3. Mavuna Paithiyam
- 6. Thaaga Paithiyam
- 9. Naduku Paithiyam
- 12. Pitha Paithiyam
- 15. Kaivisha Paithiyam
- 18. Siddha Paithiyam

- 3)a) Kirigai noi
 - b) Unmatham noi
 - c) Brammai noi
 - d) Matha noi
 - e) Mathathiyam noi
 - f) Soothika vatham
 - g) Moorchai Apasmaram mayakkam.
- 4)Seizure disorders
 - a) Valippu noi
 - b) Kakai Valipp<mark>u noi</mark>

V. PURA MARUTHUVAM (External Therapy) 32 types

(15 hours)

Definition – Types – THOKKANAM – (Physical manipulation) Descriptions according to Therantharu – practical training – Steam therapy - Fume therapy - Bandages - Patru (Plaster) – Ottradam (Fomentation) – Poochu (paste) – Podi thimirdhal (powder massage) - Kalikkam - Anjanam (eye applications) – Nasika paranam (Medicated snuff)-Nasiyam (Nasal drops) – Murichal (Surgical correction of malunited fracture) – kombu kattal (splinting) – peechu (enema/douche) Oothal (blowing), Podi thimirthal-(Massage with herbal grains or paste)

VI. BONE AND JOINT DISEASES:

(25 hours)

Injuries to bones: Fracture – varieties – X-ray findings – complications – indications for surgical treatment – fracture of childhood – reduction procedures with splints – POP and modern techniques – practical training.

Diseases of bones:-Osteomyelitis – Tuberculosis – Rickets – Scurvy – Paget's disease – Osterochondritis –Acromegaly–Tumours of bones–(Benign and malignant)–Secondary tumours.

Injury to Joints: Dislocation of shoulder joint, Jaw etc.

Diseases of Joints: Acute suppurative, Gonococcal, syphilitic arthritis, chronic arthritis - T B gummatous, Rheumatoid and osteo arthritis – X-ray findings.

Injuries to muscles and tendons

Deformities -Scoliosis, kyphosis, cubitus valgus, Dupuytren's contracture, Coxa vara, Genu valgum, flat foot.

Injury to vertebrae – complications

Skull fracture

VII. Diseases of Central Nervous System:

(15 hours)

- 1. Hemiplegia
- 2. Parkinsonism
- 3. Poliomyelitis
- 4. Cranial nerve disorders
- 5. Paraplegia
- 6. Quadriplegia
- 7. Cerebellar ataxia
- 8. Myopathy
- 9. Motor neuron disease

PRACTICAL TRAINING IN THE ATTACHED HOSPITAL ON THE FOLLOWING

(200 hours)

- 1. Clinical examination of Neurological, Psychiatry and Orthopedics cases.
- 2. Practical training on Varma Therapy.
- Practical training on Puramaruthuvam (External therapy) Steam therapy Fume therapy-Bandages- Patru (Plaster) Ottradam (Fomentation) Poochu (paste) Podi thimirdhal (Massage with herbal grains or paste) Kalikkam- Anjanam (eye applications) Nasika paranam-Nasiyam (Nasal applications) Murichal (Surgical correction of malunited fracture) kombu kattal (splinting) peechu (enema/douche)
- 4. Practical training on Therapeutic applications of Yoga.
- 5. Writing case records.

Text Book:

- 1. Siddha Maruthuvam Sirappu, Dr.R.Thiagarajan, Directorate of Indian Medicine & Homeopathy, Chennai, 1995.
- 2. Varma Soothiram (A Tamil text on martial arts), Institute of Asian Studies, Chennai, 2007
- 3. Light on Yoga, Shri BKS Iyengar, HarperCollins Publishers, 2001, ISBN: 9780007107001
- 4. Siddhar Kaya Karpam Central Council for Research in Ayurveda & Siddha, New Delhi, 1985
- 5. External Therapies of Siddha Medicine, Dr.Thirunarayanan, Centre for Traditional Medicine and Research, Chennai, 2010
- 6. Sanni, Vaisoori, Paithiyam & Oozhinoi Thoguthi (Paithya Roga Nidaanam), T.Mohana Raj, ATSVS Siddha Medical College and Hospital, Kanniyakumari, ISBN :9789380288079

Reference Book

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- 1. Sanni, Vaisoori, Paithiyam & Oozhinoi Thoguthi, T.Mohana Raj, ATSVS Siddha Medical College and Hospital, Kanniyakumari, ISBN :9789380288079
- 2. Varmam marthuvam Dr. Kannan Rajaram, ATSVS Siddha Medical College and Hospital, Kanniyakumari, ISBN: 9788190868433
- 3. Yugi vaidhya chintamani, Yugimamunivar, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, Revised Edn. 1998
- 4. Vatha Noi Thoguthi, T.Mohana Raj, ATSVS Siddha Medical College and Hospital, Kanniyakumari, ISBN :9789380288079
- 5. Varma Odivu Murivu Saari suthiram 1500, T.Mohana Raj, ATSVS Siddha Medical College and Hospital, Kanniyakumari, ISBN -9789380288062
- 6. Asana Paranayama Muthira Bantha, Swami Sathyanananda Saraswasthi, Yoga Publications Trust, Bihar, 2008, ISBN: 9788186336144
- 7. A Short Text Book of psychiatry, M S Bhatia, CBS publishers and distributers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2011. ISBN 9788123920450
- 8. Text Book of Neurology, Navneet Kumar, PHI learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2011, ISBN: 9788120342439
- 9. Davidson's principle and practice of medicine, 2014, 22nd Edn., Churchill Livingstone, Elsevier, ISBN NO: 9780702050473

10. Text book of orthopaedics and traumatology, Mayilvahanan Natarajan, Wolter Kluwer India | Lippincott William, 2011, ISBN:9788184734430

3. ARUVAI, THOL MARUTHUVAM (SURGERY

INCLUDING DENTISTRY AND DERMATOLOGY)

Total hours 150

ARUVAI MARUTHUVAM (GENERAL SURGERY)

(60 hours)

- 1. Literary evidences for the antiquity of surgical practice in Siddha medicine (I hour)
- Classification on the practice of treatment. Divine method (Vinnavarurai) Rational method (Manidarurai) Surgical method (Asurarurai) (Aruvai, Agni, Karam and 25 sub divisions).
- 3. Study on Aruvai (Surgical excision)- Keeral (Incision)- Kuruthi vangal (Blood letting)- Attai vidal(Leech therapy)- Salagai(Probing)- Varthi (Medicated wick)- Oodhal (Blowing)- Peechu (enema/ douch) -Urinchal(Sucking)--Kattudhal(bandaging)- Chuttigai(cauterization)-Vedhu (Steam therapy)- Pugai (Fumication)- Karam (caustic applications) (2hours)
- 4. General principles of surgery Pre and post operative care its management. (I hour)
- 5. Study of causes, clinical features, classification, diagnosis, treatment (medical & surgical) with scientific correlations clinical examination and investigations for the following diseases.
- a. Veekam (Inflammation) (2 hours)
- b. Punkal (Ulcers) (2 hours)
- c. Kattigal- (Tumours) (2 hours)
- d. Silaippun- (Sinus ulcers & its treatment with karanool) (2 hours
- e. Moolanoikal- (Ano-rectal diseases) (2 hours)

Arpaviranam – (koppulam – mugapparu – Thavalaichori – Akkul koppulam

Akkul katti – Akkul nilapoosani katti – Akkul erichal katti – Putru vanmegam

Aani – Naga chutru – Setrupun – Maru – Attathar kopulam – Varagu koppulam) (5 hours)

g. Pavuthiram – Fistula-in-ano (2 hours)

(1 Hour) n. Kalladaippu - Renal calculi o. Aankuri noigal – Diseases of the male genetalia. (1 hour) Naakku noigal (Diseases of the tongue) – Ulnakku noigal (Diseases of the uvula). (2 hours) 7. Acute specific infections - Tetanus, Gas gangrene, Cellulitis, Septicaemia, Bactremia, Pyemia, Wounds. (2 hours) 8. Non- specific infectious diseases: Cellulitis, Carbuncle, Ulceration and gangrene. hours) 9. Tumours and cysts – Benign and malignant tumours. (2 hours) 10. Fluid electrolyte and acid base balance - Parenteral fluid therapy - contra indications to I.V therapy – clinical guide to fluid requirement – Alternative route for parentral fluid therapy -Proctolysis, Transnasal intragastric tube – Acidosis & Alkalosis. (5 hours) 11. Burns and Scalds – Haemorrhage – Types of Shock (2 hours) 12. a) Diseases of arteries – Aneurysm, Embolism, Thrombosis (5 hours) Diseases of veins - Thrombosis of vein, Varicose vein, Venous ulcer, Thrombophlebitis Diseases of lymphatic vessels and lymph nodes – Lymphoedema, lymphadenitis, lymphadenoma (Hodgekin's disease) 13. Infections of Hand & Foot (1 hour) 14. Diseases of breast – Breast abscess, Fibroadenoma, ANDI, Carcinoma breast. (2 hours) 15. 1) Diseases of Rectum, Anus, Fissure in ano etc. (2 hours) 2) Diseases of urinary bladder, Prostatic gland, retention of urine. (2 hours)

(1 hour)

(1 hour)

(1hour)

(1 hour)

(1 hour)

(1 hour)

h. Mega kattikal – Diabetic skin lesions, STD

k. Nagil katti – Benign & malignant tumours of the breast

Kandamalai – Cervical adenitis

Vithai noi – Diseases of scrotum

16. Diseases of urethra, Phymosis, Paraphymosis.

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hours)

m. Kiranthi noi – Chronic ulcers

Yanaikkal – Filariasis

17. Diseases of testis & scrotum – Orchitis, Hydrocele, Haematocele, Varicocele, Herniae (2

(1 hour)

KAN, KATHU, MOOKKU, THONDAI MARUTHUVAM

KAN MARUTHUVAM (Eye diseases & Management) (20 hours)

- 1. Definition of normal healthy eye
- 2. Names of 96 eye diseases according to "Agasthiyar nayana vithi"
- 3. Prophylactic measures for healthy vision
- 4. Causes of eye diseases
- 5. Classification of eye diseases according to Agasthiyar and Nagamuni nayana vithi Including their names, signs & symptoms, surgical treatment techniques and medicines
- 6. Surgical treatment for Pitha kasam
- 7. Suttigai or Ratchai treatment for Padalam
- 8. Surgical treatment for Karunagappadalam
- 9. Ratchai treatment for Ezhuchinoi
- 10. Surgical treatment for Mudamayir
- 11. Medicines commonly used for Eye diseases:
 - a. Padalathi mathirai
 - b. Kankasa mathirai
 - c. Matcha Rethinadhi mathirai
 - d. Ilaneer kuzhambu
 - e. Chandrodhaya mathirai
 - f. Narikelanjanam
 - g. Pazha kirambu pakkuva vennai
 - h. Kandu Parpam
 - i. Anda neer
 - j. Kan thailam

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- 12. Comparision with modern diagnosis:
 - a. Suzhal vanderithal Vitreous opacities
 - b. Naga padalam Pterygium
 - c. Mayir puzhuvettu Ulcerative blepharitis
 - d. Amaram Opthalmia neonatorum
 - e. Kuvalai vippuruthi Dacryocystits
 - f. Vellezhuthu Presbyopia

- g. Thurmamisa valarchi Episcleritis
- h. Mudamayir Trichiasis
- 13. Cataract and its surgical treatment.
- 14. Conjunctivitis and its treatment.
- 15. Glaucoma and its treatment.
- 16. Presbyopia, Myopia, Astigmatism, Nystagmus.
- 17. The causes and prevention of blindness.
- 18. Hygiene of Eye.
- 19. Viral infections of Eye

KATHU MARUTHUVAM (Ear diseases & Management)

(10 hours)

Study of the following ear diseases with internal and external medicines: Sevi vatha noi – sevi soolai noi – sevi sanni noi – sevi vippuruthi noi – Sevi yezhuchi, Sevi Karappan - sevikkuttam – seviparu – sevipilavai

- 1. Diseases of the external ear.
- 2. Diseases of Middle Ear
- 3. Tinnitus
- 4. Deafness

MOOKKU MARUTHUVAM (Nasal diseases& Management)

(5 hours)

- 1. Peenisam Nasal and paranasal sinus diseases.
- 2. Epistaxis
- 3. Rhinitis, nasal polyp
- 4. Head ache

THONDAI MARUTHUVAM (THROAT DISEASES& Management)

(5 hours)

- 1. Infections of nasopharynx, Tonsils, Adenoids, Esophagus.
- 2. Acute and chronic laryngitis
- 3. Disorders of voice.

PAL MARUTHUVAM (DENTISTRY)

(15 hours)

- 1. Pal noigal (Dental diseases) Eeru noigal (Diseases of the gums) Aids to Oral Hygine.
- Abnormalities of Structure Hypoplasia of the deciduous and permanent dentition classification of aetiological factors in hypoplasia – Flurosis – Prevention of flurosis.
- 3. Attrition, Abrasion and erosion of the Teeth.
- 4. Dental caries.
- 5. Inflammation, Necrosis and Gangrene of pulp.
- 6. Acute and chronic periapical abscess.
- 7. Resorption of the Teeth.
- 8. Cementum abnormalities associated with its formation.
- 9. Stains and discolouration of the Teeth.
- 10. Gingivitis supra gingival and sub gingival calculus Stomatitis.
- 11. Congenital abnormalities of salivary glands congenital atresia of the ducts.

THOL MARUTHUVAM (SKIN DISEASES & Management)

(35 hours)

- 1. Classification of Kutta noigal according to "Yugi chinthamani"
- Definition for common Dermatological terms Macule Papule Vesicles Wheal Pustule Scales Crust Excoriations Fissure Ulcer Scar Alopecia Areata Atrophy Burrow Comedone Circinata Erythema Erythroderma Erythemato Squamous Granuloma etc.
- 3. Aids to healthy skin
- 4. Karappaan Dermatitis and Eczema.
- 5. Padarthamarai Tinea infections Pimples(Acnes)- Verkuru (Prickly heat)
- 6. Kanakkadi, Silvida thadippu- Urticaria
- 7. Puzhu vettu-Alopaecia

- 8. Podugu-Dandruf, Palunni-Molluscum, Maru-Wart
- 9. Venpadai Vitiligo and leucoderma
- 10. Kalanjaga Padai Psoriasis
- 11. Sirangu- Scabies
- 12. Perunoi Leprosy
- 13. Bacterial, Viral, Fungal infections of the skin
- 14. Drug eruption and Bullous eruptions.
- 15. Diseases of the hair and scalp Nails Sebaceous glands Sweat glands.
- 16. Skin disorders due to metabolic, nutritional, vascular, atrophic, endocrinal dysfunction and poisons.

PRACTICAL TRAINING IN THE ATTACHED HOSPITAL ON THE FOLLOWING (200 hours)

- 1. Aruvai (Surgical excision)- Keeral (Incision)- Kuruthi vangal (Blood letting)- Attai vidal (Leech therapy)- Salagai(Probing)- Varthi (Medicated wick)- Oodhal (Blowing)- Peechu (Douch/enema) Urinchal(Sucking)- Kattudhal (bandaging)- Chuttigai(cauterization)- Vedhu (Steam therapy)-Pugai (Fumication)- Karam (caustic medicines)
- 2. Sterilization Anti sepsis Sepsis Surgical Instruments
- 3. Dressing of Ulcers and wounds.
- 4. Hospital infection and preventions
- 5. I.V. fluids infusion and blood transfusion
- 6. Modern surgical instruments Various Forceps Retractors Needle holders Urinary Catheters Proctoscope nasogastric tube Suture needles and Threads.
- 7. Suture materials varities of suture practical training in suturing.
- 8. Preparation and application of Karanool.
- 9. A knowledge of anaesthesia of general & local.
- 10. Examination of surgical cases –Acute abdomen- wounds tumours etc.
- 11. Examination of Eye Ear Nose Throat Skin etc.
- 12. Writing case sheets of surgical cases.
- 13. Practical training in reading, X-rays, Ultra sonogram, CT scan & MRI.
- 14. 1st aid to aid unconscious patients CPR bandages snake bite scorpion sting
 - scalds haemorrhages and etc.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Siddhar Aruvai Maruthuvam, Dr.C.S. Uthamarayan, Department of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy, Chennai, 3rd Edn., 1999,
- 2. Siddha Maruthuvam Sirappu, Dr.R.Thiagarajan, Directorate of Indian Medicine & Homeopathy, Chennai, 1995.
- 3. Kan Maruthuvam, Mohammed Igbal, .
- 4. Agathiar Nayana Vidhi 500, Amirthalingam Pillai, T.S. Manoranjani Press, Chennai, 1936.
- 5. Nagamunivar Nayana Vidhi 200, Amirthalingam Pillai, T.S. Manoranjani Press, Chennai, 1936
- 6. Sarabendra Vaidya Muraigal-Nayana Roga Sigichai, Amirthalingam Pillai, T.S. and Vengatrajan, S. Saraswathi Mahal Library Publication, Thanjavur, 1959.
- 7. Kann Maruthuvam, Madhavan, V.R, International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai, 1982.
- 8. Siddhar Aruvai Maruthuvam, Uthamarayan, C.S. Dept. of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy, Chennai, 1968
- 9. Agathiar 2000, Vengatrajan, S., Sarasvati Mahal Library Publication, Thanjavur, 1981, pp. 219-319.
- 10. Agasthiar Rana Vaidhyam, Vaithiyar. V.R. Sundaram,
- 11. Siddha Vaidya Thirattu, K.N.Kuppusamy Mudaliar, Dept. of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy, Chennai
- 12. Theran Thylavarka Churakkam, Ramachandiran S P., Thamarai Noolagam, Chennai, 2012.
- 13. Yugi vaidhya chintamani, Yugimamunivar, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, Revised Edn. 1998
- 14. Baily & love's Short practice of surgery, Norman S Williams, CRC Press, ISBN: 9781444121278
- 15. A Manual on Clinical surgery, S. Das, S. Das's Publications, ISBN: 9788190568104
- 16. SRB's Manual of surgery, Sriram Bhatt, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt. Ltd. ISBN: 9789351524168

- 17. Text book of Diseases of Eye, Vasudev Anantha Rao, All India Publishers & Distributors, 2015, ISBN: 9788180040481
- 18. Diseases of Ear, Nose, Throat Dr. Muhammed Iqbal
- 19. Practice of Dermatology, Dr. Bhel, CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2002, ISBN: 9788123905723
- 20. Essentials in Dermatology, D. M. Thappa, Jaypeebrothers, 2009, ISBN: 9788184485585
- 21. A concise text book of surgery, Das S., Dr Somen Das Kolkata, 2014, ISBN: 9788190568128,

4. SOOL, MAGALIR MARUTHUVAM

(Obstetrics and Gynaecology) Total hours 100

SOOL MARUTHUVAM (Obstetrics)

I. Koopagam (Anatomy and Physiology):

- (3 hrs)
- 1. Applied Anatomy of Pelvis Types Divisions True & False Pelvis pelvic floor Perineum.
- 2. External Genital organs Internal Genital organs
- 3. Breast Physiology of ovulation and Menstruation.
- II. Karu Urpathy: (4hrs)

(Development of Embryo) According to Siddha aspect – Early development of Embryo in Modern aspect – Fertilization – Morula – Blastocyst- Implantation – Trophoblast – Decidua – Chorion and chorionic villi – Amnion – Amniotic fluid - Development of inner cell mass – Umbilical cord transport – Placental development – Placental hormones and Functions - Maternal and fetal circulation.

- III. Karpini Urupugalin Maruthalgal: (Maternal changes due to Pregnancy) (4hrs)
 Role of hormones in pregnancy. Management of disorders and treatment
- IV. Sool Kanippu: (Diagnosis of Pregnancy): (4hrs)

First, Second & Third trimester – Subjective – Objective – confirmative signs – Assessment of duration of pregnancy – Calculation of Estimated Date of confinement – Pseudocyesis – Difference between Primi and multigravidae.

v. Karpini Tharkaapu (Antenatal care):

(5hrs)

Abdominal and pelvic examination – Antenatal visits – Advice – Obstetric grips – Vaginal examination – Minor ailments in pregnancy - Siddha treatment and Yogasanas during pregnancy. Contraception – Siddha and modern concepts – Oral – Injectables – Implants - IUCDs. Etc – Management and treatment

VI. Magavu: (Foetus):

(2hrs)

Attitude – lie – Presentation – Position – Sizes of embryo and Foetus during gestation. Diameters of fetal skull – term baby – Preterm baby. – Management and treatment

VII. Irattai Magavu and Pan Sool: (Twins and Multiple pregnancy). (2hrs)

VIII. Magaperu Kukaranam: (Complications of Pregnancy): (9hrs)

Hyperemesis gravidarum – Hydatidiform mole – Oligohydramnios – Polyhydramnios - Anaemia

Abnormalities of placenta and cord – Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy – Gestational Hypertension - Pre eclampsia – Eclampsia – Gunava avathanagam (Stanza 324 of Yugi vaithiya chinthamani) – Preterm labour – Premature Rupture of Membrane (PROM) – Intra Uterine Growth Retardation (IUGR) – Rhesus isoimmunisation. – Management and treatment -Maternal infection – TORCH – Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) – Syphilis – HIV – Gonorrhoea – Chicken pox – Malaria – Diabetes – Heart disease – Liver disease – Tuberculosis – Urinary Tract infections. – Management and treatment

IX. Karuchithaivu: (Abortion):

(4hrs)

Types, Kandagava avathanagam (Stanza 323 of Yugi vaithiya chinthamani) – Differential diagnosis — Management and treatment – Ectopic Pregnancy – Tubal – abdominal – ovarian.

- X. Magapperu Mun Uthirasalai: (Antepartum Hemorrhage): (2hrs)
 - a. Abruptio placenta b. Placenta previa. Management and treatment
- XI. Sukha Magaperu Nadai: (Stages of Normal Labour): (3hrs)

Role of hormones in Labour – Uterine action. – Management students are to be exposed to sufficient number of deliveries.

XII. Sukha Magaperu Nigalchikal: (Mechanism of Normal Labour): (2hrs)

Descent – flexion – Internal rotation – Extension – restitution – external rotation.

XIII. Sukha Magaperu Kanippu: (Management of Normal Labour): (3hrs)

Diagnosis of Labour – Management of First Stage – Aseptic and Antiseptic precautions - Second stage of Labour – Delivery position- Episiotomy – Ligation of cord – Management of third stage.

XIV. Asatharana Magaperu: (Abnormal Labour): (6hrs)

Occipito posterior presentation – Face – brow – Breech – Transverse or oblique lie – Compound presentation – Cesarean procedures – Management

XV. Sool Poopu Sugaranam: (Normal Puerperium): (3hrs)

Involution of uterus – other pelvic Structures - Lochia – Lactation – Physiology of Lactation – Advantages of breast feeding – care of puerperium – care of the newborn. – Management and treatment

XVI. Magaperu Pin Uthirasalai: (Postpartum hemorrhage): (1hr)

Retained placenta. – Management and treatment

XVII. Sool Poopu Kukaranam: (Abnormalities of the Puerperium) (3hrs)

Puerperal pyrexia – Puerperal sepsis – subinvolution – Predisposing causes – Organisms – venous complications in the puerperium – Deep vein Thrombosis – Thrombophlebitis – Cerebral venous Thrombosis – Mastitis and breast abscess – Postpartum pituitary Necrosis – Psychiatric disorders during puerperium. – Management and treatment

Text books:

- 1. Sool Maruthuvam, P.M. Venugopal, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, 5th Edn. 2007.
- 2. DC Dutta's Textbook of Obstetrics, DC Dutta, Hiralal Konar, 8th Edn.JAY PEE Bros. Medical Publishers Pvt. Ltd., ISBN:9789351527237
- Mudaliar and Menon's Clinical Obstetrics, Universities Press Pvt Ltd., Hyderabad, 12th Edn.,
 2015,

Reference books:

- 1. Agathiyar vaithiya chinthamani, Dr. Prema, Thamarai noolakam, March 1996
- 2. Chikicha rathina deepam 4000, C. Kannusami pillai, Rathnanayagar & sons, Chennai. 1st Edn., 2007.
- 3. Maadhar Maruthuvam, Dr.Chidambarathanu pillai Siddha Medical Literature Research Centre, Chennai, 2nd Edn., Nov. 1984.
- 4. Arivaiyar chinthamani, Dr.P.Mohan raj, ATSVS Siddha medical college, Munchirai, May 2008.
- 5. Yacob vaithiya chinthamani 700, S.P. Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam, May 1996.
- 6. Theraiyar vagadam, B.Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam, October 2000.
- 7. Theraiyar thailavarukka surukkam, C.T.Subramaniya pandithar, Rathnanayagar & sons, Chennai, 4th Edn., 2006.
- 8. Theraiyar vaithiya kaaviyam 1500,S.P. Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam, 2nd Edn., Aug 2000.
- 9. Yugimuni vaithiya kaaviyaam, P.C Mohan, Thamarai noolakam, 2nd Edn., October 2014.
- 10. Birammamun<mark>i vaithiya soothiram Vol. II, Dr.K.Maruthamuthu, Sarasw</mark>athy mahal noolakam, Thanjavur, 2nd Edn., 2006.
- 11. Pulippani vaith<mark>iyam 500, S.P. Ramachandran, Thamarai noolaka</mark>m, 1st Edn., Dec 1999.
- 12. Eliya vaithiya muraikal 800, Dr.Prema, Tamil university, Thanjavur, 2nd Edn., May2010.
- 13. Yugi vaidhya chintamani, Yugimamunivar, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, Revised Edn. 1998.

SUBJECT: MAGALIR MARUTHUVAM (Gynaecology)

| 1. | History, Examination and diagnostic procedure of a Gynecological patient. | (1hr) |
|------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 2. | Congenital malformation of female genital organs. | (1hr) |
| | Vaginal – Uterine – Fallopian tube – ovarian anomalies – other anomalies. | |
| 3. | Muthal Poopu(Sukharanam & Kukaranam): | (1hr) |
| | Puberty – Normal and abnormal. – Management and treatment | |
| 4. | Poopu: | (2hrs) |
| | Menstruation –Menstrual cycle-Hypothalamo-pituitary-Ovarian axis (H-P | -O axis) |
| | Premenstrual syndrome. – Management and treatment | |
| 5. | Kadai Poopu: | (1hr) |
| 6. | Menopause – organ changes – Menopausal symptoms – Management in significant of the symptoms of | ddha. (1hr) |
| 7. | Poopu Kolarugal: (Disorders of Menstruation). Amennorrhoea – Menorrhagia – Metrorrhagia – Dysfunctional Uterine k | (2hrs) pleeding – Types – |
| | DD) — Management and treatment | |
| 8. | Soothagavali: (Dysmenorrhoea): | (1hr) |
| | Siddha and modern concepts— Management and treatment | |
| 9. | Karuppai Adith <mark>allal:(Displacement of Uter</mark> us). | (1hr) |
| | Genital prolap <mark>se – Retroversion – chronic inversion. – Management a</mark> nd tre | eatment |
| 10. | Maladu: | (4hrs) |
| | Infertility in Siddha and modern aspects – Types, Treatment and Manageme | ent |
| 11. 12. | Yoni Rogangal: Diseases o <mark>f the Vagina in Siddha aspect</mark> and treatment. Koopaga Urupugallin azharchi: Infe <mark>ctions of the pelvic</mark> organs. Vellai -(Leucorrhoea) – Vulvitis – Bartholinitis – Vaginitis – Cervicitis – Endo | (2hrs) (4hrs) metritis – |
| | Salpingitis – Oophoritis – Parametritis – Genital Tuberculosis – Managemen | t and treatment |
| | Sexually Transmitted Infections. Gonorrhoea – Syphilis – AIDS – Hepatitis B | & C – Bacterial |
| | vaginosis – Trichomonas Vaginitis– monilial vaginitis – Management and tre | eatment |
| 13. | Siruneer vega Kolarugal: Urinary problems in Gynecology. | (2hrs |
| | Urinary Tract Infections – Incontinence – Fistula – Vesico vaginal fistula | and Recto vaginal |
| | fistula (VVF & RVF). – Management and treatment | |
| 14. | Nan Maravai Kattigal-Karuppai (Benign lesions of the Uterus) | (2hrs) |
| | Fibroid – polyps. – Management and treatment | |

- 15. Nachu Maravai Kattigal- Karuppai (Malignant lesions of the Uterus) Cancer of cervix, Uterus and Vagina. Management and treatment (6 hrs)
- **16.** Nan Maravai Kattigal- Sinaippai (Benign lesions of the ovary)
 Polycystic ovarian Disease (PCOD) Siddha treatment. Follicular cyst Endometrial cyst (Chocolate cyst) Dermoid cyst. Management and treatment (2hrs)
- **17.** Nachu Maravai Kattigal Sinaippai:

(2hrs)

(Malignant Ovarian Tumors) Management and treatment

18. Nagil Sothanai:

(3hrs)

Breast Examination – Fibroadenoma – Carcinoma. – Management and treatment

19. Miscellaneous:

(2hr)

Post menopausal bleeding – Lowbackache – Dyspareunia – Pruritus Vulvae – Hirsutism. – Management and treatment– Hermaphroditism, Turner's syndrome, Klinefelter's syndrome- Virilism – Management

PRACTICAL TRAINING IN THE ATTACHED HOSPITAL ON THE FOLLOWING

(175 hours)

- 1. Examination of Ante natal and Post natal Cases
- 2. Practical training on handling instruments like speculum, uterine sound, vulsalum etc.,
- 3. Vaginal smear
- 4. Clinical examination of Breast.
- 5. Writing of case records.
- 6. Training on Ultrasonogram ,necessary investigations and interpretations.
- 7. Application of Puramauthuvam in OG conditions

Text books:

- 1. Magalir Maruthuvam, P.M. Venugopal, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, 4th Edn., Reprint, 2013.
- 2. DC Dutta's Textbook of Gynaecology, DC Dutta, Hiralal Konar, 7th Edn. JAY PEE Bros. Medical Publishers Pvt. Ltd., ISBN: 9789385891595
- 3. Shaw's Text book of Gynecology, Shirish N. Daftary & V.G. Padubidri, Reed Elsiver India Pvt. Ltd, 16th Edn 2015, ISBN: 9788131238721.

Reference books:

- 1. Jeeva raktchamirtham, Subramaniya Pandithar, The Arrow Press, Madras, 2nd Edn., 1928
- 2. Yugi vaidhya chintamani, Yugimamunivar, Department of Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, Revised Edn., 1998.
- 3. Agathiyar vaithiya chinthamani 4000, S. Prema, Thamarai noolakam, March 1996.
- 4. Chikicha rathina deepam, C.Kannusami pillai, Rathnanayagar & sons, Chennai. 1st Edn., 2007.
- 5. Maadhar Maruthuvam, Dr.Chidambarathanu pillai Siddha Medical Literature Research Centre, Chennai, 2nd Edn., Nov 1984. Yacob vaithiya chinthamani 700, S.P. Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam, May 1996.
- 6. Theraiyar vagadam, B.Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam, October 2000.
- 7. Theraiyar thailavarukka surukkam, C.T.Subramaniya pandithar, Rathnanayagar & sons, Chennai. 4th edition-2006.
- 8. Theraiyar vaithiya kaaviyam 1500, S.P. Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam,Sec. Edition, Aug 2000.
- 9. Yugimuni vaithiya kaaviyaam, P.C Mohan, Thamarai noolakam,Sec. Edition, October 2014.
- 10. Birammamuni vaithiya soothiram Vol. II, K.Maruthamuthu, Saraswathy mahal noolakam, Thanjavur,
- 2nd Edn., 2006.
- 11. Pulippaani vaithiyam 500, S.P. Ramachandran, Thamarai noolakam, 1st Edn., Dec 1999.
- 12.Eliya vaithiya muraikal 800, S.Prema, Tamil university, Thanjavur, 2nd Edn.,May2010.
- 13.Thanvanthiri vaithiya kummi -300, V.R.Madhavan, Tamil university, Thanjavur, 1st Edn., July

2004.

5. KUZHANTHAI MARUTHUVAM (PAEDIATRICS)

Total hours 100

1. Neo natal care, Infant care, Child care. (4hrs)

2. Breast milk (3hrs)

composition, advantages and disadvantages to the children and mother.

3. New born (6hrs)

Term baby-preterm baby-Low birth weight-Minor problems in pediatric age group.-Intrauterine infections.-Respiratory disorders.-Icterus.-Neonatal seizures.-Rh incompatibility-ABO incompatibility.-Undescended testis.-Phimosis.-Hydrocele.-Ambiguous gentalia.-APGAR score.- Neonatal reflexes

4. Immunization (3hrs)

Immunization schedule. (IAP, WHO)-complication of immunisation-other schedules of immunisation-Urai maathirai. -Chei ennai

5. Growth and development

(6hrs)

Introduction-factors affecting growth and development.-periods of growth-assessment of physical growth-assessment of bone age.-eruption of teeth-behavioural development.-developmental milestones.-developmental delay.

-Disorders of growth and development

- -short stature-failure to thrive
- -behavioural disorders-nail bitting, thumb sucking, pica eating
- -poor school achievers.
- -breath holding spells.

6. Adolescent (3hrs)

Physiology.-Stages of sexual maturation.-Hormonal changes.-Health problems during adolescence.-Psychological problems.-Juvenile delinquency-management and line of treatment

7. Nutritional deficiency disorders

(4hrs)

Protein energy malnutrition.-Vitamin and mineral deficiency diseases.-management and line of treatment-Study of causes, clinical features, classification, diagnosis, treatment (medical & surgical) with scientific correlations – clinical examination and investigations for the following diseases.

8. Agakaarana noigal according to yugimuni

(32hrs)

Kiranthi (2 types) – Thodam(25 types) – Maantham(33 types) – Kanam(24 types) - Karappan(18 types) – Suram(20 types) – Sanni(9 types) – Valippu(4 types) – Akkaram(8 types) - Paandu, Sobai, Kamalai(3 types) – Kazhichal(3)types – Kakkuvan - Amaram - Maalaikann

9. Purakaarana noigal according to yugimuni

(2hr)

Seeri seeri azhuthal – Vikkal – Va<mark>yiru porumal- Vayitr</mark>u noi - Kottaavi – Malakkattu – Neerkkattu

-Vayiruveengal – Paal Kudiyaamai - Paal ethireduthal - Thodam

10.Infectious diseases.

(8hrs)

Diptheria-Pertussis-Tetanus-Mumps-Measles-Chicken pox-AIDS in children.

11.Infestations:

(2brc)

Naaku poochi -Keeri poochi-Masaraipuzhu-Other infestations-management and line of treatment

12. Gastro intestinal system.

(6hrs)

Seriyamai - Vaanthi - Vikkal - Lactose intolerance - Malabsorption syndrome - Dysentry - Rectal prolapse - Congenital pyloric stenosis - management and line of treatment

13. Cardio vascular system.

(6hrs)

Congenital cardiac diseases. -cyanotic and acyanotic heart diseases -management and line of treatment

14. Central nervous system.

(8hrs)

Baala vaatham and its types-Cerebral palsy. -Mental retardation. Hyperactivity disorders-ADHD, Autism-Temper tantrum. -management and line of treatment

15. Musculo skeletal disorder.

(2hr)

Muscular dystrophy -management and line of treatment

16. Genetic disorder

(2hr)

Down's syndrome & its management, other common genetic disorders

17. Endocrine disorder.

(3hr)

Cushing's syndrome. -Juvenile diabetes mellitus. management and line of treatment

PRACTICAL TRAINING IN THE ATTACHED HOSPITAL ON THE FOLLOWING

(175 hours)

- 1. Examination of Infantile and Neonatal cases.
- 2. Practical training on handling instruments like incubator, suction tube etc.,
- 3. Practical application on Immunization schedule
- 4. Training on General and Systemic Examinations of Pediatric cases
 - 5. Writing of case records.
 - 6. Training on Ultrasonogram, necessary investigations and interpretations.
 - 7. Application of puramaruthuvam in peadiatric ailments.

References

1. Pillaipini maruthuvam, S.sundhar rajan, Department of Indian Medicine

मर्व भवन्त मोम्बन

- & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, 1st edn. 1993
- 2. Kuzhanthai maruthuvam Vol. I to V, Chidambarathanu pillai, Siddha Medical Literature Research Centre, Chennai, 2003-2004

- 3. Balavatha nidhanam, Chidambarathanu pillai, Siddha Medical Literature Research Centre, Chennai
- 4. Kuzhandhai vaithiyam, Chidambarathanu pillai, Siddha Medical Literature Research Centre, Chennai, 1997
- 5. Maadhar Maruthuvam, Dr.Chidambarathanu Pillai, Siddha Medical Literature Research Centre, Chennai
- 6. Mooligai Iyal, Dr.V.Arunachalam, Pothigai Pathippagam, Ambasamuthiram, 1st Edn., 1994.
- 7. Pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum and newborn care A guide for essential practice, WHO, United Nations Population Fund & UNICEF, 3rd edn., 2015
- 8. Managing complications in pregnancy and childbirth A guide for midwives and doctors, WHO; United Nations Population Fund; UNICEF & World Bank, 2003, ISBN: 9241545879
- 9. Managing newborn problems -A guide for doctors, nurses and midwives, World Health Organization, Dept. of Reproductive Health and Fund; UNICEF, ISBN: 9241546220
- 10. WHO recommended interventions for improving maternal and newborn health Integrated management of pregnancy and childbirth, WHO, 2007
- 11.Standards for maternal and neonatal care Group 1: General standards of care for healthy pregnancy and childbirth, World Health Organization, Department of Making Pregnancy Safer and Department of Reproductive Health and Research, 2007 (Web only version as a part of WHO Integrated Management of Pregnancy and Childbirth Care (IMPAC) Package)
- 12.Balavagadam, C.S. Murugesa Mudaliar (Au.), Pon Kurusironmani (Ed.), Department of Indian

Medicine & Homoeopathy, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Chennai, Revised Edn. 1998

- 13. Jeeva raktchamirtham, Subramaniya Pandithar, The Arrow Press, Madras, 2nd Edn., 1928
- 14. Aathmaratchaamirthamennum Vaithiya Saara Sangiragam, Kandasamy Mudaliar, Sri Shenbaga Pathipagam, 2012
 - 15.Kuzhanthai Nala Maruthuvam, Dr. N. Rajarajeswari, Dr. A. Jagadeesan, Tamil University, Thanjavoor, 2003, ICBN: 9788170903154
- 16. Mathalai Noi thoguthi, Dr. P. Mohanraj, ATSVS Siddha Medical College and Hospital, Kanniyakumari, 2008 (Vol. I, II), 2009 Vol. III, ISBN: 9789380288109

17. Guide to Child Care (Parenting the Indian way), R.K. Anand, Vakils Feffer And Simons Ltd.,

2nd Edn. 2008, ISBN: 9788184620085

18. Siddha Maruthuvam, Dr. Kuppusamy Mudhaliar, Tamilnadu Siddha medical council, Chennai, 2nd edn, 1987.

Ghai Essential Pediatrics, Vinod K Paul, CBS Publishers & Distributors-New

Delhi ISBN: 9788123923345,

Achar's Textbook of Pediatrics, Swarna Rekha Bhat (ed.), Universities Press, 4th Edn., 2009

2.11 No: of hours per subject (lecture including -tutorial-seminar-group discussion)

As shown under the title "2.6 SUBJECTS", Table 1

2.12 Practical training given in labs/supervision (No: of hours for each exercise/training)

As shown in subject wise detailed syllabus under title "2.10 CONTENT OF EACH

SUBJECT IN EACH YEAR"

2.13 Records

Mandatory for the subjects, having practical and clinical classes

2.14 Dissertation: Guide/Co Guide/ Change of Guide

Not applicable for UG course

2.15 Speciality training if any

Special training will be given in identification of raw drugs, medicinal preparations, Siddha diagnostic methods, case presentations, record writing, drug dispensing, yoga, varma massage, traditional bone setting, Siddha external treatment methods etc.

2.16 Project work to be done if any

Not applicable for UG course

2.17 Any other requirements (CME, Paper publishing etc.)

Not applicable for UG course

2.18 Prescribed/recommended textbooks for each subject

As shown in subject wise detailed syllabus under title "2.10 CONTENT OF EACH SUBJECT IN EACH YEAR"

2.19 Reference books

As shown in subject wise detailed syllabus under title "2.10 CONTENT OF EACH SUBJECT IN EACH YEAR"

2.20 Journals

As shown in subject wise detailed syllabus under title "2.10 CONTENT OF EACH SUBJECT IN EACH YEAR"

2.21 Logbook

Maintenance of Logbook /work book by interns are mandatory

3 EXAMINATIONS

3.1 Eligibility to appear for exams

- 1. Securing minimum 35% of internal assessment marks are mandatory for gaining eligibility for appearing examinations only. This shall not be considered for awarding pass to the subject concerned.
- 2. Minimum of 80% attendance separately in clinicals/practicals and theory is the criteria for appearing the university examination.
- 3. Minimum of eighty per cent attendance (80%) in each subject separately in theory and practical shall be essential for a student appearing in the supplementary examination.
 - The failed student of first Professional shall be allowed to appear in second professional examination, but the student shall not be allowed to appear in third professional examination unless the student passes all the subjects of first professional examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass first professional examination within a period of maximum three years.
 - The failed student of second professional who have passed all the subjects of first professional examination shall be allowed to appear in third professional examination.
 - Maximum four chances shall be given to pass second, third and final professional examination each within a period of maximum three years, provided the course shall be completed within 9 years excluding internship.
 - The Candidate shall pass all subjects of the previous years before registering for final year examinations.

3.2 Schedule of Regular/Supplementary exams

1. The first professional session will ordinarily start as per the date prescribed by the University/Statutory Council and the first professional examination shall be at the end of one academic year of first professional session.

- 2. The second professional session shall start every year following completion of first professional examination and the second professional examination shall be ordinarily held and completed by the end of one academic year every year after completion of one year of second professional session.
- 3. The third professional session shall start every year following completion of second professional examination and the third professional examination shall be ordinarily held and completed by the end of one academic year every year after completion of one year of third professional session.
- 4. The final professional session shall be of one year and six months duration and shall start every year following completion of third professional examination and the final professional examination shall be ordinarily held by the end of after completion of one year and six months of final professional session
 - 5. The supplementary examination shall be held within six months of regular examination and failed students shall be eligible to appear in its supplementary examination

3.3 Scheme of examination showing maximum marks and minimum marks

- (1) (a) The first professional session shall ordinarily start in July or in the date prescribed by the university / statutory council and the first professional examination shall be at the end of one academic year of first professional session.
- (b) The first professional examination shall be held in the following subjects, namely:-
- (i) Siddha Maruthuva Adippadai Thathuvangalum Varalarum [History and Fundamental Principles of Siddha Medicine]
- (ii) Tamil Language or Communicative English (wherever applicable)
- (iii) Uyir Vedhiyiyal (Bio Chemistry)

- (iv) Maruthuva Thavara Iyal (Medicinal Botany and Pharmacognosy) and
- (v) Nunnuyiriyal (Micro Biology)
- (c) The failed student of first Professional shall be allowed to appear in second Professional examination, but the student shall not be allowed to appear in third Professional examination unless the student passes all the subjects of first Professional examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass first Professional examination within a period of maximum three years.
- (2) (a) The second professional session shall start every year following completion of first professional examination and the second professional examination shall be ordinarily held and completed by the end of one academic year every year after completion of one year of second professional session.
- (b) The second professional examination shall be held in the following subjects, namely:-
- (i) Udal Koorugal (Anatomy) Paper I
 - (ii) Udal Koorugal (Anatomy) Paper II
 - (iii) Udal Thathuvam (Physiology) Paper I
 - (iv) Udal Thathuvam (Physiology) Paper II
 - (v) Siddha Maruthuva Mooligai Ariviyal (Siddha Medicinal Herbal Science) and
 - (vi) Siddha Maruthuva Kanima, Kanima vethiyal and Siddha Maruthuva Vilangiyal (Siddha Medicinal Geology, Medicinal Chemistry and Medicinal Zoology).
 - (c) The failed student of second Professional who have passed all the subjects of first professional examination shall be allowed to appear in third Professional examination, but the student shall not be allowed to appear in final professional

examination unless the student passes all the subjects of second Professional examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass second professional examination within a period of maximum three years.

- (3) (a) The third professional session shall start every year following completion of second professional examination and the third professional examination shall be ordinarily held and completed by the end of one academic year every year after completion of one year of third professional session.
- (b) The third professional examination shall be held in the following subjects, namely:-
- (i) Noi Naadal -Paper I (Siddha Pathology)
- (ii) Noi Naadal -Paper II (Principles of Modern Pathology)
- (iii) Noi Anugavidhi Ozhukkam (Hygiene and Community Medicine including National Health Policies and Statistics)
- (iv) Sattam Saarntha Maruthuvamum Nanju Maruthuvamum (Forensic Medicine and Toxicology) and
- (v) Research Methodology and Medical Statistics.
- (c) The failed student of third professional who have passed all the subjects of first and second professional examinations shall be allowed to appear in final professional examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass third professional examination within a period of maximum three years.
 - (d) For the purpose of teaching of Research Methodology, Bio-statistician shall be required as part time to teach Research Methodology.
 - (4) (a) The final professional session shall be of one year and six months duration and shall start every year following completion of third professional examination and the final professional examination shall be ordinarily held and completed by the end of completion of one year and six months of final professional session.
 - (b) The final professional examination shall comprise of the following subjects, namely:-
 - (i) Maruthuvam (Medicine)
 - (ii) Varmam, Puramaruthuvam and Sirappumaruthuvam (Varmam Therapy, External Therapy and Special medicine)
 - (iii) Aruvai, Thol Maruthuvam (Surgery including dentistry and Dermatology)
 - (iv) Sool, Magalir Maruthuvam (Obstetrics and Gynaecology) and

- (v) Kuzhanthai Maruthuvam (Paediatrics)
- (c) The student failed in any of the four professional examinations in four chances shall not be allowed to continue his or her studies:

Provided that, in case of serious personal illness of a student and in any unavoidable circumstances, the Vice-Chancellor of the concerned University may provide one more chance in anyone of four professional examinations.

(d) To become eligible for joining the compulsory internship programme, all four professional examinations shall be passed within a period of maximum nine years including all chances as mentioned above.

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR THEORY AND PRACTICAL (Table 2)

| Name of the Subject | Details of marks | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------|
| 4 | No of papers | Theory | Minimum Theory Mark (50%) | Practical/ Clinical (Including Viva Voce) | Minimum Practical Mark (50%) | Total |
| First Professional | | | | | 1787 | |
| Siddha Maruthuva Adippadai Thathuvangalum Varalarum [History and Fundamental Principles of Siddha Medicine] | One | 100 | 50 | 7 | 27 5 | 100 |
| 2. Tamil Languag <mark>e</mark> | One | 100 | 50 | , | | 100 |
| 3. Communicative English | One | 100 | 50 | "" | | 100 |
| 4. UyirVedhiyal (Bio Chemistry) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 5. MaruthuvaThavaralyal (Medicinal Botany and Pharmacognosy) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 6. Nunnuyiriyal (Micro Biology) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| Second Professional | | | | | | |
| 1. UdalKoorugal (Anatomy) | Two | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 300 |
| 2. UdalThathuvam (Physiology) | Two | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 300 |
| 3. Siddha Maruthuva Mooligai Ariviya (Siddha Medicinal Herbal Science) | | 200 | 100 | 100 | F0 | 200 |
| 4 Siddha Maruthuus Kasissa Kasissa | Two | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 300 |
| 4. Siddha Maruthuva Kanima, Kanima | Two | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 300 |

| Vethiyal and Siddha Maruthuva Vilangiyal (Siddha Medicinal Geology, Medicinal Chemistry and Medicinal Zoology). | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
| Third Professional | | | | | | |
| NoiNaadal - Paper I (Siddha Pathology) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| NoiNaadal - Paper II (Principles of Modern Pathology) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 3.Noi AnugavidhiOzhukkam (Hygiene and Community Medicine including National Health Policies and Statistics). | One | 100 | 50 | | | 100 |
| 4. SattamSaarntha MaruthuvamumNanju Maruthuvamum (Forensic Medicine and Toxicology) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 5. Research Methodology and Medical Statistics | One | 100 | 50 | - | m | 100 |
| Final Professional | - | | | | | |
| 1.Maruthuvam (Medicine) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| Varmam, Puramaruthuvam and Sirappumaruthuvam (Varmam Therapy External Therapy and Special Medicine) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 3. Aruvai, TholMaruthuvam (Surgery including Dentistry and Dermatology) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 4. Sool, MagalirMaruthuvam (Obstetrics and Gynaecology) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |
| 5.Kuzhanthai Maruthuvam (Paediatrics) | One | 100 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 200 |

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS

FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S COURSE

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| | | Details of Maximum Marks | | | |
|----------|--|--------------------------|--------|---|-------|
| SI No | Subject | Number of papers | Theory | Practical or Clinical (including Viva Voce) | total |
| 1. | Siddha Maruthuva Adippadai Thathuvangalum Varalarum (History and Fundamental Principles of Siddha Medicine) | One | 100 | 3. | 100 |
| 2. | Tamil Language | One | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| 3. | Uyir Vedhiyal (Bio-Chemistry) | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| 100 | Maruthuva Thavara Iyal (Medicinal Botany and Pharmacognosy) | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| 5. | Nunnuyiriy <mark>al (Micro Biology)</mark> | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |

Marks qualifying for pass:

The minimum marks required for passing the examination shall be fifty percentages (50%) in Theory and fifty percentages (50%) in Practical or Clinical, wherever applicable in each subject.

A candidate obtaining 75 percentages marks in each subject shall be awarded distinction in the subject and 60 and above percentage in each subject shall be awarded as First class in the subject.

The failed student of first Professional shall be allowed to appear in second Professional examination, but the student shall not be allowed to appear in third Professional examination unless the student passes all the subjects of first Professional examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass first Professional examination within a period of maximum three years.

SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S COURSE

Scheme of Examination and Distribution of Marks for

Second Professional B.S.M.S Course

| Sl.No | Subject | Details of Maximum Marks | | | | | Details of Maximum Marks | | |
|-------|---|--------------------------|--------|--------------|-------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| | . 177 0 | Number | Theory | Practical or | Total | | | | |
| | a.5 ' | of papers | 7.6 | Clinical | | | | | |
| | 6 | | -4 | (including | | | | | |
| | 4 | | | Viva Voce) | | | | | |
| 1 | Udal Koorugal (Anatomy) | Two | 200 | 100 | 300 | | | | |
| 2 | Udal Thathuvam (Physiology) | Two | 200 | 100 | 300 | | | | |
| 3 | . Siddha Maruthuva Mooligai Ariviyal (Siddha Medicinal Herbal Science) | Two | 200 | 100 | 300 | | | | |
| 1.4 | Siddha Maruthuva Kanima, Kanima Vethiyal and Siddha Maruthuva Vilangiyal (Siddha Medicinal Geology, | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Medicinal Ch <mark>emistry and Medicinal</mark> Zoology). | Two | 200 | 100 | 300 | | | | |

Marks qualifying for pass:

The minimum marks required for passing the examination shall be fifty percentages (50%) in Theory and fifty percentages (50%) in Practical or Clinical, wherever applicable in each subject.

A candidate obtaining 75 percentages marks in each subject shall be awarded distinction in the subject and 60 and above percentage in each subject shall be awarded as First class in the subject.

The failed student of second Professional who have passed all the subjects of first professional examination shall be allowed to appear in third Professional examination, but the student shall not be allowed to appear in final professional examination unless the student passes all the subjects of second Professional examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass second professional examination within a period of maximum three years.

THIRD PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S COURSE

Scheme of Examination and Distribution of Marks for

Third Professional B.S.M.S Course

| Sl.No | Subject | Details of Maximum Marks | | | |
|-------|---|--------------------------|--------|--------------|-------|
| | - 2 0 | Number | Theory | Practical or | Total |
| | 6/11/0 | of papers | 9 | Clinical | |
| | , Q. " | | 6 | (including | |
| | 16 | | -7 | Viva Voce) | |
| 1 | Noi Naadal- Paper I (Siddha Pathology) | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| 2 | Noi Naadal- Paper II (Principles of | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| - 2 | Modern Pathology) | _ | | | |
| 3 | Noi Anugavidhi Ozhukkam (Hygiene | One | 100 | | 100 |
| 400 | and Community Medicine including | | | 0 | |
| | National Health Policies and Statistics) | | | _ | |
| 4 | Sattam Saarntha Maruthuvamum | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| | Nanju Ma <mark>ruthuvamum (Forens</mark> ic | | / // | - 2 | |
| (3) | Medicine and Toxicology) | | 1 | 0 | |
| 5 | Research Methodology and Medical | One | 100 | 7% | 100 |
| | Statistics | | | Go. | |

Marks qualifying for pass:

The minimum marks required for passing the examination shall be fifty percentages (50%) in Theory and fifty percentages (50%) in Practical or Clinical, wherever applicable in each subject.

A candidate obtaining 75 percentages marks in each subject shall be awarded distinction in the subject and 60 and above percentage in each subject shall be awarded as First class in the subject.

The failed student of third professional who have passed all the subjects of first and second professional examinations shall be allowed to appear in final professional

examination and maximum four chances shall be given to pass third professional examination within a period of maximum three years.

Final PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S COURSE

Scheme of Examination and Distribution of Marks for

Final Professional B.S.M.S Course

| Sl.No | Subject | Details of Maximum Marks | | | |
|-------|--|--------------------------|--------|--------------|-------|
| | Q | Number | Theory | Practical or | Total |
| | . 0 | of papers | -77 | Clinical | |
| | - 000 | | | (including | |
| 1 | | | | Viva Voce) | |
| 1 | Maruthuvam (Medicine) | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| 2 | Varmam, Puramaruthuvam and | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| 40" | Sirappu Maruthuvam (Varmam | _ | | 0 | |
| | Therapy, External Therapy and Special | | | | |
| | Medicine) | | | E E | |
| 3 | Aruvai, T <mark>hol Maruthuvam (Surgery</mark> | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| CC | including Dentistry and Dermatology) | | / / | - 0 | |
| 4 | Sool, Ma <mark>galir Maruthuvam (Obstetrics</mark> | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |
| | and Gynaecology) | | | Co. | |
| 5 | Kuzhanthai Mar <mark>uthuvam (Paediatrics)</mark> | One | 100 | 100 | 200 |

Marks qualifying for pass:

The minimum marks required for passing the examination shall be fifty percentages (50%) in Theory and fifty percentages (50%) in Practical or Clinical, wherever applicable in each subject.

भवन्त साम्बनः

A candidate obtaining 75 percentages marks in each subject shall be awarded distinction in the subject and 60 and above percentage in each subject shall be awarded as First class in the subject. Duration of Compulsory Rotatory Residential Internship (C.R.R.I) shall be one year and the student shall be eligible to join the C.R.R.I Programme after passing all the subjects in the Final Professional examinations as per the statutory council regulations.

The student failed in any of the four professional examinations in four chances shall not be allowed to continue his or her studies.

To become eligible for joining the compulsory internship programme, all four professional examinations shall be passed within a period of maximum nine years including all chances as mentioned in 3.3.

EXAMINATION DATES, DURATION OF EXAMINATIONS, VIVA and QUESTION PAPERS

The examination dates will be fixed by the University. The duration of Theory and Practical/ Clinical exams shall be three hours. Question paper pattern and Regulations for Viva-Voce shall be as per the norms of University.

3.4. Papers in each year

As shown under "3.3 SCHEME OF EXAMINATION SHOWING MAXIMUM AND

MINIMUM MARKS"

3.5. Details of theory exams

Details of theory examinations are as shown in table 2. Duration of each theory exam will be three hours; totally 22 questions in each subject, in which essay type questions – 2 nos (2X 10 = 20 marks), short notes- 10 nos ($10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ marks}$) and anwer briefly – 10 nos ($10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks}$)

3.6 Model question paper for each subject with question paper pattern

| QP. C | Code: REG: | NO: | |
|-------|--|------|-------------|
| | KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES MODEL QUESTION PAPER | | |
| | FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION Uyir Vedhiyal (Bio-Chemistry) | NS | |
| | : 3hrs s: 100 Answer all the questions. | Max. | |
| | Essays | | 2 x 10 = 20 |
| 1. | Draw and explain electron transport chain. | * J. | |
| 2. | Discuss the functions and disorders of Thyroid hormones. | | |
| | Short notes | | 10 x 5 = 50 |
| 3. | G.T.T. | | |
| 4. | Urea Cycle | | |
| 5. | Principle, technique and application o PCR. | | |
| 6. | Discuss absorption of lipids. | | |
| 7. | Discuss the metabolism of iron. | | |
| 8. | Discuss the functions vitamin A. | | |
| 9. | Discuss tumour markers. | | |
| 10. | Discuss the marker enzymes in the | | |
| | diagnosis of myocardial infarction. | | |
| | Discuss the classification of jaundice. | - 05 | |
| 12. | | | |
| | Answer briefly: | | 10 x 3 = 30 |
| 13. | Gout. | | |
| 14. | Glycosylated Hemoglobin. | | |
| 15. | Name the factors regulating electrolyte balance. | | |

- 16. Kwashiorkar.
- Creatinine clearance test. 17.
- Types of RNA. 18.
- Name the laboratory tests for the diagnosis of AIDS. 19.
- Bioinformatics. 20.
- HDL is called good cholesterol. Justify the statement. 21.
- Multiple myeloma. 22.

| QP. Code: | REG: NO: |
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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES MODEL QUESTION PAPER

FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

Maruthuva Thavara Iyal (Medicinal Botany and Pharmacognosy)

Time: 3hrs Max. Marks: 100

Answer all the questions.

Essays: 2 x 10 = 20

- Explain the family characters of Umbelliferae and furnish some important medicinal plants employed in Siddha formulations.
- Define pharmacognosy and definition of different barks used in Siddha system.

Short Notes: 10 x 5 = 50

- 3. Distinguished characters of Solanaceae.
- 4. Dicot leaf and monocot leaf.
- 5. Plant tissue culture.
- 6. Adulteration of herbal drugs.
- 7. Gymnosperms.
- 8. Dryopteris
- 9. Hard resins
- 10. Pigmentation studies of chlorophyll.
- 11. What are RET species and mention its conservation methods.
- 12. Quinoline alkaloid.

Answer briefly: $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 13. Deliriant poison
- 14. Xanthophyll
- 15. 3 medicinal gums
- 16. Clove.
- 17. Pneumatophore.
- 18. Exarch and endarch xylem.
- 19. Gynostegium and gynostemium.
- 20. Pencillin.
- 21. Draw the floral diagram of Zingiberaceae.
- 22. Merits of Bentham and Hooker's classification.

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES MODEL QUESTION PAPER FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

Nunnuyiriyal (Micro Biology)

Time: 3hrs Max. Marks: 100

Answer all the questions.

Essays: 2 x 10 = 20

- Describe the morphology, pathogensis and lab diagnosis and prophylaxis of Rabies Virus.
- 2. Draw the structure of typical bacterial cells and explain.

Short notes: 10 x 5 = 50

- 3. Cell involved in the immune system.
- 4. Opportunistic mycosis.
- 5. Vaccines.
- 6. Bacterial Growth curve.
- 7. Kirby Bauer Method.
- 8. Hypersensitivity
- 9. Tuberculin test.
- 10. Determinants of antigenicity.
- 11. ELISA.
- 12. Contribution of Louis pasteur.

Answer briefly: 10 x 3 = 30

- **13.** Chemical agents of sterlization.
- 14. Flagella.
- 15. Differential media.
- 16. Nosocomial infection.
- 17. Mycotoxicosis.
- 18. SARS.
- 19. Bacteriophages.
- 20. PUO
- 21. VDRL test.
- 22. Psittacosis.

| QP. Code: | REG: NO: |
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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES MODEL QUESTION PAPER

FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

Siddha Maruthuva Adippadai Thathuvangalum Varalarum (History and Fundamental Principles of Siddha Medicine)

Time: 3hrs Max. Marks: 100

Answer all the questions.

Essays: 2 x 10 = 20

- 1. Define Thathuvam. Explain Ninety SixThathuvangal.
- 2. What are the basic properties of a Drug? Explain in detail with proper examples.

Short Notes: 10 x 5 = 50

- 3. lymbootha kolgai
- 4. Explain study of Cosmic Play.
- 5. Write the differences among Ayan, Ari and Aran.
- 6. Explain the quotations of Thirumoolar concepts about Uyir.
- 7. Siddharin manimahudam.
- 8. Classification of Azhal.
- 9. Differences between Pathi and Pasu.
- 10. Specialities of Siddhars.
- 11. Tamil sangam.
- 12. Kayakarpam

Answer Briefly: $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 13. Kanmangal
- 14. Samsaari seevangal
- 15. Pulippani
- 16. Preservation of Palm leaf manuscripts.
- 17. Qualities of good physician.
- 18. Write any three poems from Thirikural Marunthu Athikaram.
- 19. Marana Prayogam.
- 20. Propthi.
- 21. What is meant by Salvation? What are ways to attain Salvation?
- 22. Various forms of Sakthi.

| QP. Code: | REG: NO: |
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| | |

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

TAMIL LANGUAGE (தமிழ் மொழி)

எல்லா வினாக்களுக்கும் விடை எழுதவேண்டும்

காலம் 3 மணி நேரம் மதிப்பெண்-100 கட்டுரை வரைக: (2 x 10 = 20)

- பிரம்மமுனி, கோரக்கர் பற்றிய செய்திகளைத் தொகுத்து எழுதுக.
- இயங்கும் பொருட்கள் மற்றும் இயங்காப் பொருட்கள் குறித்து கட்டுரை வரைக.

குறிப்பு வரைக:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

HEAC

- 3. திருமுலரைப் பற்றி எழுதுக.
- கொன்றை வேந்தன் பாடலிலிருந்து முதல் ஐந்து அடிகளை எழுதுக.
- அகத்தியரைப் பற்றி எழுதுக.
- "ஜம்பூதம்- அறுசுவை தொடர்பு" பற்றி பாடலை எழுதுக.
- "உடல் ஐம்பூதக் கூறுபாட்டையும் உடைய தெனல்" என்னும் பாடலைத் தருக.
- சட்டமுனி சித்தர் பற்றி எழுதுக.
- கடல் கோளுக்கு முன்பிருந்த குமரிநாடு பற்றி எழுதுக.
- 10. Georgit wrt?
- 11. பட்டுக்கோட்டை கலியாண சுந்தரத்தின் பாடலின் சிறப்பு என்ன?
- 12. தமிழில் மொழி பெயர்க்க.
 - a) Rm2 Ht Bisb 1-p. (I saw an elephant.)
 - b) Ah² C5sr Fsg 1-nÅ. (He didn't see me yesterday.)
 - c) Rm2 Cu]cosbnA Flmow. (I will definitely pass in this Examination.)
 - d) AhA Ft9mSp]phrXlwtNmZnip. (She had asked me a book.)
 - e) Akglw tXmg nlm A tUmlad ImWWw. (When you feel illness consult a doctor)

சிறுகுறிப்பு வரைக:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 13. 'படகு' -என்னும் பாடலை எழுதுக.
- 14. 'அவரைக்காய்' -இச்சொல்லில் வரும் எழுத்துக்<mark>களால் வேறு புதிய சொற்களை உருவாக்குங்கள்.</mark>
- "தாணைச் சிறுதுரும் பாகத்......"என்னும் பாடலை எழுதுக.
- 16. பிறமொழிச் சொற்களை நீக்கி தமிழ்ச் சொற்களைப் பயன்படுத்தி எழுதுக.
 - மஞ்ஞள் முகத்திற்கு ஒளி தரும்.
 - b) கொடியில் அழகான புஷ்பங்கள் பூத்துள்ளன.
- 17. ஆசிரியரும் மாணவரும் வெளியூரில் சந்திப்பது போல் ஒரு கற்பனை உரையாடல் எழுதுக.
- 18. புலி பாய்ந்தது; ஆடு ஓடியது. (பன்மை வாக்கியமாக மாற்றுக)
- 19. மாணவர்கள் பந்தாட்டத்தில் வெற்றி பெற்றார்கள்.(நிகழ் காலத்தில் மாற்றுக.)
- 20. யூகிமுனி என்ற சித்தரைப் பற்றி எழுதுக.
- 21. 'மருந்து' எனும் அதிகாரத்தில் வரும் ஏதேனும் மூன்று திருக்குறட்பாக்களை எழுதுக.
- 22. பதினான்கு வேகங்கள் எவை?

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| QP code: | Reg. No |
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SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SIDDHA MARUTHUVA MOOLIGAI ARIVIYAL (SIDDHA MEDICINAL HERBAL SCIENCE)

Answer all the questions.

Time : 3hrs Max. Marks: 100

Essay: $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- 1. Discuss about the parts used, taste, action and general properties of tree Thengu.
- 2. What is Diuretic action and explain it with five suitable examples.

Short Notes: $[10 \times 5 = 50]$

- 3. Nuna in the treatment of Mantham.
 - 4. Gruels (Kanji) type & uses.
- 5. Parangipattai
 - 6. Nervalam purification & antidote.
 - 7. Naabi types, action, general properties.
- 8. Nellimulli
 - 9. Kazharchikodi
 - 10. Kariabo<mark>lam</mark>
 - 11. Sambeeram
 - 12. Ettipoisioning and Ettikottaiuppu.

Answer Briefly [10 x 3 = 30]

- 13. ThetranLegium
- 14. Thuthuvelai Samoolam&Karpam
- 15. Name any five plants having three tastes.
- 16. NilavembuKudineer
- 17. NeeradimuthuNei
- 18. Mention the other name and botanical name of Maamuni, Aegaaravalli and YanaiVanangi.
- 19. MurukkanVithaiMathirai
- 20. Anti dote for KorakkarMooli
- 21. PaavanaKadukkai
- 22. Name any five plants used as anti –diabetic.

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SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Siddha Maruthuva Kanima, Kanima Vethiyal and Siddha Maruthuva Vilangiyal (Siddha Medical Geology, Medicinal Chemistry and Medicinal Zoology)

Answer all the questions.

Max. Marks: 100

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Essay: [2x10=20]

- 1. Explain the purification and parpam preparation of 'Lingam' with their adjuvants, indications and 'puranadai' (special treatment).
- 2. Describe about the general properties, actions, purification and parpam preparation of 'Ayam' with its 'naalalavu' (drug regimen) and 'patthiyam' (diet regimen).

Short Notes: [10x5=50]

- 3. Role of 'Abragam' in the treatment of 'idumarunthu' (philtre) and poisonous bites.
- 4. Sarvavidaarikuligai.

Time: 3hrs

- 5. Toxicity and antidotal methods of 'Vellaipaadaanam'.
- 6. Role of 'Thaalagaparpam' on 'seethasuram'.
- 7. Leech application technique.
- 8. Various origin concepts of 'Amber' (ambergris) and its originality tests.
- 9. Kottaanelumbuparpam.
- 10. Sarvasurakuligai.
- 11. Removal techniques of 'sattai' and 'thodam' from mercury.
- 12. Navaneethaparpam.

Answer Briefly: [10x3=30]

- 13. Types of 'kaantham'.
- 14. Purification of 'muttaiodu' (egg shells).
- 15. Kandilvennai.
- 16. Raamapaanam.
- 17. Panjakouviyam.
- 18. Kilinjilmezhugu.
- 19. Originality tests for 'komoothirasilaasatthu'.
- 20. Perandaparpam.
- 21. Ghandhagathylam.
- 22. Gowrimezhugu.

| QP. Co | ode: | REG: NO: |
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| | | |

SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

UDAL KOORUGAL (ANATOMY) PAPER -I

- Answer all the questions
- Draw adequate diagrams

Max. Marks: 100

Essay $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

1. Describe the knee joint in the following heading:-

articular surfaces,

capsule and ligaments

relations

movements and its applied anatomy.

2. Discuss in detail anatomy of atypical cervical vertebra.

Short Notes: [10 x 5 = 50]

3. Diaphragm

Time: 3hrs

- 4. Anterior abdominal wall muscles
- 5. Typical rib
- 6. Sternum
- 7. Ligaments of vertebral column with applied anatomy
- 8. Ankle joint
- 9. Hyoid bone
- 10. Atypical thoracic vertebra.
- 11. Ischiorectal fossa
- 12. Difference between male and female pelvis and measurement of female pelvis

Answer Briefly: $[10 \times 3 = 30]$

- 13. Posterior abdominal wall muscles
- 14. Rectus sheath

❖

- 15. Atlanto occipital joint
- 16. Name the ligaments of T.M. joint and hip joint
- 17. Draw sacrum both surfaces with muscle attachment
- 18. Name the muscles of palate and its nerve supply
- 19. Name the muscles of pharynx and its nerve supply
- 20. Name the muscles of tongue, functions and nerve supply
- 21. Atypical lumbar vertebra
- 22. Draw hip bone anterior view.

| QP. Code: | REG: NO: |
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SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

UDAL KOORUGAL (ANATOMY) PAPER -II

- Answer all the questions
- Draw adequate diagrams

- Essay: [2 x 10 = 20]

 1. Explain the formation, situation, branches and applied anatomy of brachial
 - plexus and median nerve in detail.

 2. Describe the origin, functional components, branches and applied anatomy of facial nerve.

Short Notes: [10 x 5 = 50]

- 3. Draw the plan of sacro coccygeal plexus
- 4. Draw the plan of cervical plexus
- 5. Draw the plan of lumbar plexus
- 6. Pharynx with applied anatomy
- 7. Larynx wi<mark>th applied anatomy</mark>
 - 8. Trachea with applied anatomy
- 9. Parotid gland
 - 10. Optic nerve
 - 11. Femoral nerve
 - 12. Posterior tibial nerve

Answer Briefly:

Time: 3hrs

 $[10 \times 3 = 30]$

Max. Marks: 100

- 13. Visual pathway
- 14. Pupillo dilator pathway
- 15. Pupillary constrictor pathway
- 16. Parasympathetic pathway to submandibular and sublingual salivary gland
- 17. Parasympathetic pathway to lacrimal gland
- 18. Olfactory nerve
- 19. Spinal accessory nerve
- 20. Hypoglossal nerve
- 21. Musculocutaneous nerve
- 22. Motor and sensory supply of ulnar nerve

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| | SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINA | ATIONS |
| | MODEL QUESTION PAPER | |
| | | |
| | UDALTHATHUVAM (PHYSIOLOGY) PAPER I | |
| | Answer all the questions | |
| | Draw diagrams wherever necessary | |
| Time:3hrs | | Maxmark:100 |
| | Essay: | (2x10=20) |
| | Discuss in detail about respiratory sheath | |
| | Explain about intellectual sheath | |
| | | |
| | Short Notes: | (10x5=50) |
| | 3. Pitham functional varieties | (10X3-30) |
| | 4. Features of kapha temperament | |
| | 5. PithaNadi | |
| | 6. VathakaphaNadi | |
| | 7. Phychophysical Centers | |
| | 8. Charac <mark>tors of NadiNadai</mark> | |
| | 9. Physiological role of Vatham | |
| | 10. Ten imp <mark>ortant sites of Nadi</mark> | 75 |
| | 11. KaphaPith <mark>aNadi</mark> | |
| | 12. Guru Nadi | (40.0.00) |
| | Answer Briefly: | (10x3=30) |
| | 13. Prasakam | |
| | 14. Ananthamayakosam | |
| | 15. Nadi ratio | |
| | 16. Devathathan | |
| | 17. Predominant locations & Kapham | |
| | 18. BhoothaNadi | |

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19. Tharpakam

22. Viyanan

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20. Ambrosia/Amritham

21. Definition of ThonthaNadi

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SECOND PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER UDAL THATHUVAM (PHYSIOLOGY) PAPER II

Answer all the questions Draw diagrams wherever necessary

Time:3hrs Max marks 100

Essay: (2x10=20)

- 1. Explain menstrual cycle in detail.
- 2. Explain cardiac cycle in detail.

Short Notes: (10x5=50

- 3. Diabetes mellitus
- 4. Endocrine functions of kidney
- 5. Thyroxine
- 6. Frohlich syndrome
- 7. Disorders of posterior pituitary gland
- 8. Auditory defects and test for hearing
- 9. Olfactory pathway
- 10. Functions of internal ear
- 11. Renin angiotensin mechanism
- 12. Prostrate gland

Answer Briefly: (10x3=30)

- 13. Sertoli cells
- 14. Angina pectoris
- 15. Syncope
- 16. Abnormalities of olfactory sensation
- 17. Virilism
- 18. Leptin
- 19. Classification of hemorrhage names only
- 20. Dysgeusia
- 21. Classification of murmur
- 22. Permanent sterility (Sterilization)

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES III PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S DEGREE EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

NOI NADAL- PAPER 1 (SIDDHA PATHOLOGY)

Time: 3 hrs Marks: 100

Quote poems wherever necessary. Answer all the questions.

Essay:

 $(2X\ 10 = 20)$

- 1. Explain formation of Naadi and its variations in their mathirai.
- 2. Discuss Gunmam Synonym, Iyal, Noivarumvazhi, Murkurigunangal, Pothukurigunangal, classifications, MukkutraVerupadu, NadiNadai, Curable & Incurable types.

Short notes:

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- 3. Eloborate the tastes and its value in the theraupeutical aspect.
- 4. Discuss the complications of the disease "Perumkazhichal".
- 5. Effects of controlling "kottavi".
- 6. Avathai 10
- 7. IlaippuNoi
- 8. SadhasivaPancheekaranam.
- 9. Manikadainool procedure & its measurements depicting incurability and death.
- 10. Aetiology of suram
 - 11. Examination of sparisam and its incurable presentations.
 - 12. Neikuri examination, curable & incurable presentations.

Write briefly:

(10X3 = 30)

- 13. Directions of messenger and its interpretations.
- 14. Days suitable for medications.
- 15. Types of Ninakazhichal.
- 16. TharunaSuram.
- 17. Characters of Urine.
- 18. Udalvanmai
 - 19. ThamaragaNoi Pothukurigunangal.
 - 20. Incurable thondaNaadis.
 - 21. Character of disease "Sobai".
 - 22. Neikuri using Mother's milk.

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES III PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S DEGREE EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

NOI NADAL- PAPER II (PRINCIPLES OF MODERN PATHOLOGY)

Time: 3 hrs Marks: 100

Quote poems wherever necessary. Answer all the questions.

ESSAY: $(2X\ 10 = 20)$

1. Write in detail about chemical mediators of inflammation.

2. Define Anaemia, clinical features, classification, pathogenesis, laboratory investigations.

SHORT NOTES: (10 X 5 = 50)

- 3. Apoptosis.
- 4. Sideroblastic anemia
- 5. Pathologic diagnosis of cancer.
- 6. Pathogenesis of oedema.
- 7. Type III hypersensitivity reactions.
- 8. Fracture healing
- 9. Glycogen storage diseases.
- 10. Clostridial diseases.
- 11. Thrombocytopenia.
- 12. Types of examples of autoimmune diseases.

WRITE BRIEFLY: (10X3 = 30)

- 13. Common immunohistochemical stains for tumour.
- 14. Whooping cough.
- 15. Screening test for blood coagulation.
- 16. Complications of blood transfusion.
- 17. Rabies.
- 18. Siogren's syndrome.
- 19. Mechanisms of graft rejection.
- 20. Dysplasia.
- 21. Types of immunity.
- 22. Name some bacterial disease.

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES III PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

NOI ANUGAVIDHI OZHUKKAM
(HYGIENE AND COMMUNITY MEDICINE INCLUDING NATIONAL HEALTH POLICIES & STATISTICS)

Time: 3hrs Max. Marks:100

Quote poems wherever necessary.

Answer all the questions.

Essay: $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- 1. Write in detail about water purification in modern system and Siddha system
- 2. Explain briefly about the ways to lead a disease free life as said by theriyar.

Short notes: $[10 \times 5 = 50]$

- 3. Breathing exercise.
- 4. Disposal of dead bodies
- 5. Prevention and control of malaria
- 6. Perumpozhuthu
- 7. Food borne disease and prevention
- 8. Types of ghee
- 9. Panchakarphavithi
- 10. Write about space fire.
- 11. Benefits of physical exercises
- 12. Seasonal regimen (KarKalam and KothirKalam)

Answer Briefly: $[10 \times 3 = 30]$

- 13. Utharayanam
- 14. Chlorination
- 15. Dairy farming
- 16. Ambalam
- 17. Three types of food
- 18. Well water
- 19. Cold stress
- 20. NMEP
- 21. Mumps
- 22. AathanaKalam

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES III PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S DEGREE EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SATTAM SAARNTHA MARUTHUVAMUM NANJU MARUTHUVAMUM (Forensic Medicine and Toxicology)

Time: 3 hrs Marks: 100

Answer allQuestions:

I. Essay: (2X10 = 20)

- 1. Define injury Classify and explain mechanical injuries, grievous injury.
- 2. Explain the acute and chronic poisoning by Mercury and Lead with Siddha treatment.
- **II. Short notes:** (10X5 = 50)
- 3. Nitric acid poisoning.
- 4. Finger prints and its medico legal importance.
- 5. Dying declaration.
- 6. Exhumation.
- 7. Differentiate true insanity and feigned insanity.
- 8. Methods of procuring criminal abortion.
- 9. Poisonous mushrooms.
- 10.Opium poisoning.
- 11. Explain toxic effects of Organo phosphorous compounds.
- 12.Phosphorouspoisoning.

III. Write briefly: (10X3 = 30)

- 13. Rule of Nine.
- 14.Postmortem

caloricity. 15. Diatoms.

- 16.Universal antidote.
- 17. Precipitate labour.
- 18.Penal erasure.
- 19. Cocaine bugs.
- 20. Sulphur poisoning.
- 21. Differentiate poisonous and non poisonous snake.
- 22. Neuro lathyrism.

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES III PROFESSIONAL B.S.M.S DEGREE EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND MEDICAL STATISTICS

Time : 3 hrs Marks : 100

Answer all the questions

Essays: (2×10=20)

- 1. Write about designing a research protocol with a model template of protocol.
- 2. Write essay on Tabulation- Diagrams (Bar charts, Histogram, Pie charts, Pictogram)- Statistical maps

Short notes: (10×5=50)

- 3. Types of research
- 4. Problems encountered by researchers in India
- 5. SWOT analysis of AYUSH research
- 6. Cross-sectional study
- 7. Authentication and standardization of Siddha drugs
- 8. Composition of IEC
- 9. Phases of clinical trial
- 10. Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion
- 11. Statistical averages
- 12. Qualitative and quantitative data

Answer briefly: (10×3=30)

- 13. Research process in flow chart
- 14. Alavaigal and its interpretation with contemporary research
- 15. Sources of literary review
- 16. AYUSH GCP
- 17. Blinding
- 18. Traditional methods to identify the quality of *Parpam* (White calx)
- 19. Toxicity studies
- 20. Pharmacovigilance
- 21. Probability
- 22. Chi-square test

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES FINAL PROFESSIONAL BSMS EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

MARUTHUVAM (MEDICINE)

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 100

Answer all questions

Essay: (2 X 10 = 20)

- 1. Gunmam- definition, aetiological factors, classification, mukkutram variations and treatment
- 2. Causative factors, types, mukkutram variations, nadi nadai and management of Eraippu noi

Shorts notes: (10x 5 = 50)

- 3. Pitha keelvayu
- 4. External treatment for Sura noi
- 5. Classifications of Manjal noi
- 6. Treatment for Vanthi noi
- 7. Distinguish between Nina kazhichal and Kaduppu kazhichal
- 8. Signs and symptoms of Neerizhivu noi and treatment
- 9. Treatment and pathyam for Kalladaippu noi
- 10. Clinical features and investigations of Hypothyroidism
- 11. Give a note on Lifestyle disorders
- 12. Aetiology and treatment of Ulaimanthai

Answer briefly: (10 X 3 = 30)

- 13. Curable and incurable varieties of Oodhal noi
- 14. Synonyms of Elaippu noi, Oozhi noi and Peruvayiru
- 15. Complications and investigations of AIDS
- 16. Preventive medicines for Ammai noi
- 17. Line of treatment of Veluppu noi
- 18. Patcha vatham
- 19. Manthara kasam and Pakka manthara kasam
- 20. Theilneer
- 21. Treatment for Surabangam
- 22. Types of Sanni noi

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES FINAL PROFESSIONAL BSMS EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

VARMAM, PURAMARUTHUVAM AND SIRAPPU MARUTHUVAM (VARMAM THERAPY, EXTERNAL THERAPY AND SPECIAL MEDICINE)

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 100

Answer all questions

Essays: (2×10=20)

1. Pranayamam

2. Padu Varmam – 12: location, Signs & symptoms, Naazhigai (time limit), manipulation technique and medicines

Short notes: (10×5=50)

3. Sirappu Karpam for Eye diseases, Nasal blockage (Vathaprashtam), Dhanur Vayu, Polyuria and Jaundice

- 4. Thodu Varmam in the upper limb
- 5. Delusion and hallucination
- 6. Discuss the types of Valippu Noi
- 7. Treatment for Echil Kirigai, Silethuma Kirigai, Moodu Kirigai
- 8. Thokkanam
- 9. Fracture types
- 10. Tuberculosis of Spine
- 11. Shoulder dislocation
- 12. Parkinsonism

Answer briefly: (10×3=30)

- 13. Sarvangasanam
- 14. Types of Muppu.
- 15. Adangal in Varma science
- 16. Kirisathu Kiyalam
- 17. Treatmant for Unmatham
- 18. Nasiyam (nasal drops)
- 19. Steam and fume therapy
- 20. Diagnostic criteria for Rheumatoid arthritis
- 21. Osteomyelitis
- 22. Cerebellar ataxia

| FINAL PROF | NIVERSITY OF HEALTH SE ESSIONAL BSMS EXAMI ODEL QUESTION PAPER | NATIONS |
|---|--|--------------------------|
| ARUVAI, THOL MARUTHUVAM (S | URGERY INCLUDING DE | NTISTRY AND DERMATOLOGY) |
| Time: 3hrs. | Y OF | Marks: 100 |
| Ai | nswer all the questions | 7 & |
| Essay : | | (2 x 10 = 20) |
| 1. Write an essay on Pavuthiram 2. Give a detail account on Filariasis | s 10 | 1 |
| Short notes : | | (10 x 5 = 50) |

10. Burns.

7. Karappan8. Hydrocele.

Vedhu
 Kandamalai

11. Tonsillitis

12. Scabies

Write briefly: (10 x 3 = 30)

13. Ottradam

14. Treatment of Silaippun

5. Treatment for Naakku Putru

9. Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy

6. Surgical treatment for Pitha Kasam

15. Amaram

16. Padarthamarai

17. Kaaram

18. Classification of Aneurysms.

19. Caries tooth

20. Phymosis.

21. Metabolic acidosis

22. Classification of ulcers

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES FINAL PROFESSIONAL BSMS EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SOOL, MAGALIR MARUTHUVAM (OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY)

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 100

Answer all questions

Essay: (2 X 10 = 20)

- 1. Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy
- 2. Explain Maladu

Shorts notes: (10x 5 = 50)

- 3. Soothagavali
- 4. Stages of cancer of cervix
- 5. Maternal changes due to pregnancy
- 6. PCOD
- 7. Tubal pregnancy
- 8. Placenta previa
- 9. Mechanism of normal labour
- 10. Menstrual cycle
- 11. Lactation
- 12. Objective signs of diagnosis of pregnancy

Answer briefly: (10 X 3 = 30)

- 13. Types of pregnancy
- 14. Diagnosis of pregnancy- first stage
- 15. Any three contraceptive methods
- 16. Foetal and maternal circulation
- 17. Development of embryo according to Siddha aspect
- 18. Dyspareunia
- 19. Postpartum pituitary necrosis
- 20. Role of hormones in pregnancy
- 21. Subjective signs of pregnancy
- 22. Difference between primigravida and multigravida

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KERALA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES FINAL PROFESSIONAL BSMS EXAMINATIONS MODEL QUESTION PAPER

KUZHANTHAI MARUTHUVAM (PAEDIATRICS)

Duration: 3 Hours Marks: 100

Answer all questions

Essay: (2 X 10 = 20)

- 1. Write about Kanam and its classifications, treatment with modern aspect
- 2. Explain Suram and its classification and treatment with modern aspect

Shorts notes: (10x 5 = 50)

- 3. Protein Energy Malnutrition
- 4. Purakarana noikal
- 5. Immunization schedule
- 6. Mile stones
- 7. Mumps
- 8. Malabsorption syndrome
- 9. Cerebral palsy
- 10. Down's syndrome
- 11. Sanni noi
- 12. Kakkuvan noi

Answer briefly: (10 X 3 = 30)

- 13. Amaram
- 14. Kiranthi
- 15. APGAR SCORE
- 16. Maalai kann
- 17. Worms infestation
- 18. Kaamalai
- 19. Fallot's tetralogy
- 20. Kazhichal
- 21. Muscular dystrophy
- 22. Cushing's syndrome

3.7 Internal assessment component

Minimum three internal examinations shall be conducted during each phase of B.S.M.S course. Average of the better of two performances shall be calculated for internal assessment of theory, practical/ clinical and viva voce in which final assessment examinationis university Model examination and is compulsory. Minimum marks required for internal assessment is 35%. Internal Assessment mark of a subject shall not exceed the class average of 75%. Securing minimum 35% of internal assessment marks are mandatory for gaining eligibility for appearing examinations only. This shall not be considered for awarding pass to the subject concerned.

The following facts may be taken into consideration in determining class work in the subject:
Regularity in attendance b) Periodical tests and c) Practical work.

3.8 Details of practical/clinical practicum exams

As shown under 3.3 SCHEME OF EXAMINATION SHOWING MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM MARKS (Table 2)

3.9 Number of examiners needed (Internal & External) and their qualifications

There shall be one Internal Examiner and one External Examiner appointed for each subject/paper or as per the norms existing in the University. Teaching faculties who possessed with minimum three years of teaching experience after obtaining Post Graduation degree shall be appointed as Internal/External examiner or as per the statutory council regulations.

3.10 Details of viva: division of marks

As shown under 3.3 SCHEME OF EXAMINATION SHOWING MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM MARKS (Table 2)

4 INTERNSHIP

4.1 Eligibility for internship

Duration of Compulsory Rotatory Residential Internship (C.R.R.I) shall be one year and the student shall be eligible to join the C.R.R.I Programme only after passing all the subjects in the Final Professional examinations as per statutory council regulations.

To become eligible for joining the compulsory internship programme, all four professional examinations shall be passed within a period of maximum nine years including all chances as mentioned in 3.3.

4.2 Details of Internship Training

- (1) Duration of Compulsory Rotatory Internship shall be one year and the student shall be eligible to join the compulsory internship programme after passing all the subjects from first to the final professional examinations and the internship programme shall be start after the declaration of the result of final professional examination.
- (2) The Internship Programme and time distribution shall be as follows:-
 - (a) The interns shall receive an orientation regarding programme details of internship programme, in an orientation workshop, which shall be organised during the first three days of the beginning of internship programme and a work book shall be given to each intern, in which the intern shall enter date wise details of activities undertaken by him during his training;
 - (b) Every intern shall provisionally register himself with the concerned State Board or Council and obtain a certificate to this effect before joining the internship program;
 - (c) The daily working hours of intern shall be not less than eight hours;
 - (d) Normally one-year internship programme shall be divided into clinical training of six months in the Siddha hospital attached to the college and six months in Primary Health Centre or Community Health Centre or Rural Hospital or District Hospital or Civil Hospital or any Government Hospital of modern medicine:

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Provided that where there is no provision or permission of the State Government for allowing the graduate of Siddha in the hospital or dispensary of modern medicine, the one-year internship shall be completed in the Hospital of Siddha College.

(3) The clinical Training of six or twelve months, as case may be, in the Siddha hospital attached to the college shall be conducted as follows:-

| Sl.No. | Departments | Distribution of six months | Distribution of twelve |
|--------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | | 14 | months |
| (i) | Maruthuvam | Forty-five days | Three months |
| (ii) | Varmam, Puramaruthuvam and | Forty-five days | Three months |
| | Sirappumaruthuvam | | 7 , |
| (iii) | Aruvai, Thol Maruthuvam | One month | Two months |
| (iv) | Sool, Magalir Maruthuvam | One month | Two months |
| (v) | Kuzhanthai Maruthuvam | Fifteen days | One month |
| (vi) | Avasara Maruthuvam | Fifteen days | One month |

- (4) Six months training of interns shall be carried out with an object to orient and acquaint the intern with the National Health Programme and the intern shall undertake such training in one of the following institutes, namely:-
 - (a) Primary Health Centre;
 - (b) Community Health Centre or District Hospital;
 - (c) Any recognised or approved hospital of modern medicine;
 - (d) Any recognised or approved Siddha hospital or dispensary:

The concerned Government may recognise all the above institutes mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) for taking training by interns.

- (5) Detailed Guidelines for internship programme.- The guidelines for conducting the internship clinical training of six or twelve months in the Siddha Hospital attached to the college and the intern shall undertake the following activities in the respective department as shown below:-
 - (a) Maruthuvam- The duration of internship in this department shall be one and half month or three months with following activities:-
 - (i) all routine works such as case taking, investigations, diagnosis and management of common diseases by Siddha medicine;
 - (ii) routine clinical pathology work such as haemoglobin estimation, complete haemogram, urine analysis, microscopic examination of blood parasites, sputum examination, stool examination, neerkuri, neikuri mala parisodhanai, interpretation of laboratory data and clinical findings, and arriving at a diagnosis;

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- (iii) training in routine ward procedures and supervision of patients in respect of their diet, habits and verification of medicine regime;
- (b) Varmam, Puramaruthuvam and Sirappumaruthuvam- The duration of internship in this department shall be one and half month or three months and intern shall be practically trained to acquaint with the following activities:-
 - (i) location of types of Varmam points;
 - (ii) diagnosis of various pathological conditions due to application of Varmam procedures and techniques;
 - (iii) procedures of Ilakkumuraigal with internal or external medication;
 - (iv) various Puramaruthuvam procedures and techniques with special emphasize on Thokkanam;
 - (v) fractures and dislocations and their management;
 - (vi) geriatric care (Moopiyal);
 - (vii) management of psychiatric cases (Ula Pirazhvu Noi); and
 - (viii) kayakarpam (Rejuvenation therapy and yogam);
- (c) Aruvai and Thol Maruthuvam- The duration of internship in this department shall be one month or two months and intern shall be practically trained to acquaint with the following activities:-
 - (i) diagnosis and management of common surgical disorders according to Siddha principles;
 - (ii) management of certain ailments such as fractures and dislocations;
 - (iii) practical training of aseptic, antiseptics techniques and sterilization;
 - (iv) intern shall be involved in pre-operative and post-operative managements;
 - (v) practical use of anesthetic techniques and use of anesthetic drugs;
 - (vi) radiological procedures, clinical interpretation of X-ray, Intra Venous Pyelogram,

 Barium meal, Sonography and Electro Cardio Gram;
 - (vii) examinations of eye, ear, nose, throat and other parts of the body with the supportive instruments;
 - (viii) surgical procedures and routine ward techniques such as-
 - (a) suturing of fresh injuries;
 - (b) dressing of wounds, burns, ulcers and similar ailments;
 - (c) incision of abscesses;
 - (d) excision of cysts;

- (e) venesection; and
- (f) application of Kaaranool in ano-rectal diseases;
- (ix) procedures like Anjanam, Nasiyam, Attaividal at Out-Patient Department level;
- (x) diagnosis and management of common dental disorders; and
- (xi) training in Blood Bank and transfusion procedures;
- (d) Sool, Magalir Maruthuvam- The duration of internship in this department shall be one month or two months and intern shall be practically trained to acquaint with the following activities:-
 - (i) antenatal and post-natal problems and their remedies; antenatal and post-natal care;
 - (ii) management of normal and abnormal labours; and
 - (iii) minor and major obstetric surgical procedures;
- (e) Kuzhanthai maruthuvam- The duration of internship in this department shall be fifteen days or one month and intern shall be practically trained to acquaint with following activities:-
 - (i) care for new born child along with immunisation programme; and
 - (ii) important pediatric problems and their management;
- (f) Avasara maruthuvam (Casualty)- The duration of internship in this department shall be fifteen days or one month and intern shall be practically trained to acquaint with the following activities:-
 - (i) identification of casualty and trauma cases and their first line management; and
 - (ii) procedure for referring such cases to the identified hospitals.

4.3 INTERNSHIP TRAINING IN PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE OR RURAL HOSPITAL OR DISTRICT HOSPITAL OR CIVIL HOSPITAL OR ANY GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL OF MODERN MEDICINE:

During the six months internship training in Primary Health Centre, Community Health Centre or District Hospital or any recognized or approved hospital of Modern Medicine or Siddha Hospital or Dispensary, the interns shall-

- (i) get acquainted with the routine of the Primary Health Centre and maintenance of their records;
- (ii) get acquainted with the routine working of the medical or non-medical staff of Primary Health Centre and be always in contact with the staff in this period;

(iii) get familiarized with the work of maintaining the relevant register like daily patient register, family planning register, surgical register and take active participation in different Government Health Schemes or Programmes; and

(iv) participate actively in different National Health Programmes implemented by the State Government.

4.4 INTERNSHIP TRAINING IN RURAL SIDDHA DISPENSARY OR HOSPITAL

During the six months internship training in Rural Siddha dispensary or Hospital, interns shall-

(i) get aquatinted with the diseases more prevalent in rural and remote areas and their management; and

(ii) involve in teaching of health care methods to rural population and also various immunization programmes.

4.5 ASSESSMENT

After completing the assignment in various Sections, the interns have to obtain a completion certificate from the head of the Section in respect of their devoted work in the Section concerned and finally submit to the Principal or Head of the institute so that completion of successful internship can be granted.

4.6 Model of Internship Mark Lists

No marklist for Interns.

Internship completion certificate: Issued from the concerned Institution

4.7 Extension rules

No leave will be permitted during internship period. If an intern takes leave in his/her internship period, that period shall be compensated in the same department during extension period. Only after completion of extension period, the intern may be granted with Internship completion certificate by the head of the institution

5. ANNEXURES

5.1 Check Lists for Monitoring

Log Book , Seminar Assessment etc. to be formulated by the curriculum committee of the concerened Institution.